



# **Technical Manual**

GPS - NTP Time Server with 2x 10/100/1000 MBit LAN Interface

# Model 8030NTS/GPS

For DIN Rail Installation (DIN EN 60715 TH35)

## ENGLISH

Version: 04.00 - 16.05.2018

SETIMAGE (8030)FIRMWARE (8024)Valid forVersion: 04.xxVersion: 02.xx





### Version Numbers (Firmware / Description)

THE TERM **SET** DEFINES THE FIXED RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE IMAGE VERSION AND THE ASSOCIATED H8 FIRMWARE VERSION.

THE FIRST TWO DIGITS OF THE TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION VERSION NUMBER, THE **SET** VERSION AND THE IMAGE VERSION **MUST BE THE SAME**! THEY DESIGNATE THE SHARED FUNCTIONAL IDENTITY BETWEEN DEVICE, SOFTWARE AND TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION.

THE VERSION NUMBER OF THE IMAGE AND THE H8 SOFTWARE CAN BE READ IN THE WEBGUI OF TIME SERVER 8030NTS/GPS (SEE **CHAPTER 7.3.6.1 DEVICE INFORMATION** AND **CHAPTER 7.3.6.2 HARDWARE INFORMATION**).

THE TWO DIGITS AFTER THE DOT IN THE VERSION NUMBER DESIGNATES CORREC-TIONS TO THE FIRMWARE AND/OR DESCRIPTION WHICH HAVE NO EFFECT ON FUNC-TIONALITY.

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### **Symbols and Characters**



### **Operational Reliability**

Disregard may cause damages to persons or material.



### Functionality

Disregard may impact function of system/device.



#### Information

Notes and Information.





#### Safety regulations

The safety regulations and observance of the technical data serve to ensure trouble-free operation of the device and protection of persons and material. It is therefore of utmost importance to observe and compliance with these regulations.

If these are not complied with, then no claims may be made under the terms of the warranty. No liability will be assumed for any ensuing damage.



#### Safety of the device

This device has been manufactured in accordance with the latest technological standards and approved safety regulations

The device should only be put into operation by trained and qualified staff. Care must be taken that all cable connections are laid and fixed in position correctly. The device should only be operated with the voltage supply indicated on the identification label.

The device should only be operated by qualified staff or employees who have received specific instruction.

If a device must be opened for repair, this should only be carried out by employees with appropriate qualifications or by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.

Before a device is opened or a fuse is changed all power supplies must be disconnected.

If there are reasons to believe that the operational safety can no longer be guaranteed the device must be taken out of service and labelled accordingly.

The safety may be impaired when the device does not operate properly or if it is obviously damaged.

### **CE-Conformity**



This device fulfils the requirements of the EU directive 2014/30/EU "Electromagnetic Compatibility" and 2014/35/EU "Low Voltage Equipment".

Therefore the device bears the CE identification marking (CE = Communautés Européennes = European communities)

The CE indicates to the controlling bodies that the product complies with the requirements of the EU directive - especially with regard to protection of health and safety for the operator and the user - and may be released for sale within the common markets.



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## 1 GPS - NTP Time Server 8030NTS/GPS

By GPS time synchronization and the worldwide used time protocol NTP (Network Time

**Protocol)** the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS turns into a highly accurate **NTP Stratum 1** Time Server. It is used for the synchronization of computers and industrial networks.

The Time Server supports the following synchronization protocols:

- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- Daytime
- Time
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)
- IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) (Activation Key necessary)



The Time Server is integrated into a compact DIN Rail housing and is characterized by its easy and simple operation, although it offers a **broad range of functions**. Some of the practice-oriented functionalities are:

- Complete parameterisation via protected WebGUI access All required settings for operation can be executed via a password proteded WebGUI also giving an overview of the status of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.
- Monitoring of GPS antenna circuit
   An error message is generated when there is a short circuit in the GPS antenna circuit
   or an open antenna input.
- Automatic switch-over of summer/winter time (initial setting required) After initial commissioning there is no user intervention for a correct summer/winter time changeover for the following years required.
- Automatic handling of the leap second Insertion of a leap second in UTC time is automatically recognised and executed by the Time Sever 8030NTS/GPS.



A superior security is guaranteed via available coding procedures such as symmetric keys, autokey and access restrictions and deactivation of non-used protocols.

Different **Managemenet and Monitoring Functions** are availabe <u>as options</u> (e.g. SNMP, SNMP-Traps, E-mail notification, Syslog-messages including MIB II and private Enterprise MIB).

Currently the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS offers following unlockable functions:

- SINEC H1 time datagram
- Static Routing Table
- Alarming and management features
- Network Interface Bonding/Teaming
- IEC 62439-3 Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP)
- IEEE 802.1Q Tagged VLAN
- IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP)

A few other basic functions of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS:

- The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS operates as NTP Server with Stratum 1
- Easy operation via WebGUI
- Status LEDs on the front panel
- Sync status output via optical coupler
- **High freewhell accuracy** provided by GPS-supported regulation of the internal quartz basis
- Potential isolation of the GPS antenna circuit
- Completely maintance-free system
- **SyncOFF Timer** (reception failure bypassing) for operation free of fault messages even based on difficult reception conditions
- Redundant **multiple validation** of the synchronization signal for an error-free and leapfree signal evaluation
- Maintenance-free, buffered **backup clock** for at least three days

#### Software supplied:

• *hmc* (*hopf* Management Console) Software



Overview of the functions of the network Time Server 8030NTS/GPS:

#### **Ethernet Interface**

- Auto negotiate
- 10 Mbps half-/full duplex
- 100 Mbps half-/full duplex
- 1 Gbps full duplex

#### **Time Protocols**

- RFC-5905 NTPv4 Server
  - o NTP Broadcast Mode
  - NTP Multicast Mode
  - NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (redundancy)
  - o SNTP Server
  - NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
  - NTP Autokey Encryption
  - NTP Access Restrictions
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server
- Precision Time Protocol (PTP) according to IEEE Std 1588™-2008 (Activation Key necessary)
  - o IEEE Standard Profile for Use of IEEE 1588<sup>™</sup> Precision Time Protocol in Power System Applications (Power Profile) according to IEEE Std C37.238<sup>™</sup>-2011

#### Network Configuration (Activation Key necessary)

- Routing
- Bonding (NIC Teaming) Link aggregation according to IEEE 802.1ad
- VLAN support according to IEEE 802.1q
- PRP (Parallel Redundancy Protocol) according to IEC62439-3

#### System management (Activation Key necessary)

- E-mail notification
- Syslog messages to external syslog server
- SNMPv2c/v3, SNMP Traps (MIB II, Private Enterprise MIB)

#### **Configuration Channel**

- HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI (browser-based)
- Telnet
- SSH
- External LAN configuration tool (*hmc* Network-Configuration-Assistant)
- *hmc* Remote connection

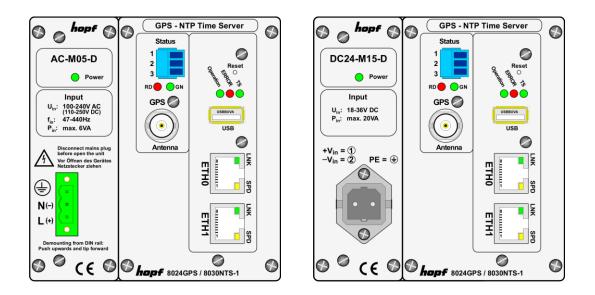
#### **Additionally Freatures**

- Firmware Update via TCP/IP
- Fail-safe
- Watchdog circuit
- Customized security banner
- NTP local time support



## 2 System Structure

Views of the Timer Server 8030NTS/GPS with AC and DC power supply.



### 2.1 Housing

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is built into a closed aluminium profile housing for horizontal DIN Rail mounting according to DIN EN 60715 TH35.

### 2.2 Power Supply

Currently the following types of power supplies are available:

- AC/DC wide range power supply 100-240V AC / 110-250V DC Type: AC-M05-D and AC-M10-D as an option
- DC power supply 18-36V DC (nominal voltage 24V DC) Type: DC24-M15-D
- DC power supply 36-76 VDC (nominal voltage 48V DC) Type: DC48-M15-D



## 2.3 Functional Overview of the Front Panel Elements

This chapter describes the individual front panel elements and their functions.

### 2.3.1 Reset-(Default) Button



The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel next to the "Reset" inscription" (see *chapter 4.3 Reset-(Default) Button*).

### 2.3.2 Status LEDs (TS/Error/Operation)



TS-LED (Green)	Time service of the Time Server 8030NTS
On	Standard, running
Off	Not or partially not running
ERROR-LED (Red)	Description
Off	Standard case, module 8030NTS is working.
3Hz flashing	Fail-safe basic parameterization is not available (emergency operation mode)
On	Primary CPU of module 8030NTS does not show any activity.
Operation-LED (Green)	Description
On	Standard case, module 8030NTS is working
1Hz flashing	Module 8030NTS is booting the operating system.
3Hz flashing	A firmware update (image) of module 8030NTS is being implemented.
Off	Module 8030NTS is <u>not</u> ready for opera- tion.

### 2.3.3 USB-Port



On specific problems the USB connection can be used for a system recovery after consulting the *hopf* Support.



### 2.3.4 LAN Interface ETH0/ETH1

ETH	10 🛸	
8		LNK
1		SPD
8		LNK
		SPD
ETH	-11	

LNK LED (Green)	Description
Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected
On	100 MBit / 1 GBit Ethernet detected
SPD LED (Yellow)	Description
Off	No LAN connection to a network
On	LAN connection available
Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)
Pin No.	Assignment
1	TX_DA+
2	TX_DA-
3	RX_DB+
4	BI_DC+
5	BI_DC-
6	RX_DB-
7	BI_DD+
8	BI DD-

### 2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0/ETH1

Each LAN interface is clearly identifiable on the Ethermet via a unique MAC Address (hardware address).

The MAC addresses given for the LAN interfaces can be read in WebGUI of the appropriate module or be evaluated via the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant.

The MAC address for ETH1 is incremented hexadecimal by 1 to the MAC address of ETH0.

Example:

- MAC address ETH0 = 00:03:C7:12:34:59
- MAC address ETH1 = 00:03:C7:12:34:5A

The MAC address is uniquely assigned for each LAN interface by the company *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.



*hopf* Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with **00:03:C7**:xx:xx:xx.



## 2.3.5 Sync Status Optical Coupler

Status	Sync Sta	Sync Status Optical Coupler	
1	3-pole plu	uggable Connector	
2	Pin	Signal	
3	1	Collector	
	2	n.c.	
	3	Emitter	

### 2.3.6 Sync Status LEDs



Sync Sta	Sync Status LEDs	
LED	Meaning	
RD	Status LED red	
GN	Status LED green	

The Status LEDs on the front panel signal the current (synchronization) status of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS). The meanings of the LEDs are as follows:

LED RD Red	LED GN Green	Status	STATUS Code
Off	ON	Sync (radio-synchronous) with quartz regulation	SYNC
Off	Flashes	Sync (radio-synchronous) - SyncOFF timer running	SYOF
Flashes	ON	Sync (radio-synchronous) - simulation mode	SYSI
Flashes	Flashes	Quarz - SyncON timer running	QUON
ON	ON	Quarz - time was set via synchronization source	QUEX
ON	Flashes	Quarz - time set manually or after reset	QUSE
ON	Off	No valid time	INVA
Off	Off	No operating voltage / faulty	
3Hz	Off	General Module Error (PCID)	INVA
3Hz	Invert 3Hz	User settings missing (Difference time / ST-WT Changeover)	INVA

### 2.3.7 GPS Antenna Input



GPS Antenna	
BNC connector	
GPS	Antenna input

Anterina

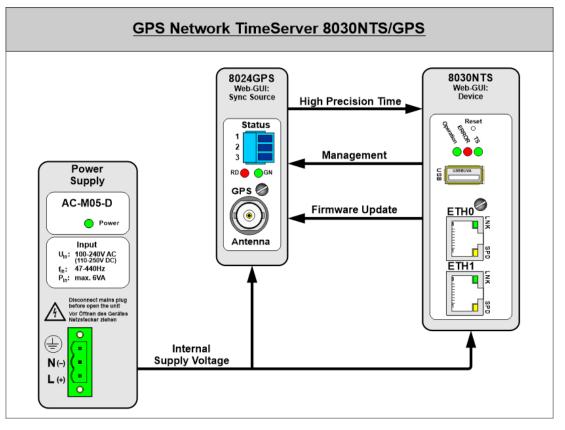
The antenna input provides an internal monitoring for "short-circuit"and "open input".



## **3** Function Principle

This chapter describes the function principle of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS and the internal relations between the different functional groups.

## 3.1 Block Diagram



### • Internal Supply Voltage

The individual functional components are supplied with the required operating voltage via the implemented power supply unit.

• Firmware Update

A H8 firmware update of the Sync Souce (here Module 8024GPS) is completey controlled by Module 8030NTS.

The update file for Module 8024GPS is loaded into Module 8030NTS via LAN through the WebGUI. Then Module 8030NTS performs the update of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) independently.

Management

The entire control of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) is done by Module 8030NTS. All data of the Sync Source, indicated via WebGUI, are demanded cyclically by Module 8030NTS from the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) or if necessary. These data are then prepared for the display in WebGUI. After activation settings for the Sync Source are transferred to the Sync Source immediately.

### • High Precision Time

The Sync Source provides a high-precision time information and the according synchronization status to Module 8030NTS. This time and status information is used for synchronization of the NTP service and if applicable other signal generations running on 8030NTS.



#### 3.2 Function 8030NTS (WebGUI: Device)

The Module 8030NTS is the "heart" of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. A complete LINUX operating system is running on this Module providing all functions such as NTP, WebGUI etc. The Module also controls the connected Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS). Using the high-precise time information of Module 8024GPS the NTP service running on Module 8030NTS is also adjusted with high-precision. Thus the Module 8030NTS is a very precise NTP STRATUM 1 - Time Server.

#### 3.3 Function 8024GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

The Module 8024GPS is in principle an independent Module with GPS receiver and its own µProcessor. In synchronous status it provides a high-precise time information to the Module 8030NTS. The control of Module 8024GPS in this system is completely done via Module 8030NTS. Parameters required by Module 8024GPS or provided are entered into WebGUI of Module 8030NTS or rather be output.

The Module 8024GPS has an own failsafe memory in which all required data for operation after generation via WebGUI are stored.

As the data of the Sync Source for the WebGUI indication need to be received by the Module 8030NTS at first, it is no real-time indication in WebGUI.



## 4 System Behaviour

This chapter describes the behaviour of the system in special operational phases and conditions.

### 4.1 Boot Phase

The boot process of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS starts after turning on the system or a reset.

During the boot process the Module 8030NTS boots its LINUX operation system and is therefore not available via LAN.

The end of the boot process is reached when the green NTP LED is shining and thereby indicates that the NTP service on Module 8030NTS has been started and enabled. The boot process lasts approx. 1-1.5 minutes.

## 4.2 NTP Adjustment Process (NTP/Stratum/Accuracy)

NTP is a regulation process. After start of the NTP services, automatically processed during booting, the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS requires approximately 5-10 minutes after synchronization of the Sync Source (Status "SYNC") until NTP is set to the high accuracy of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) and reaches the optimized operation condition of <u>STRATUM</u> = 1 and <u>ACCURACY = High</u>.

The decisive factors here are accuracy of the synchronization source and the appropriate synchronization condition of the Sync Source.

### 4.3 Reset-(Default) Button

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS can be reset by the Reset-(Default) Button behind the front panel of the board. The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel.

Duration	Function
< 1 sec.	No action
1 - 9 sec.	After releasing a systemwide hardware reset is triggered
>= 10 sec.	After releasing a <b>FACTORY DEFAULT</b> followd by a <b>REBOOT</b> is triggered after approx. 10 seconds

The button triggers different functions depending on how long it is pressed:



## 4.4 Firmware Update

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is a multi processor system. For this reason a firmware update always consists of a so called Software SET including up to three (3) program releases defined by the SET version needed to be loaded into the board.

#### Module 8030NTS (WebGUI: Device):

1x Image Update

1x H8 Update (optional – not in the standard device)

### Module 8024GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source):

1x H8 Update

An update is a critical process. The device should not be turned off during the update and the network connection to the device not be interrupted.



All programs of a SET needed to be uploaded to ensure a defined operation condition.



The progam releases assigned to a SET version may be taken from the release notes of the software SETs of the Time Sever 8030NTS/GPS.

## 4.4.1 Firmware Update 8030NTS (WebGUI: Device)

The general process of a software update of Module 8030NTS is described below:



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For selection of the correct update set the identifier **<u>8030NTS</u>** has to be observed obligatory.

8030NTS can be recognized:

- By the label on the housing cover "8030NTS"
- In WebGUI at the Web-banner "8030NTS"

The firmware update 8030NTS has to be performed as a SET.

The software package contained in the file package hopf8030NTS\_GPS\_SET\_vXXXX.zip has to be unpacked. The following steps have to be executed in the following sequence:

- 1. Image Update 8030NTS
- 2. H8 Firmware Update 8030NTS
- 3. H8 Firmware Update 8024GPS



#### H8 Update (Optional - only when in WebGUI available / contained in software set)

- 1. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 2. Select in the **Device** tab the menu item **H8 Firmware Update**.
- 3. Select the file with the file extension .mot for Module 8030 via the selection window.
- 4. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 5. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 6. In WebGUI the successful file transfer to the Module is indicated.
- 7. Now the update of the board automatically starts after a few seconds.
- 8. After successful update the board automatically reboots.
- 9. After approx. 2 minutes the H8 update process is finished and the board is again accessible via WebGUI.

#### Image Update

- 10. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 11. Select in **Device** tab the menu item **Image Update**.
- 12. Select the file with the file **.img** via the selection window.
- 13. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 14. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 15. In WebGUI the successful file transfer and writing to the Module is indicated.
- 16. In WebGUI the successful update is indicated after 2-3 minutes with the request to release a reboot of the board.
- 17. After activation and successful reboot of the board the image update process is finished.

### 4.4.2 Firmware Update 8024GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

#### H8 Update

- 1. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 2. Select in the GPS SYNC SOURCE tab the menu item H8 Firmware Update.
- 3. Select the file with the file extension .mot for Module 8024 via the selection window.
- 4. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 5. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 6. In WebGUI the successful file transfer to the Module is indicated.
- 7. Now the update of the board automatically starts after a few seconds.
- 8. After successful update the board automatically reboots.
- 9. After approx. 2 minutes the H8 update process is finished and the board is again accessible via WebGUI.



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#### **Activation of Functions (Activation Key)** 4.5

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS offers several functions that require an "Activation Key".

These functions are only available after entering a valid activation key related to the serial number of the Module 8030NTS (not the serial number of the overall system).

The activation of such function(s) can be done by default and also later by the user if required.

These functions are:

#### **Network Interface Bonding/Teaming**

By activating this function the LAN interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 can be bundled to one logical network interface. This feature plays a key role in redundantly structured networks to increase fail-safety of the NTP time service.

#### IEEE 802.1Q Tagged VLAN •

By activating this function network interfaces can be configured with additional VLANs (Virtual Bridged Local Area Networks) according to IEEE 802.1q.

#### **Static Routing Table**

This function is suitable for configuring static routes based on special network configuration requirements.

#### IEC 62439-3 Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP) •

The PRP functionality enables to bundle the physical network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 to one logical network interface using the Parallel Redundancy Protocol (PRP).

#### IEEE 1588 Precision Time Protocol (PTP) •

By activating this function Precision Time Protocol (PTP) according to IEEE Std 1588<sup>™</sup>-2008 can be configured.

#### Alarming and management features

This function enables to use SNMP (SNMPv2c, SNMPv3), Syslog and Email notification to monitor the system status. Together with the assets provided in the MIB II by default, the *hopf* Private Enterprise MIB is also made available. By using the *hopf* Private Enterprise MIB numerous product-specific assets for realizing extended management and control functions are available.

#### SINEC H1 time datagram

By activating this function SINEC H1 time datagram can be parameterized and issued via the LAN interface.



The settins for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither modified nor influenced by the function FACTORY DEFAULTS.



## 5 Installation

The installation of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is described below.

### 5.1 Installation/Dismounting of the DIN Rail Housing

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS can be mounted on all rails in accordance with DIN EN 60715 TH35 and is designed for horizontal mounting.

### **Dimensions**

The dimensions of the housing can be found in *Chapter 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail* Housing.

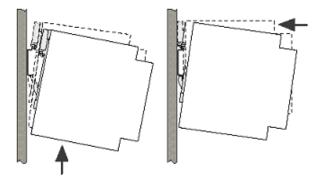
• Time Server 8030NTS/GPS – Housing: TYPE 2

In order to guarantee an adequate convection, we recommend the following minimum distance from other modules:

- 5.0 cm in vertical direction and
- 1.0 cm in horizontal direction.

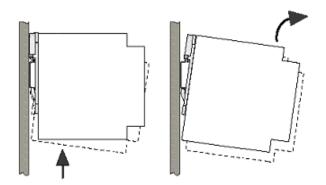
### 5.1.1 Mounting

Place the module's rail guide bar against the lower edge of the rail, push the module upwards, and clip to the back.



### 5.1.2 Dismounting

Push the module upwards and then tip forward to remove from the rail.



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## 5.2 Protective Earth Conductor (Grounding)

Grounding of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is achieved via the PE line of the power supply wiring.

### 5.3 **Power Connection**

Depending on the version of the appliance an AC or DC power feeding is available.

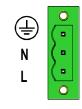
### 5.3.1 AC Power Supply

The standard AC power supply unit of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is described hereunder. However, the connection data on the nameplate of the respective device are always applicable.

Pay attention to the following when connecting the power supply:

- Correct voltage type (AC or DC),
- Voltage amount

The power cable is connected via a 3pole pluggable screw terminal with housing.





Connecting the incorrect voltage can damage the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

### 5.3.1.1 Safety and Warning Instructions

Please read these instructions thoroughly to facilitate safe operation of the device and to use all of its functions!



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Warning: Never work on live equipment! Danger to life!

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is a built-in device. Installation and commissioning may only be carried out by suitable specialist personnel. In doing so the respective country-specific regulations (e.g. VDE, DIN) must be observed.

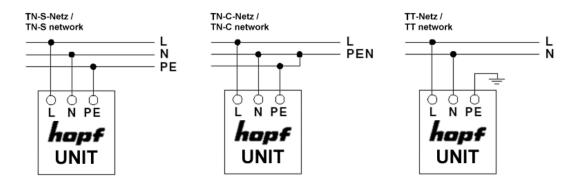
In particular, before commissioning please ensure that

- The power connection has been installed correctly and there is guaranteed protection against electric shock!
- The ground wire is connected!
- All power cables are correctly fused and sized!
- All output lines are sized in accordance with the max. output current of the device or are specially fused!
- Sufficient convection is guaranteed!

The device contains components carrying life-threatening voltage and a high amount of stored energy!



### 5.3.1.2 Connection to various Power Networks



### 5.3.1.3 Power Cable Connection

The power cable is connected via a 3pole pluggable screw terminal. The following cable crosssections can be connected to the input plug:

	Fixed [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Flexible [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	AWG	Starting moment [Nm]
L, N, 争	0.2-2.5	0.2-2.5	24-12	0.5 - 0.6

#### For a reliable and secure contact:

Strip the insulation by 8 mm!





The connector must always be mounted using the housing and strain relief fitting provided.



### 5.3.1.4 Voltage Input / Fuse Protection

The 100-240V AC connection is made via the pluggable screw terminal L, N and 😉.

#### **Primary Side Fuse Protection**

The device must be installed in accordance with the provisions of EN 60950. There must be a suitable isolating device external to the power supply capable of switching the device off.

The primary side line protection, for example, is suitable for this purpose.

Further equipment protection is not required because the device is fused internally.

#### **Recommended External Fuse**

When connecting the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS a suitable fuse protection of the power supply needs to be observed.

Accordingly, the performance data should be taken from the nameplate of the device. Currently the standard versions of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS are supplied with power supplies with power consumption between 6 and 15VA.

Regarding DC applications a suitable fuse must be connected.



If the internal fuse trips it is highly likely that the device is faulty. In this case the equipment should be checked at the factory!

### 5.3.1.5 Power Supply Specifications

All specifications regarding the AC power supply can be found in Chapter 11.4 Power Supplies.

### 5.3.1.6 Power LED

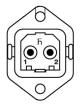
The green Power LED allows a functional evaluation directly on site at the control cabinet.

LED lights	Normal power supply operation
LED off	No power supply is available or the device is faulty.

### 5.3.2 DC Power Supply



Make sure that the external voltage source is switched off. When connecting the power supply, ensure that the polarity and ground connection are correct!



The power supply cable is connected to the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS by means of a 2-pole plug connector with additional ground connection and interlock:

- Positive pole (contact 1) +Vin:
- Negative pole (contact 2) -Vin:
- PE: Ground





Connecting the incorrect voltage can damage the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



#### Grounding:

The negative pole (-Vin) and the ground (PE) are connected together as standard on the system side.

#### 5.3.2.1 Power Supply Unit Specifications

All specifications regarding the DC power supply can be found in *Chapter 11.4 Power Supplies*.

#### 5.3.2.2 Fuse Protection

When connecting the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS a suitable fuse protection of the power supply needs to be observed.

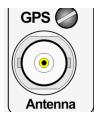
Accordingly, the performance data should be taken from the nameplate of the device. Currently the standard versions of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS are supplied with power supplies with power consumption of max. 20VA.



If the internal fuse (device fuse) blows, it is most probable that the device is defective. In this case the device needs to be checked in the facatory!

### 5.4 Connection GPS Antenna System

The coaxial line of the GPS antenna system is placed on the BNC female connector with the **"GPS Antenna"** inscription on the front panel of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. More detailed descriptions referring to the installation of the antenna system, for example, cable lengths and cable types, are described in the document "Antenna System GPS".

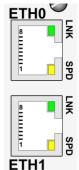


GPS Ant	tenna
BNC Co	nnector
GPS	Antenna input

There is an antenna input monitoring for "open" and "short-ciruit" on the the system side.



#### 5.5 **Connection LAN Interface ETH0/ETH1**



1 2 3

LNK LED (Green)	Description				
Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected				
On	100 MBit / 1 GBit Ethernet detected				
SPD LED (Yellow)	Description				
Off	No LAN connection to a network				
On	LAN connection available				
Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)				
Pin No.	Assignment				
1	TX_DA+				
2	TX_DA-				
3	RX_DB+				
4	BI_DC+				
5	BI_DC-				
6	RX_DB-				
7	BI_DD+				
8	BI_DD-				

#### 5.6 **Connection Sync Status Optical Coupler**

The Sync Status Optical Coupler connection is a 3-pole pluggable screw terminal.

Status	Sync S	Sync Status Optokoppler							
	3-pole pluggable Connector								
2	Pin	Signal							
	1	Collector							
	2	n.c.							
<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>	3	Emitter							



## 6 Commissioning

This chapter describes commissioning of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

### 6.1 General Procedure

Overview of the general commissioning procedure:

- Finish the installation process completely
- Switch on the device
- Wait until the booting phase is finsihed (Duration approx. 2 min. finished when the green NTP LED is lit on)
- Using the SEARCH Function of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant in order to access the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS and set the basis LAN parameters (e.g. DHCP). Afterwards connect to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS via Web browser

<u>OR</u>

connect directly with the factory default IP-address (192.168.0.1) to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS via Web browser

- Log in as "master"
- Change default passwords for "master" and "device" In the DEVICE tab
- Set all required LAN parameters (e.g. entry of DNS server) in NETWORK tab if necessary
- Check current settings in NTP tab and modify according to individual needs as necessary
- Parametrize following values of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) in **GPS SYNC SOURCE** tab:
  - o Set current UTC time
  - Set the local difference time to UTC
  - o Set or deactivate the changeover times for summer/winter time
  - Set local position (if not known as 0)
  - o Check values for reception mode, SyncON/SyncOFF Timer and status OC

Trigger a Module Reset after the above mentioned entries

- Check for Module Error in register GPS SYNC SOURCE
- Parametrize optional functions e.g. SNMP or SINEC H1 time datagram
- If all base settings are carried out correctly and there is GPS reception, the **GENERAL** tab should look like this after approx. 30 min.:

	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync	Source
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Status
DATE TI	ME	STRAT	UM AC	CURACY	SYNCHRONIZATIO
22.11.2016 13	3:05:58 UTC	1		HIGH	R (SYNC)
Username	-		Sync Source OK	eap second inac	tive
Password				STD ⇔ DST inac	
	_		NTP is running		
Login			NTP has stratun	1	



#### 6.2 Switching on the Operating Voltage

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS has no own switch for the power supply. The converter is activated by switching on the external power supply source.

#### 6.3 Establish the Network Connection via Web Browser



Ensure that the network parameters of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS are configured in accordance with the local network before connecting the device to the network.



Connecting a network to an incorrectly configured Time Server 8030NTS/GPS (e.g. duplicate IP address) may cause interference on the network.



The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is supplied with a static IP-address (equivalent to the factory default setting).

IP-address: Network mask: Gateway:

192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0 not set



In case it is not known whether the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS with a Factory Default setting causes problems in the network, the basis network parameterization should be executed via a "Peer to Peer" network connection.



Request the required network parameters from your network administrator if those are unknown.

The network connection is made via a LAN cable and RJ45 plug (recommended cable type: CAT5 or better).

#### 6.4 Network Configuration for ETH0 via LAN through *hmc*

After connecting the system to the power supply and creating the physical network connection to LAN interface of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS, the device can be searched for on the network via the *hmc* (*hopf* Management Console). Then the base LAN parameters (IP address, netmask and gateway or DHCP) may be adjusted in order to allow accessibility of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS for other systems on the network.



The SEARCH Function of the *hmc* - Network Configuration Assistant requires for location and recognition of the desired Time Server 8030NTS/GPS the *hmc*-computer in the same SUB Net.



The base LAN parameters can be set via the *hmc* integrated **Network Configuration Assistant**.



After a successful start of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant and completed search of the *hopf* LAN devices, the configuration of the base LAN parameters can be done.

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is stated as **<u>8030NTS</u>** in the Device List.

The determination of different Time Server 8030NTS/GPS (or other products variants) is made via **Hardware Address** (MAC Address).



The factory set MAC address for the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is stated on a sticker laterally positioned on the exterior of the housing of the device.

Geräteliste	Konfiguration			
8030NTS	Gerätetyp 8030NTS	Rechnername hopf8030nts		
	Firmware-Version 04.00	Konfigurationstyp Statische IP-Adresse		
=	Hardware-Adresse 00:03:C7:01:4E:CE	IP-Adresse 192.168.180.116		
	Seriennummer 8030010087	Netzmaske 255.255.252.0		
	Bonding aktiv	Gateway 192.168.180.1		
		Übertragen		
<b>~</b>	Geräte-Passwort setzen	Werkseinstellungen wiederherstellen		
Erneut suchen	Master-Passwort setzen			

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For an extended configuration of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS through a browser via WebGUI the following base parameters are required:

- Host Name
- Network Configuration Type
- IP Address
- Netmask
- Gateway

⇒ e.g. hopf8030NTS

- ⇒ e.g. Static IP Address or DHCP
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.149
- ⇔ e.g. 255.255.255.0
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.1

The **hostname** <u>must</u> meet the following conditions:

- The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.'. There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
- The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
- The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



The network parameters being assigned should be pre-determined with the network administrator in order to avoid problems on the network (e.g. duplicate IP address).

#### IP Address (IPv4)

An IP address is a 32 bit value divided into four 8 bit numbers. The standard presentation is 4 decimal numbers (in the range 0...255) separated from each other by dots (dotted quad notation).

#### Example: 192.002.001.123

The IP address consists of a leading network ID followed by the host ID. Four common network classes were defined in order to cover different requirements. Depending on the network class, the last one, two or three bytes define the host while the rest define the network (network ID) in each case.

In the following text the "x" stands for the host part of the IP address.

#### Class A Networks

IP addresses 001.xxx.xxx to 127.xxx.xxx

There is a maximum of 127 different networks in this class. This allows the possibility to connect a very high number of devices (max. 16.777.216)

#### Example: 100.000.000.001, (Network 100, Host 000.000.001)

#### Class B Networks

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IP addresses 128.000.xxx.xxx to 191.255.xxx.xxx

Each of these networks can consist of up to 65534 devices.

Example: 172.001.003.002 (Network 172.001, Host 003.002)



#### Class C Networks

IP addresses 192.000.000.xx to 223.255.255.xxx

These network addresses are the most commonly used. Up to 254 devices can be connected.

#### Class D Networks

The addresses from 224.xxx.xxx - 239.xxx.xxx are used as multicast addresses.

#### Class E Networks

The addresses from 240.xxx.xxx.xxx - 254.xxx.xxx are designated as "Class E" and are reserved.

#### Gateway Address

The gateway or router address is required in order to be able to communicate with other network segments. The standard gateway must be set to the router address which connects these segments. This address must be within the local network.

After entering the above mentioned LAN parameters, they needed to be transferred to the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS via the Apply button. Afterwards the entry of the Device Password is requested:

Device Pas	ssword	
ОК	Cancel	

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is supplied with the default device password **<device**> on delivery. After entry click on the **OK** button to confirm.

The LAN parameters thus set are directly adopted (without reboot) by the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS and are immediately active.



#### 7 **HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI – Web Browser Configuration** Interface



For the correct display and function of the WebGUI, JavaScript and Cookies must be enabled in the browser.

#### **Quick Configuration** 7.1

This chapter gives a brief description of the basic operation of the WebGUI installed on the module.

#### Requirements 7.1.1

- Ready-for-operation hopf NTP Time Server 8030NTS/GPS
- PC with installed web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) in the sub-network of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS

## 7.1.2 Configuration Steps

- Create the connection to the Time Server with a web browser
- Login as a 'master' user (default password <master> is set by delivery)
- Switch to "Network" tab if available and enter the DNS Server (required for NTP and the alarm messages depending of network)
- Save the configuration
- Switch to "Device" tab and restart Network Time Server via "Reboot Device"
- NTP Service is now available with the standard settings
- NTP specified settings can be done in the "NTP" tab
- Alarm messages via Syslog/SNMP/Email can be configured in "Alarm" tab only if this function is enabled by an activation key



The following detailed explanatory information should be read if anything is unclear while executing the configuration steps.

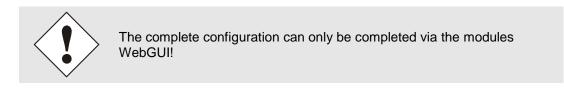
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## 7.2 General – Introduction

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS should be accessible to a web browser if it has been set up correctly. Enter the IP address - as set up in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS earlier - or the DNS name on the address line <<u>http://xxx.xxx.xxx</u>> and the following screen should appear.

When using IPv6, it is mandatory to enclose the IPv6 address with [] e.g..: http://[2001:0db8:85a3:08d3::0370:7344]/



General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync S	Source
NTP Time Status	•					Sync Source Status
DATE 22.11.201	тіме .6 13:0	5:58 UTC	STRATU		curacy HIGH	SYNCHRONIZATIO
Login			System (	verview		
Username				ync Source Ok	c leap second inac	tive
Password					STD ⇔ DST inac	
Login	]		<b>N</b>	TP is running		
	ıqed in.		N	TP has stratur	n 1	
User is not log				TP accuracy is		



The WebGUI was developed for multi-user read access but not for multiuser write access. It is the responsibility of the user to pay attention to this issue.



### 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User

All of the modules data can be read without being logged on as a special user. However, the configuration and modification of settings and data can only be carried out by an authorised user! Two types of user are defined:

- "master" user (default password on delivery: <master> )
- "device" user (default password on delivery: <device> )



Differentiation is made between **upper and lower case** characters in the password. Alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used: []()\*-\_!% & / = ?



The password must be between 6 and 20 characters long and contain at least one uppercase letter, one lowercase letter and one digit!



The password should be changed after the first login for security reasons.

The following screen should be visible after logging in as a "master" user:

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync S	ource
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Status
DATE TIME 22.11.2016 13:05	:51 UTC	STRAT		CCURACY HIGH	SYNCHRONIZATION
Login		System 0	verview		
User <b>master</b> is logged in since 13:05:47 UTC.			nc Source OK	ap second inactive	
Logout		Ar	nouncement S	TD ⇔ DST inactive	
			ΓΡ is running ΓΡ has stratum	1	
			FP accuracy is H	IIGH	

Click on the Logout button to log out.

The WebGUI is equipped with a session management. If the user does not conduct a logout, the logout is automatically made after 10 minutes of inactivity (idle time).

After successful login, depending on the access level (device or master user), changes can be made to the configuration and saved.

Users logged in as "master" have all access rights to the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



Users logged in as "device" do not have access to:

- Trigger reboot
- Trigger factory defaults
- Carry out image update
- Carry out H8 firmware update
- Upload certificate
- Change master password
- Diagnostics
- Download configuration files

### 7.2.2 Navigation via the Web Interface

The WebGUI is divided into functional tabs. Click on one of these tabs to navigate through the board. The selected tab is identified by a darker background colour, see the following image (General in this case).

hopf			SERVER 80	30NTS		
Elektronik di GmbH	22.27			0	© 2005-2016 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	

User login is not required in order to navigate through the board configuration options.

JavaScript and Cookies should be enabled in the browser in order to guarantee the correct operation of the web interface.

Ek	ektronik GmbH	24 23 22 21 GPS NE
	General	Network
	Host Settings	
	Host/Nameservice	
	<u>Network Interface</u> <u>ETH0</u>	
	Network Interface	
	Routing	
	Protocols	
	<u>Management</u> <u>Time</u>	

All the links within the tabs on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed display or setting options.



# 7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data

It is necessary to be logged on as one of the users described above in order to enter or change data.

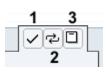
### 7.2.3.1 Changing of Data in 8030NTS (WebGUI: Device)

All changeable data, except those in GPS SYNC SOURCE tab, are saved in Module 8030NTS. For these data the value saving is divided into two steps.

For a permanent saving the modified value MUST first be accepted with **Apply** from the module and then be stored with **Save**. Otherwise the modifications get lost after a reboot of the module or switching the system off.

General Network	( NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	        
Host Settings Host/Nameservice Network Interface ETH0 Network Interface ETH1 Routing Protocols Management Time	Management Principal         HTTP         enabled ∨         HTTPS         enabled ∨         SSH         enabled ∨         TELNET         enabled ∨         SNMP         Feature not activated         Hopf Management Console         disabled ∨	Network I Both V Network I Both V Network I Both V Network I	nterface nterface nterface	SNMP Feature is not activated! Please contact sales to purchase an activation key.	

After an entry with **Apply** is made, the configured field is marked with a star ' \* '. This means that a value has been entered or changed but not yet been stored in the flash memory.



Meaning of the symbols from left to right:

No.	Symbol	Description
1	Apply	Acceptance of changes and entered data
2	Reload	Restoring the saved data
3	Save	Fail-save storage of the data in the flash configuration

If the data should only be tested it is sufficient to accept the changes with **Apply**.



### **Changing Network Parameters**

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.



For adopting changes and entering values only the respective buttons in the WebGUI can be used.



# 7.2.3.2 Changing of Data in 8024GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

The modified data in the GPS SYNC SOURCE tab are diretly transferred to the Module 8024GPS by pushing the button 1 and stored failsafe in Module 8024GPS. This can also be recognized by the modified display of the **Apply** button. The buttons 2 and 3 in GPS SYNC SOURCE tab are disabled and are not required.





The new reading of the modified data from Module 8030NTS for the WebGUI indication can take up to 30 seconds after data transfer to Module 8024GPS.

However, this has no effect on the function of the appropriate setting/value.



#### Plausibility Check during Input 7.2.4

A plausibility check is generally carried out during input.

Host Settings     ETH0 IPv4 Settings       Host/Nameservice Network Interface ETH0     Link Status Up       Default Hardware Address (MAC) Network Interface ETH1     Default Hardware Address (MAC) 00:03:C7:01:9B:7E       Network Interface ETH1     Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC) disabled ✓       Routing File     Custom Hardware Address (MAC)       IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
Protocols       DHCP         disabled        IPv4-Address         192.168.280.103       IPv4-Network Mask         255.255.252.0       Operation mode         Auto negotiate          Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)       1356	Host Settings Host/Nameserv Network Interfi ETH0 Network Interfi ETH1 Routing Routing File Protocols Management	rice ace	ETHO IPv4 Set Link Status Up Default Hardw 00:03:C7:03 Use Custom H disabled V Custom Hardw DHCP disabled V IPv4-Address 192.168.284 IPv4-Network 255.255.255 Operation mo Auto negotiat Maximum Tra 1356	tings vare Address () 1:98:7E ardware Address () vare Address () 0.103 : Mask 2.0 de e v	MAC) 2555 (MAC) MAC)	ETHO IPv Use IPv6 disabled DHCP-IP disabled IPv6-Add	6 Settings	
			Feature is no	ot activated!	Please contact s	ales to purchas	e an activation key.	

As illustrated in the above image, an invalid value (e.g. text where a number should be entered, IP address not within the range etc.) is identified by a red border when an attempt is made to accept these settings. It should be noted here that this is only a semantic check and not to test whether an entered IP address can be used on the own network or in the configuration! As long as an error message is displayed it is not possible to save the configuration in the flash memory.



The error check only verifies semantics and the validity of ranges. It is NOT a logic or network check for entered data.



# 7.3 Description of the Tabs

The WebGUI is divided into the following tabs:

- General
- Network
- NTP
- PTP
- Alarm
- Device
- GPS Sync Source

# 7.3.1 GENERAL Tab

This is the first tab displayed when using the web interface.

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync	Source
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Status
DATE TIM 22.11.2016 13:	e 05:51 UTC	STRAT		curacy HIGH	SYNCHRONIZATIO
Login User master is logged in since 13:05:47 UTC. Logout		Ar	verview Inc Source OK Inouncement lea	-	
	_		"P is running "P has stratum 1 "P accuracy is H		

### **NTP Time Status**

This area shows basic information about the current time and date of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. The time **always** corresponds to UTC. The reason for this is that NTP always works with UTC and not with local time.

Stratum displays the actual NTP stratum value of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS with the value range from 1-16.

The **ACCURACY** field (accuracy of NTP) can contain the values LOW - MEDIUM - HIGH. The meaning of these values is explained in *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles*.



### Sync Source Status

Display of the actual status of synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) with these possible values:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇒ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time

### <u>Login</u>

The login box is described in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User*.

#### System Overview

This table gives a direct overview of the Time Server's 8030NTS/GPS current operating states.

WebGUI	Description
Sync Source OK	When active (RED) there is a Sync Souce failure. For details please go to <b>GPS SYNC SOURCE</b> tab <b>- Module Errors.</b>
Announcement leap second inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an an- nouncement for a leap-second.
Announcement STD ⇔ DST inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an an- nouncement for a summer / winter time change-over.
NTP is running	The NTP process on Module 8030NTS is running
NTP has stratum 1	Shows the appropriate stratum the NTP process works with.
NTP Accuracy is High	Shows the appropriate accuracy the NTP process works with.

#### Announcements

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corrosponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switchover of summer/winter time).



# 7.3.2 NETWORK Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

	General	Network	МТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	2
ſ	Host Settings		Host/Nameser	vice			
	Host/Nameservi Network Interfa ETH0 Network Interfa ETH1 Routing	ce	Hostname hopf8030nts Default Gatew 192.168.180 DNS Server 1	ay IP-Address			
	Protocols Management Time		DNS Server 2	IP-Address			



### **Changing Network Paramaters**

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.

### 7.3.2.1 Host/Nameservice

Setting for the clear network detection.

### 7.3.2.1.1 Hostname

The standard setting for the Hostname is "**hopf8030NTS**". This name should also be adapted to the respective network infrastructure.

If in doubt, simply leave the standard value in place or ask your network administrator.



- The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.' . There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
- The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
- The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



For a correct operation a hostname is required. The field for the hostname **<u>must not</u>** be left blank.



# 7.3.2.1.2 Use Manual DNS Entries

With this setting you can select whether the manually entered DNS servers (DNS servers 1 to 3) should be used.

If "enabled" is selected here, the entries in DNS Server 1 to 3 are used.

If "disabled" is selected, the entries in DNS Server 1 to 3 are ignored.



If a DHCP server is used to distribute the network configuration and if this also distributes the DNS servers used in the network, then **Use Manual DNS Entries** should be set to disabled.

# 7.3.2.1.3 DNS Server 1 to 3

The IP address (IPv4 or IPv6) of the DNS server should be entered if you wish to use the Fully-Qualified Host Name (hostname.domainname) or work with reverse lookup

Contact your network administrator for details of the DNS server if not known.

If no DNS server is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

### 7.3.2.1.4 Use Manual Gateway Entries

With this setting, you can select whether the manually entered gateways (Default Gateway IPv4 and Default Gateway IPv6) should be used.

If "enabled" is selected here, the entries in Default Gateway IPv4 and Default Gateway IPv6 are used.

If "disabled" is selected, the entries in Default Gateway IPv4 and Default Gateway IPv6 are ignored.



If a DHCP server is used to distribute the network configuration and if this also distributes the address of the default gateway used in the network, then Use Manual Gateway Entries should be set to disabled.

### 7.3.2.1.5 Default Gateway IPv4

If the IPv4 default gateway is not known, it must be requested by the network administrator. If no standard gateway is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

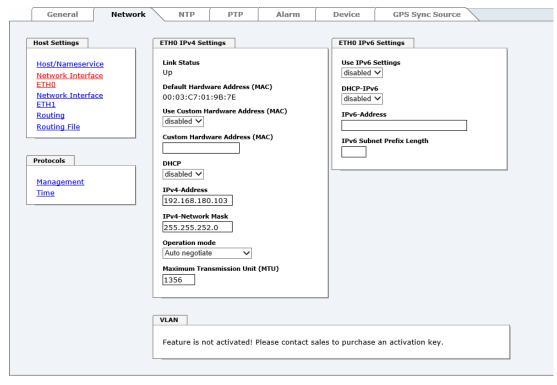
### 7.3.2.1.6 Default Gateway IPv6

If the Ipv6 default gateway is not known, it must be requested by the network administrator. If no standard gateway is available (special case), enter :: in the input field or leave the field blank.



# 7.3.2.2 Network Interface ETH0/ETH1

Configuration of the Ethernet interface ETH0/ETH1 of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.





ETH1 must not be located in the same sub net as ETH0!



# 7.3.2.2.1 Default Hardware Address (MAC)

The factory default MAC address can only be read and cannot be changed by the user. It is assigned once only by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH for each Ethernet interface.

For further information about the MAC address refer to *chapter 2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0* for the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



*hopf* Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with **00:03:C7**:xx:xx:xx.

# 7.3.2.2.2 Customer Hardware Address (MAC)

The MAC address assigned from *hopf* can be changed to any user-defined MAC address. The board identifies itself with the user-defined MAC address to the network. The default hardware address shown in WebGUI remains unchanged.



Double assignment of MAC addresses on the Ethernet referring to customers MAC addresses should be avoided.

If the MAC address is not known, please contact your network administrator.

The use of customers MAC address needs to be activated by the function **Use Custom Hard**ware Address (MAC) with enable and subsequently save it with Apply and Save.

Afterwards the customers MAC address has to be entered in hexadecimal form with a colon to separate as described in the below example, e.g. **00:03:c7:55:55:02** 



The MAC address assigned by *hopf* can be activated at any time by disabling this function.



There are no MAC multicast addresses allowed!

Finally, the Module 8030NTS has to be restarted via "Device" / "Reboot Device".

### 7.3.2.2.3 DHCP

If DHCP is to be used, activate this with **enabled**.

### 7.3.2.2.4 IPv4 Address

If DHCP is not used, the IPv4 address needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used IPv4 address if not known.

### 7.3.2.2.5 IPv4 Network Mask

If DHCP is not used, the network mask needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used network mask if not known.



# 7.3.2.2.6 Operation Mode

	Operation mode	_
	10 Mbps / full duplex 100 Mbps / full duplex	it (MTU)
L	1000 Mbps / full duplex	

The network device usually adjusts the data stream and duplex mode to the device to which it is connected (e.g. HUB, SWITCH) automatically. If the network device requires a certain speed or duplex mode, this can be configured via the web interface. The value should only be changed in special cases. The automatic setting is normally used.



In individual cases an enabled "Auto negotiate" might lead to problems between the network components and the adjustment process fails.

In such cases it is recommended to set the network speed of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS <u>and</u> the connected network components manually to the same value.

# 7.3.2.2.7 Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)

The Maximum Transmission Unit describes the maximum size of a data packet of a protocol of the network layer (layer 3 of OSI model), measured in octets which can be transferred into the frame of a net of the security layer (layer 2 of OSI model) without fragmentation.

Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is going to be delivered with default setting 1356.

### 7.3.2.2.8 IPv6

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS can also be operated in an IPv6 network.

To enable IPv6, Use IPv6 Settings must be set to enable.

IPv6 addresses are 128 bits long and they are recorded in eight 4-character hexadecimal blocks. For example: **2001:0db8:0000:08d3:1319:8a2e:0370:7344** 

Leading zeroes in a 4-character hexadecimal block can be omitted. For the above example, this results in the notation: **2001:db8:0:8d3:1319:8a2e:370:7344** 

In addition, **once** per IPv6 address a consecutive sequence of blocks containing all zeros may be omitted. But this must be recorded with two consecutive colons. For the above example, this gives the notation: **2001:db8::8d3:1319:8a2e:370:7344** 

Another example: 2001:0:0:0:1319:8a2e:0:7344 may be represented

- as 2001::1319:8a2e:0:7344
- or **2001:0:0:1319:8a2e::7344**

### 7.3.2.2.9 DHCP-IPv6

If DHCP is to be used, this function is activated with **enabled**.

### 7.3.2.2.10 IPv6 Address

If DHCP is not used, enter the IPv6 address here. If the IPv6 address to be used is unknown, it must be requested by the network administrator.



### 7.3.2.2.11 IPv6 Subnet Prefix Lengh

If no DHCP is used, the length of the network address must be entered here. If the length of the network address is not known, it must be requested by the network administrator.

### 7.3.2.2.12 VLAN (Activation Key necessary)

A VLAN (Virtual Local Area Network) is a logical sub-network within a network switch or a whole physical network. VLANs are used to separate the logical network infrastructure from the physical wiring, thus to virtualize the Local Area Network. The technology of VLAN is standardized by IEEE Standard 802.1q. Network applications like Time Server 8030NTS/GPS, implementing the standard IEEE 802.1q, are able to allocate individual network interfaces to specific VLANs. To transfer data packets of several VLANs via a single network interface the data packets are marked with a related VLAN ID. This method is called VLAN-Tagging. The network application at the other end of the line (e.g. network switch, router etc.) can allocate the data packet to the correct VLAN by checking the marking / tag.

### WebGUI with activated VLAN

To be able to configure VLANs the activation status must be set to "enabled" first. Afterwards up to 32 different VLANs per network interface can be configured by clicking the button "Add".

An explicit VLAN ID must be configured for each VLAN interface.

The boxes "Label" and "Remark" can be filled out with a designation or a comment to easily keep the configured VLANs apart.

Determination of the IP-address for the configured VLAN interface can either be done automatically via DHCP or by filling out the boxes "IP-Address" and "Network Mask".

VLAN					
Activati enable	on Status d V				
VLAN I	interfaces				
Add	Remove				
ID	Label	Remark	DHCP	IPv4-Address	IPv4-Network Mask
□ 10	DEV	Development	disabled 🗸	192.168.180.30	255.255.255.0



To ensure the correct function the network appliance must be connected with Time Server 8030NTS/GPS via the network interface. Furthermore it must be ensured that the network appliance is accurately configured with the same VLANs.



VLAN ID one (1) and two (2) are reserved and are therefore not permitted!

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## 7.3.2.3 Network Interface Bonding/Teaming (Activation Key necessary)

The function Network Interface Bonding/Teaming (also known as NIC Bonding, NIC Teaming, Link Bundling, EtherChannel) enables to bundle the physical network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 to one logical network interface.

General Netwo	rk NTP PTP Alarm Device GPS Sync Source
Host Settings	Bonding/Teaming IPv4 Settings Bonding/Teaming IPv6 Settings
Host/Nameservice Network Interface ETH0 Network Interface ETH1 Network Interface Bonding/Teaming Routing Routing File Protocols Management Time	NIC Bonding/Teaming active   disabled    DHCP   disabled    DHCP-IPv6   disabled    IPv4-Address   IPv4-Network Mask   Operation mode   Auto negotiate   Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)   1356
	Bonding Policy         Round-Robin         MII Link Monitoring Interval (ms)       Link Down Delay (ms)       Link Up Delay (ms)         100       0       0         100       0       0         LACP Rate (only valid for IEEE 802.3ad policy)       Slow (every 30 seconds) ▼         Primary Device (only valid for Active-Backup and TLB policy)         None ▼         WARNING: changing these values can cause serious network problems. Perform modifications only if you really know what you are doing! A reboot is recommended after changing the bonding configuration.
	VLAN Activation Status disabled  VLAN Interfaces Add Remove ID Label Remark DHCP IPv4-Address IPv4-Network Mask

This function is used for the distribution of load as well as to increase fail-safety in computer networks.



Making settings without profound knowledge of Bonding/Teaming can lead to serious network problems!

An incorrect configuration can lead to a loss of the network connection so that the Ethernet access to Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is going to be refused.

In this case settings of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS must be set back to default settings!



If function Bonding has been activated, parameters for ETH0 and ETH1 cannot be changed any more. The parameters are not displayed in the host setting menu as long as Bonding will be deactivated.



# 7.3.2.3.1 Basic Configuration

Determination of the basic network configuration with activated function Bonding/Teaming.

Bonding/Teaming IPv4 Settings	
NIC Bonding/Teaming active	
DHCP disabled V	
IPv4-Address	
IPv4-Network Mask	
Operation mode	
Auto negotiate 🗸	
Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) 1356	

### NIC Bonding/Teaming active

Activation of function NIC Bonding/Teaming

### DHCP

Activation of DHCP of the "Bonding interface".



A change of the IP-address or activating of DHCP do have an immediate effect after confirming the settings – the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.

### IPv4 address

Input of IPv4 address of the "Bonding interface".

If you do not know the IPv4 address, please contact your network administrator.



A change of the IPv4-address or activating of DHCP do have an immediate effect after confirming the settings – the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.

### IPv4 Network Mask

Input of the network mask of the "Bonding interface".



A change of the IPv4-address or activating of DHCP do have an immediate effect after confirming the settings – the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.



# 7.3.2.3.2 IPv6 Network Configuration

Defining the IPv6 network configuration with the Bonding/Teaming function activated.

Bonding/Teaming IPv6 Settings
Use IPv6 Settings disabled ∨
DHCP-IPv6 disabled V
IPv6-Address
IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length

#### Use IPv6 Settings

Activation of IPv6 function

#### **DHCP IPv6**

Activation of IPv6 DHCP for the "Bonding interface"

#### IPv6 address

Input of the IPv6 address for the "Bonding interface". If the IPv6 address is not known, it must be requested by the network administrator.

### **IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length**

Input of the IPv6 network length for the "Bonding interface".



# 7.3.2.3.3 Advanced Settings

Advanced Settings		
Bonding Policy Active-Backup		
MII Link Monitoring Interval (ms)	Link Down Delay (ms)	Link Up Delay (ms)
100	0	0
LACP Rate (only valid for IEEE 802.3ad polic Slow (every 30 seconds) V Primary Device (only valid for Active-Backup None V		
WARNING: changing these values can c modifications only if you really know wh changing the bonding configuration.		

### **Bonding Policy**

#### **Round-Robin:**

In this case the network interfaces, starting with ETH0, are transmitting sequentially whereby a distribution of load and a higher tolerance for errors are achieved. In that mode the network interfaces must be connected to the same network switch.

#### Active Backup: •

Only one of two network interfaces is sending and receiving. If an error occurs, the other network interface assumes responsibility for the process. The network interfaces do not have to be connected to the same network switch. From the outside the MAC address of the association is only visible on one network interface to avoid a mix-up. This mode supports tolerance for errors.

#### **Balance XOR:**

Source and target are permanently assigned with one another via the MAC address of the network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1. The network interfaces must be connected to the same network switch. This mode supports distribution of load and tolerance for errors.

#### Broadcast:

In this mode the computer sends its data via all available network interfaces which enables the use of several network switches. This fact leads to a high tolerance for errors, but this mode does not enable distribution of load.

#### IEEE 802.3ad Dynamic Link Aggregation: .

The network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 are going to be bundled (Trunking) in this mode. It is mandatory that the network interfaces are configured with the same transmission rate and duplex setting. Bundling is made dynamically via the Link Aggregation Control Protocol (LACP). This mode supports distribution of load as well as tolerance for errors.



The network switch on which the network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS are connected also needs to be configured correctly! A wrong configuration can lead to a loss of availability of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS!



### • Adaptive Transmit Load Balancing (TLB):

Outbound data traffic is split on both network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 in accordance with the current load, depending on the interface speed adjusted. The network interfaces do not have to be connected on the same network switch. This mode supports distribution of load and tolerance for errors.

#### MII link monitoring interval (ms)

Indicates the interval in milliseconds for observing the MII-connection. A value of zero deactivates monitoring. The default value is 100ms.

#### link down delay (ms)

Determines the delay time in milliseconds to deactivate a connection after a link error is detected. This value needs to be a multiple of the MII link monitoring interval.

#### link up delay (ms)

Determines the delay time in milliseconds to enable a conjunction after a connection is detected. This value needs to be a multiple of the MII link monitoring interval.

### LACP rate (only available for IEEE 802.3ad directive)

Indicates the link partner's request frequency to transfer LACP packets in IEEE 802.3ad mode.

### Primary Device (only valid for active backup and TLB directive)

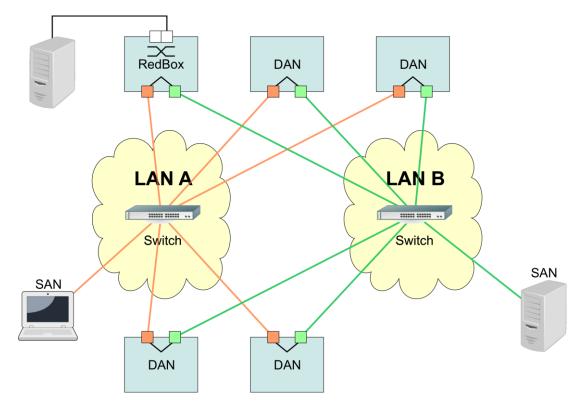
If this asset is configured and the network interface is active, the adjusted network interface is going to be used. Only if the network interface is inactive, mode is changed to the second network interface.



### 7.3.2.4 Network Interface PRP (Activation Key necessary)

The PRP (Parallel Redundancy Protocol) functionality is specified in standard IEC 62439-3:2011 and enables to bundle the physical network interfaces ETH0 and ETH1 to one logical network interface. Each network interface is connected to an independent LAN (Local Area Network). If one of the two LANs has got a failure, usage of PRP ensures that the network connection between the PRP terminal devices is going to be maintained via the second, independent LAN. PRP standard was developed for very high demanding and critical applications in the field of automation of substations.

The following illustration shows an example of a PRP network:



PRP-suitable applications are known as DAN (Dual Attached Node) and are going to be connected to the independent networks "LAN A" and "LAN B". The advantage of PRP is that costefficient and common network switches can be used which do not have to support the PRP standard. Applications which do not need to be redundantly available and which do not have to support PRP can be connected without problems in one of the two LANs - they are then called SAN (Single Attached Node). If it is necessary to redundantly connect non-PRP-supporting applications to the PRP network, a so-called RedBox (Redundancy Box) can be used.

Time Server 8030NTS/GPS supports PRP as DAN and can therefore directly be integrated into a PRP network without using a RedBox.



General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
General Host Settings Host/Namese Network Inter ETH0 Network Inter Bonding/Tean Network Inter PRP Routing Routing Routing File	vice face face face face	NTP PRP IPv4 Settin NIC PRP active disabled  DHCP disabled  IPv4-Address IPv4-Address Operation mode Auto negotiate	gs Jask	Alarm	PRP IPv6 5 Use IPv6 5 disabled 1 DHCP-IPv1 disabled 1 IPv6-Addr	Settings Settings
Protocols		Maximum Trans	mission Unit	(MTU)		
<u>Management</u> <u>Time</u>		L				

To use PRP the following settings must be carried out:

#### **NIC PRP active**

Activation of the PRP functionality

### DHCP

Activation of DHCP for the "PRP interface".



A change of the IP address or activation of DHCP will have an immediate effect after applying the settings - the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.

#### IPv4 address

Input of the IPv4 address for the "PRP interface". If unknown the IPv4 address needs to be obtained by the network administrator.



A change of the IPv4 address or activation of DHCP will have an immediate effect after applying the settings - the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.

#### **IPv4 Network Mask**

Input of the network mask for the "PRP interface".



A change of the IPv4 address or activation of DHCP will have an immediate effect after applying the settings - the connection to the web interface must be adapted and renewed.



### Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)

Input of the MTU to be used for the "PRP interface".



The MTU default setting with value 1466 should not be necessary by default.

An incorrect configuration can lead to a loss of the network connection which refuses the Ethernet access to Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. In that case the settings of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS need to be set to "factory default"!

The network interface ETH0 of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS need to be connected to PRP network "LAN A", network interface ETH1 need to be connected to PRP network "LAN B"!

If settings are done without profound knowledge of PRP, severe network problems can occur.

An incorrect configuration can lead to a loss of the network connection which refuses the Ethernet access to Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

In that case the settings of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS need to be set to "factory default"!



If the functionality PRP was activated, parameters for ETH0 and ETH1 can no longer be adapted. The parameters will not be displayed in the host settings menu as long as PRP is going to be deactivated.

### 7.3.2.4.1 IPv6 Network Configuration

Defining the IPv6 network configuration for the PRP interface.

#### **Use IPv6 Settings**

Activation of IPv6 function

#### DHCP IPv6

Activation of IPv6 DHCP for the "PRP interface"

### IPv6 address

Input of the IPv6 address for the " PRP interface". If the IPv6 address is not known, it must be requested by the network administrator.

### **IPv6 Subnet Prefix Length**

Input of the IPv6 network length for the " PRP interface".



# 7.3.2.5 Routing (Activation Key necessary)

A route must be configured if the module is not only be used in the local sub-network.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Host Settings		urrent Syster	m Routing Tab	e		
Host/Nameservice		Network/Hos		work Mask	Gateway	Network Interface
Network Interface		default	0.0	.0.0	192.168.180.1	eth0
ETHO Network Interface ETH1		192.168.180	0.0 255	.255.252.0	0.0.0.0	eth0
Network Interface Bonding/Teaming		lser Defined F	Routes			
<u>Network Interface</u> <u>PRP</u> <u>Routing</u>		Feature is no	ot activated! I	Please contact	sales to purchase a	an activation key.
Routing File						

The gateway / gateway host need to be in the local sub-network range of the module in order to use the routes.



#### WebGUI with Routing activated

General Networ	k NTP I	PTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Host Settings	Current System Rout	ting Table		
Host/Nameservice	Network/Host	Network Mask	Gateway	Network Interface
Network Interface	default	0.0.0	192.168.180.1	eth0
ETH0 Network Interface ETH1	192.168.180.0	255.255.252.0	0.0.0.0	eth0
Network Interface Bonding/Teaming				
Network Interface	User Defined Routes			
PRP Routing Routing File	Use Route File disabled ✔			
]	Network Routes			
Protocols	Add Remove			
Management	Network/Host	Netv	vork Mask	Gateway
Time				

The image above shows every configured route of the base system routing table as well as the user's defined routes.



The module cannot be used as a router!

Select **Use Route File** to set whether the routing configuration set under **User Defined Routes** should be used, or routing configuration using a routing file.



If IPv6 routes are required, the routes must be made using the settings in *Chapter 7.3.2.6 Routing File*.



# 7.3.2.6 Routing File

In order to activate this function, **Use Route File** must be set to **enabled** on the Routing Page. The routing file also makes it possible to configure IPv6 routes.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
ost Settings		Routing File	]				
lost/Nameservi letwork Interfa	_	Update file:			Durchsuchen.		
<u>TH0</u> etwork Interfa		Upload no					
<u>TH1</u> etwork Interfa onding/Teamir etwork Interfa	ng	Download Ro		<u>ad</u>			
	<u>ce</u>						
<u>RP</u> .outing		Current System	m Routing Tabl	e			
RP outing outing File	<u></u>	Current Syster		e	Network Mask	Gateway	Network Interface
RP outing outing File				e	Network Mask	Gateway 192.168.180.1	
RP outing outing File otocols		Network/Hos	t	e		192.168.180.1	Interface
RP outing outing File otocols		Network/Hos default 192.168.180	t ).0	e	0.0.0.0	192.168.180.1	Interface eth0 eth0
RP outing outing File otocols		Network/Hos default 192.168.180 0000000000	t ).0	00000000000	0.0.0.0	192.168.180.1 0.0.0.0	Interface eth0 eth0 00000000 lo
RP couting couting File otocols		Network/Hos default 192.168.180 0000000000 fe800000000	t ).0 )000000000000000000000000000000000	00000000000	0.0.0.0 255.255.252.0 80 80	192.168.180.1 0.0.0.0 000000000000000000000000	Interface eth0 eth0 00000000 lo
RP touting touting File otocols fanagement time		Network/Hos default 192.168.180 0000000000 fe80000000 fe80000000	t 1.0 1000000000000000000000000000000000	' 000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.0.0.0 255.255.252.0 80 40	192.168.180.1 0.0.0.0 000000000000000000000000	Interface eth0 eth0 00000000 lo 00000000 lo

Via the selection window under Update file and the button Upload now a new routing file can be uploaded. When uploading the file is checked whether the file is error-free and only then it is used.

If a routing file has already been uploaded, the uploaded routing file can be downloaded under **Download Routing File**.

### **Routing File Syntax**

Each line of the routing file must be either a valid routing line or a comment line. A comment line starts with a hash sign (#) and can contain any text behind it.

A routing line has the format [destination address] [tab] [length of the destination mask in bits] [tab] [gateway address for the specified destination].

If the host 192.168.20.11 is to be reached using the gateway 192.168.0.2, then the routing file must look like this:

192.**168**.20.11 32 192.168.0.2

#### Example of a Routing File:

```
# Host 192.168.20.11 via Gateway 192.168.0.2
192.168.20.11 32 192.168.0.2
#Net 192.168.180.0 Netmask 255.255.255.0 via Gateway 192.168.0.2
192.168.180.0 24 192.168.0.2
#Net 2001:0db8:0:f102:: Subnet Prefix Length 64 via Gateway 2001:0db8:0:f101::1
2001:0db8:0:f102:: 64 2000::1
```

### Current System Routing Table

hopf Elektronik GmbH

This table shows all active IPv4 and IPv6 routes.

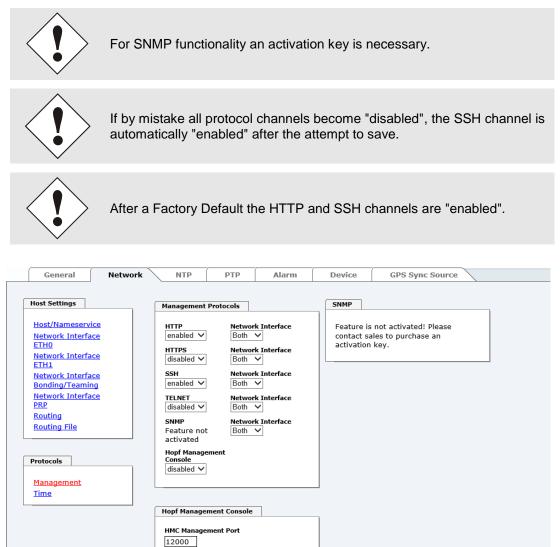
For IPv6 routes, the colons of the destination and gateway addresses are not displayed, and the **Network Mask** column displays the length in hexadecimal



# 7.3.2.7 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)

Protocols that are not required should be disabled for security reasons. A correctly configured module is always accessible via the web interface.

Changes to the availability of a protocol (enable/disable) take effect immediately.





These service settings are valid globally! Services with "disabled" status are not externally accessible and are not made externally available by the module!



General Networ	k NTP PTP Alarm	Device GPS Sync Source
Host Settings Host/Nameservice Network Interface ETH0 Network Interface	Management Protocols       HTTP     Network Interface       enabled ∨     Both ∨       HTTPS     Network Interface       disabled ∨     Both ∨	SNMP System Location System Contact
ETH1 Network Interface Bonding/Teaming Network Interface PRP Routing Routing File	SSH     Network Interface       enabled     Both       TELNET     Network Interface       disabled     Both       SNMP     Network Interface       disabled     Both	SNMPv2 Read Only Community public SNMPv2 Read Write Community secret SNMPv3 Security Name
Protocols Management Time	Hopf Management Console disabled V Hopf Management Console	SNMPv3 Access Rights Readonly V SNMPv3 Authentication Protocol MD5 V SNMPv3 Authentication Passphrase
	HMC Management Port 12000	SNMPv3 Privacy Protocol DES V SNMPv3 Privacy Passphrase

### WebGUI with Alarming activated

Using SNMP and SNMP- traps the protocol SNMP should be enabled.

All fields must be filled in for a correct operation of SNMP. Contact your network administrator for details of data not known.



# 7.3.2.7.1 SNMPv2 / SNMPv3 (Activation Key required)

Both protocols SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 are supported and can be configured and enabled independently from each other.

System Location and System Contact are global settings and are valid for both protocols (SNMPv2 / SNMPv3).

In order to disable SNMPv2 both fields SNMP Read Only Community and SNMP Read Write Community must remain empty.

SNMPv2	SNMPv2 enabled	SNMPv2 disabled
Read Only Community:	set (e.g. public)	empty
Read/Write Community:	set (e.g. secret)	empty

In order to enable SNMPv3 the following fields must be set:

SNMPv3	Description
Security Name:	SNMPv3 is enabled (identical to the username)
Access Rights:	Equivalent to the Read/Write Communities in SNMPv2
Authentication Protocol:	Authentication (MD5 or SHA Hash)
Privacy Protocol:	Encryption (DES or AES Algorithm)

There are three security levels in SNMPv3 that can be adjusted by the removal of the passphrases:

SNMPv3	noAuthNoPriv	authNoPriv	authPriv
Authentication Passphrase:	empty	set	set
Privacy Passphrase:	empty	empty	set



Right now only one user is supported.



# 7.3.2.8 Time (Time Protocols – NTP, DAYTIME etc.)

Activation and configuration of different synchronization protocols

Host/Nameservice NtP ETH0 Network Interface ETH1 Network Interface Bonding/Teaming Network Interface PRP Routing Routing File	
Protocols Management Time	

### 7.3.2.8.1 Synchronization Protocols (Time Protocols – NTP, SNTP etc.)

Needed time protocols can be enabeld here.

- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- DAYTIME
- TIME

• SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key necessary)



### 7.3.2.8.2 SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

Configuration of the SINEC H1 time datagram

SINEC H1 time datagram
Send Interval 1 second ✓
Timebase
Destination MAC Address
09:00:06:03:FF:EF V
Minimum Accuracy Low

Broadcast transmission intervals of the SINEC H1 time datagram (Send Interval):

- every second
- every 10 second
- every 60 second

Timebase see also Chapter 13.2.1 Time-specific expressions:

- Local time
- UTC
- Standard time
- Standard time with daylight / standard time status

### **Destination MAC Address:**

- 09:00:06:03:FF:EF
- 09:00:06:01:FF:EF
- FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF

### Synchronization Status based on Starting Transmission (Minimum Accuracy)

This setting defines at which internal accuracy status the SINEC H1 time datagram should be transmitted (see *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles* and *Chapter 11 Technical Data*):

- LOW
- MEDIUM
- HIGH



The setting Minimum Accuracy = LOW may lead to the output of non-synchronised (thus possibly wrong) time information.



#### 7.3.3 NTP Tab

This tab shows information and adjustment possibilities of the NTP services of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. The NTP service is the significant main service of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

If you are not familiar with the subject of NTP you can find a short description in the Glossary. More details are also available at http://www.ntp.org/.

NTP functionality is provided by an NTP-Demon running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

Depending on the receiving conditions and under unfavourable circumstances it may take several hours until long-term accuracy is obtained (normally 5-10 minutes). During this time the NTP algorithm adjusts the internal accuracy parameters.



The NTP time protocol must be enabled in order to use NTP (see Chapter 7.3.2.8 Time (Time Protocols - NTP, DAYTIME etc.))



After all changes relating to NTP a restart of the NTP service must be performed (see Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP).



Via the NTP protocol SNTP Clients can also be synchronized. In contrast to NTP in SNTP Clients delay times are not evaluated on the network. For this reason the accuracy reached in SNTP Clients is lower than in NTP Clients.

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### 7.3.3.1 System Info

In the window "System Info" the current NTP values of the NTP service running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS are indicated. In addition to the NTP calculated values for root delay, root dispersion, jitter, and stability the stratum value of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS, the status to the leap second, and the current system peer are also found here.

The NTP version used adjusts the leap second correctly.

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS works as NTP Server with stratum 1 and belongs to the best available class of NTP server, as it has a reference clock with direct access.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info		System Info				
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u> <u>Peers</u>		System Peer HOPF_S(0) RefID PPS				
Server Configuration		Leap Indicator no warning				
Server Configurati Extended Configuration	on	Stratum 1 Root Delay 0.000000 s				
Restart NTP		Root Dispersion 0.001038 s				
Security		Jitter 0.000000 s				
Access Restrictions Symmetric Keys Autokey		<b>Stability</b> 0.009415 ppm				
	'					

### 7.3.3.2 Kernel Info

The "Kernel Info" overview shows the current error values of the internal embedded Linux clock. Both values are internally updated every second.

	General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
F	NTP Info		Kernel Info			
	<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u>		<b>Max. Error</b> 0.006500 s			
	Peers		Estimated Error 0.000002 s			
F	Server Configurat	ion				

This screenshot shows a maximum kernel clock error of 6.500 msec (milliseconds). The estimated error value is 2  $\mu$ s (microseconds).

The values indicated here are based on the calculation of the NTP service and have no significance for the accuracy of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).



### 7.3.3.3 Peers

The "Peers summary" is used to track the performance of the configured NTP server/driver and the NTP algorithm itself.

The information displayed is identical with the information available via NTPQ or NTPDC programs.

Each NTP server/driver that has been set up in the NTP server configuration is displayed in the peer information.

The connection status is displayed in the reachability column (not reachable, bad, medium, and reachable).

	General	Network		NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS	Sync Source	
	NTP Info		Peers	;						
	System Info			Peer	Stratum	Reachability	Delay	Offset	Dispersion	
	Kernel Info		*	HOPF_S(0)	0	reachable	0.000000	0.000000	0.000233	
	Peers									
L										
_	Server Configurat									

The first line displays the *hopf* - refclock ntp driver that gets the time information directly from the Sync Source.

A short explanation and definition of the displayed values can be found in Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles.

The character in the first column on the left presents the current status of the NTP association in the NTP selection algorithm. A list and description of possible characters can be found in the Glossary (see Chapter 13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)).



# 7.3.3.4 Server Configuration

The basic settings for NTP base functionality are displayed selecting the "Server Configuration" link.

General	Network	NTP PTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Syr	nc Source
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers		General Synchronization source GPS ✓ Log NTP Messages to Syslog disabled ✓	Switcl	l Operation h to specific stra led ↓ m in crystal ope		Broadcast Broadcast address Authentication None
Server Configure Server Configure Extended Configuration Restart NTP	guration	NTP servers				Key ID
Security Access Restri Symmetric Ko		Configured NTP servers Add Remove Server Identifier		Auther	ntication	Key ID
<u>Autokey</u>						

The *hopf* - refclock ntp driver is already configured as standard (127.127.38.0 in the "Peers Summary") and is not explicitly displayed here.

### 7.3.3.4.1 Synchronization Source (General / Synchronization source)

As "Synchronization source" either GPS or DCF77, depending on the appropriate Sync Source, has to be selected. This is required in order to align the NTP algorithm for the calculation of the accuracy with the synchronization source.



Based on the selection of GPS, even though GPS is not the source of the Sync Source (different product option) the value **HIGH** for **Accuracy** may never be reached.

# 7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)

This option enables or disables Syslog messages which are generated from the NTP service.

This value has no effect if Syslog is not configured in the ALARM tab (see *Chapter 7.3.5.1 Syslog Configuration*).



# 7.3.3.4.3 Crystal Operation

### Crystal Operation / Switch to Specific Stratum

If the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) runs in crystal operation (status "crystal") the NTP service of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS usually behaves in the way that the receipt of time information is stopped from the Sync Source and the stratum value reset to 16 (defined as invalid in NTP).



NTP Clients do not accept time information from a NTP Time Server with stratum 16 (invalid). Briefly, as long as the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS indicates the stratum value 16, NTP Clients are not synchronized.

This behaviour of NTP during crystal operation of the Sync Source can be changed. Therefore the function "Switch to specific stratum" should be enabled by setting the value to "enabled" and the so-called downgrading stratum (= stratum value of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS during crystal operation of the Sync Source).

For the synchronization of NTP Clients during crystal operation of the Sync Source or for testing the system without connected synchronization source, in the setting "enabled" any stratum value between 1 and 15 can be set.

### **Crystal Operation / Stratum in Crystal Operation**

The value defined here (range 1-15) designates the transmitted fall back NTP stratum level of the module in "Quartz" synchronization status. Stratum 1 should be configured if downgrading is not desired in status "Quartz".



The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP).



Using the option "Switch to specific stratum" the NTP Clients are synchronized with time information indicated in the general menu of the WebGUI of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) during crystal operating. Whether this time information (e.g. through drift) is imprecise or the time is manually set (wrong) cannot be detected by the NTP Client!



In case the value 1 is used for "Stratum in crystal operation", the NTP Client cannot not verify whether the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is synchronised or runs in crystal operation. Should a differentiation be wished between synchronized and crystal operation the downgrading stratum needs to be set to a value between 2 and 15.

The value is only adjustable if the "Switch to specific stratum" function is enabled.



# 7.3.3.4.4 Broadcast / Broadcast Address

This section is used to configure the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS as a broadcast or multicast server.

The broadcast mode in NTPv3 and NTPv4 is limited to clients on the same sub-network and Ethernets which support broadcast technology.

This technology does not generally extend beyond the first hop (network node - such as router or gateway).

The broadcast mode is provided for configurations which are designed to facilitate one or more servers and as many clients as possible in a sub-network. The server continuously generates broadcast messages at defined intervals, corresponding to 16 seconds (minpoll 4) for Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. Care should be taken to ensure that the correct broadcast address is used for the sub-network, usually xxx.xxx.255 (e.g. 192.168.1.255). If the broadcast address is not known, this can be requested from the network administrator.

This section can also be used to configure the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS as a multicast server. The configuration of a multicast server is similar to that of a broadcast server. However, a multicast group address (class D) is used instead of the broadcast address.

An explanation of multicast technology goes beyond the scope of this document.

In principle, a host or router sends a message to an IPv4 multicast group address and expects all hosts and routers to receive this message. In doing so, there is no limit to the number of senders and receivers and a sender may also be a receiver and vice-versa. The IANA has assigned the multicast group address IPv4 224.0.1.1 to the NTP, however this should only be used if the multicast range can be safely limited in order to protect neighbouring networks. As a basic principle, administratively manageable IPv4 group addresses should be used as described in RFC-2365 or GLOP group addresses as described in RFC-2770.

### 7.3.3.4.5 Broadcast / Authentication / Key ID

Broadcast packets can be protected by authentication for security reasons.

If a security method is selected here, this must be configured <u>additionally</u> in the security settings of the NTP tab. A key must be defined if the Symmetric Key is selected.

### 7.3.3.4.6 Additional NTP SERVERS

Adding further NTP servers provides the opportunity to implement a security system for the time service. However, this affects the accuracy and stability of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

Detailed information on this subject can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



# 7.3.3.5 Extended NTP Configuration

NTP is a standard for synchronising clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. For special applications a NON standard setting can be configured.

General	Network	ΝΤΡ	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers Server Configurat Server Configuration Restart NTP		ELEKTRONIK INCIDENTAL, WHATSOEVER SETTINGS OFF CONFIGURATI BUSINESS INT EVEN IF RDCS GMBH IS/ARE EXCLUSION A	WILL BO GMBH BE SPECIAL RELATE ERED IN CON, INC TERRUPT INFORM EXPRES ND WAIN	LIABLE TO AN , EXEMPLARY ( D TO OR ARISI I THE CURRENT LUDING, WITH ION, LOST SAV IATIONSTECHN SLY ADVISED ( /ER OF LIABILI	Y PARTY FOR A DR CONSEQUEN NG FROM THE CONFIGURAT OUT LIMITATI VINGS OR LOSS IOLOGIE GMBH DF THE POSSIE TY APPLIES TO	CHNOLOGIE GMBH AND HOPF ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, VITAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE USE OF THE NON-STANDARD ION SECTION EXTENDED ON, ANY LOST PROFITS, S OF PROGRAMS OR OTHER DATA, I AND/OR HOPF ELEKTRONIK SILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THIS O ALL CAUSES OF ACTION, I, OR ANY OTHER LEGAL
Security Access Restricti Symmetric Key Autokey		Non-Standard Set Block Output whe disabled ✓ Timebase (defaul UTC ✓	n Stratum t: UTC)	Unspecified (defa	ılt: disabled)	

For activation of this special NTP setting, the customer's approval shown in the WebGUI needed to be declared by checking the field "I agree".

### 7.3.3.5.1 Suppression of unspecified NTP Outputs (Block Output when Stratum Unspecified)

Unspecified NTP outputs that e.g. are generated by NTP at a restart are suppressed when this function is enabled.

### 7.3.3.5.2 NTP Timebase

For custom applications this function enables adjustment of the time base of the NTP output.



Entering this function the transmitted time protocol of the Time Server is not conform to the NTP standard anymore. According to the NTP standard NTP uses only the UTC time base. The NTP

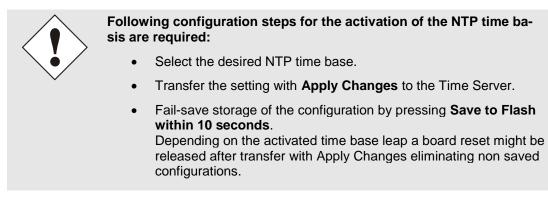
time protocol does not allow any leaps in time.



#### This function is only allowed for the Output of NTP

In case of activated function the output of the Time Server for SINEC H1 TIME DATAGRAM / TIME / DAYTIME is released with a wrong time basis. Therefore this datagram should be deactivated for security reasons.





### UTC - NTP with Time Basis UTC

According to the RFC standard NTP uses only the UTC time base.

#### NTP with the Time Base Standard Time

Using the NTP time protocol with the standard time base the released time information correspond with UTC plus the time difference, adjusted in the base system <u>without</u> considering the daylight saving time changeover.

#### NTP with the Time Base Local Time

Output of the NTP time protocol with the local time base the released time information correspond with UTC plus the time difference and the additional offset for the possible summer time, adjusted in the base system.

NTP does not allow any leaps in time. Using the NTP time protocol with the local time base the internal NTP process of a board is restarted based on a summer-/winter time adjustment.



Using the NTP time protocol with the local time base the summer-/winter time adjustment is released one to two minutes belated.

Afterwards the local time is correctly available in the NTP time protocol. Therefore, within this transition period a requested NTP time protocol is replied by the former time base.



Changing the time base for the output of the protocol for NTP is only designed for customized applications and does not correspond with the standard of NTP. The synchronisation of a standard NTP-Client with a time basis deviating from UTC results in a wrong time information in the standard NTP-Client and might cause time leaps!



# 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP

The following screen appears after clicking on the Restart NTP option:

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers			inutes u	crease accurac ntil NTP reach i really want to	es high	
Server Configuration Server Configuration Extended Configuration Restart NTP		Restart now	]			

Restarting NTP services is the only possibility of making NTP changes effective without having to restart the entire Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. As can be seen from the warning message, the currently reachable stability and accuracy get lost caused by this restart.



After a restart of the NTP service it takes up to 10 minutes until the NTP service on the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is completely adjusted.



# 7.3.3.7 Configuring the NTP Access Restrictions

One of the extended configuration options for NTP is the "Access Restrictions" (NTP access restrictions).

General Network	<b>NTP</b> РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync So	urce	
NTP Info	Access Restrictions					
<u>System Info</u> Kernel Info	Default restriction ignore	kod n	oquery nope	er noserver	notrap notru	ist version
Peers	default nomodify 🛛 🗹	<b>v</b>		<b>v</b>		
	Restrictions					
Server Configuration	Add Remove					
Server Configuration	IPv4/IPv6 Address	N	letmask	ignore kod noquery	nopeer noserver no	otrap notrust version
Extended Configuration	192.168.2.112	2	255.255.252.0			
Restart NTP	☐ <u>192.168.100.32</u>	2	255.255.255.0			
Security						
Access Restrictions Symmetric Keys						
Autokey						

Restrictions are used in order to control access to the System's NTP service and these are regrettably the most misunderstood options of the NTP configuration.

If you are not familiar with these options, a detailed explanation can be found at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.



IP addresses should be used when configuring the restrictions – no Hostnames!

The following steps show how restrictions can be configured - should these not be required it is sufficient to retain the standard settings.

The standard restrictions tell the NTP service how to handle packets of hosts (including remote time servers) and sub-network which otherwise have no special restrictions.

The NTP configuration can simplify the selection of the correct standard restrictions while making the required security available.

Before beginning the configuration the points **7.3.3.7.1** to **7.3.3.7.4** must be checked by the user:

### 7.3.3.7.1 NAT or Firewall

Threat Level

 Are incoming connections to the NTP Service blocked by NAT or a Stateful Inspection Firewall?

 No
 Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access

 No
 Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network



# 7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access

Is it really necessary to block all connections from unauthorised hosts if the NTP Service is openly accessible?										
No	Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests									
Yes	In this case the following restrictions are to be used: ignore in the default restrictions  If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exceptions can be declared in separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub network. See Chapter									
	separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub-network. See <i>Chapter</i> 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard Restrictions									

## 7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests

time infor	s to be allowed to see the server status information w mation from the NTP service (even if this is information system and NTPD version)?	-								
	In this case select from the following standard restrictions: See <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options</i>									
No	kod	$\checkmark$								
	notrap nopeer									
	noquery.	$\checkmark$								
	In this case select from the following standard restrictions: See <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options</i>									
	kod	$\checkmark$								
Yes	notrap nopeer									
	If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exceptions can be de- clared in separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub-net- work. See <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard Re-</i> <i>strictions</i>									

## 7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network Threat Level

How muc	How much protection from internal network clients is required?										
	The following restrictions can be enabled if greater security settings than the in stalled authentication are required in order to protect the NTP service from the clients see <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options</i>										
Yes	kod notrap nopeer	$\overline{\checkmark}$									



## 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard Restrictions

After the standard restrictions have been set once, certain exceptions may be necessary for special hosts/sub-networks in order to allow remote time servers and client hosts/sub-networks to contact the NTP service.

These standard restrictions are to be added in the form of restriction lines.

Access Restrictions												
Default restriction	ignore	kod	noquery	nopeer		noserv	/er	notrap	n	otrust	versi	ion
default nomodify	$\checkmark$	~	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$			$\checkmark$	~				
Restrictions       Add     Remove												
IPv4/IPv6 Address	5		Netmask	i	ignore	e kod n	oquer	/ nopeer n	oserve	er notrap	notrust	version
192.168.2.112			255.255.2	52.0	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		
192.168.100.32			255.255.2	55.0	$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$			



An unrestricted access of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS to its own NTP service is always allowed, irrespective of whether standard restrictions are ignored or not. This is necessary in order to be able to display NTP data on the web interface.

#### Add restriction exception: (for each remote time server)

Restrictions:	Press ADD							
	Enter the IP address of the remote time server.							
	Enable restrictions: e.g.							
	notrap / nopeer / noquery							
Allow unrestricted acces	<b>ss</b> to a special host (e.g. System administrator's workstation):							
Restrictions:	Press ADD							
	IP address 192.168.1.101							
	Do not enable any restrictions							
Allow a <b>sub-network</b> to r	receive time server and query server statistics:							
Restrictions:	Press ADD							
	IP address 192.168.1.0							
	Network mask 255.255.255.0							
	notrap / nopeer 🗹							
-								

The entry of exceptions also works for IPv6 addresses. For this, the IPv6 address must be entered in the column IPv4/IPv6 Address and the length of the IPv6 net mask must be entered in the Netmask column.



## 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options

The official documentation concerning the current implementation of the restriction instructions can be found on the "Access Control Options" page at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

Numerous access control options are used. The most important of these are described in detail here.

**nomodify** – "Do not allow this host/sub-network to modify the NTPD settings unless it has the correct key."



Default Settings:

Always active. Can't be modified by the user.

As standard, NTP requires authentication with a symmetric key in order to carry out modifications with NTPDC. If a symmetric key is not configured for the NTP service, or if this is kept in a safe place, it is not necessary to use the nomodify option unless the authentication procedure appears to be unsafe.

noserver - "Do not transmit time to this host/sub-network."

This option is used if a host/sub-network is only allowed access to the NTP service in order to monitor or remotely configure the service.

notrust - "Ignore all NTP packets which are not encrypted."

This option tells the NTP service that all NTP packets which are not encrypted should be ignored (it should be noted that this is a change from ntp-4.1.x). The notrust option MUST NOT be used unless NTP Crypto (e.g. symmetric key or Autokey) has been correctly configured on both sides of the NTP connection (e.g. NTP service and remote time server, NTP service and client).

noquery - "Do not allow this host/sub-network to request the NTP service status."

The ntpd status request function, provided by ntpd/ntpdc, declassifies certain information over the running ntpd Base System (e.g. operating system version, ntpd version) which under certain circumstances ought not to be made known to others. It must be decided whether it is more important to hide this information or to give clients the possibility of seeing synchronization information over ntpd.

ignore - "In this case ALL packets are refused, including ntpq and ntpdc requests".

**kod** – "A kiss-o'-death (KoD) packet is transmitted if this option is enabled in the case of an access error." KoD packets are limited. They cannot be transmitted more frequently than once per second. Any KoD packet which occurs within one second from the last packet is removed.

**notrap** – "Denies support for the mode 6 control message trap service in order to equalize hosts." The trap service is a sub-system of the ntpq control message protocols. This service logs remote events in programmes.

version - "Denies packets which do not correspond to the current NTP version."



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter* **7.3.3.6** *Restart NTP*).



## 7.3.3.8 Symmetric Key

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers Server Configuratio Server Configuration Server Configuration Restart NTP		Symmetric Keys Request Key Control Key Symmetric Key Add Remov Key ID	5	MD5 Key		
Security Access Restriction Symmetric Keys Autokey	1 <u>5</u>					

### 7.3.3.8.1 Why Authentication?

Most NTP users do not require authentication as the protocol contains several filters (for bad time).

Despite this, however, the use of authentication is common. There are certain reasons for this:

- Time should only be used from safe sources
- An attacker broadcasts false time signals
- An attacker poses as another time server

### 7.3.3.8.2 How is Authentication used in the NTP Service?

Client and server can execute an authentication whereby a code word is used on the client side and a restriction on the server side.

NTP uses keys to implement the authentication. These keys are used when data are exchanged between two machines.

In principle both sides must know this key. The key can generally be found in the "\*.\*/etc/ntp.keys" directory. It is unencrypted and hidden from public view. This means that the key has to be distributed on a safe route to all communication partners. The key can be downloaded for distribution under "Downloads / Configuration Files" on the DEVICE tab. It is necessary to be logged in as "Master" in order to access this.

The keyword key of a client's ntp.conf determines the key that is used to communicate with the designated server (e.g. the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS). The key must be reliable if time is to be synchronised. Authentication causes a delay. This delay is automatically taken into account and adjusted in the current versions.



### 7.3.3.8.3 How is a key created?

A key is a sequence of up to 31 ASCII characters. Some characters with special significance cannot be used (alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used: [] () \* - \_ ! **\$ % & / = ?**).

A new line can be inserted by pressing the **ADD** key. The key which is stored in the key file is entered on this line. The key ID is used to identify the key and is in the range from 1 – 65534. This means that 65534 different keys can be defined.

Duplicate key ID's are not allowed. Having now explained the principles of keys, it should be possible to use a key in practically the same way as a password.

The value of the request key field is used as the password for the ntpdc tool while the value of the control key field is used as the password for the ntpg tool.

More information is available at http://www.ntp.org/.

#### 7.3.3.8.4 How does authentication work?

The basic authentication is a digital signature and no data encryption (if there are any differences between the two). The data packet and the key are used to create a non-reversible number which is attached to the packet.

The receiver (which has the same key) carries out the same calculation and compares the results. Authentication has been successful if the results agree.



### 7.3.3.9 Autokey

NTPv4 offers a new Autokey scheme based on **public key cryptography**.

As a basic principle, **public key cryptography** is safer than **symmetric key cryptography** as protection is based on a private value which is generated by each host and is never visible.

General	Network	ΝΤΡ	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info	(	Autokey Configur	ation			
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u> <u>Peers</u>		Autokey Enabled disabled ✓ Autokey Passwor				
Server Configurat	tion					
<u>Server Configur</u> <u>Extended</u> <u>Configuration</u> <u>Restart NTP</u>	ration	Key Generation Generate Server				
		Upload Group Key	/		Durchsuchen	
Security		Upload now				
Access Restricti Symmetric Key Autokey						

In order to enable Autokey v2 authentication, the "Autokey Enabled" option must be set to "enabled" and a password specified (may not be blank).

A new server key and certificate can be generated by pressing the "Generate now" button.



Generate now

This should be carried out regularly as these keys are only valid for one year.

If the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is to form part of an NTP trust group, a group key can be defined and uploaded with the "Upload now" button.

Detailed information about the NTP Autokey scheme can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter* **7.3.3.6** *Restart NTP*).



## 7.3.4 PTP Tab

This Tab shows information and adjustment possibilities of the PTP service of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

PTP functionality is provided by a PTP-Demon running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

Depending on the receiving conditions and under unfavourable circumstances it may take several hours until long-term accuracy is obtained (normally 5-10 minutes).

The PTP-Demon is implemented according to standard IEEE 1588-2008. More detailed description of the adjustable value in the PTP tab and their effects on the PTP-Demon can be found in this standard.

## 7.3.4.1 PTP Configuration

The "PTP Configuration" window provides basic settings of the PTP service.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
PTP PTP Configurati PTP IEEE C37.2 Power Profile Sc PTP Advanced S PTP Leap Secon	on 38 ettings Settings	PTP Configurat PTP Enable enabled $\checkmark$ PTP Interface ETH1 $\checkmark$ PTP Domain 0 PTP Priority 1 128 PTP Priority 2 128 PTP Profile IEEE C37.238 Recommend Network inte	tion B Power Profile ed Network Se erface operatio	✓ ettings for PTP:		GPS Sync Source

#### PTP Enable

This option activates or deactivates the PTP service.

Remark: Changes in the "Network Interface ..." settings in the "NETWORK" tab, can lead to the deactivation of "PTP Enable".

#### PTP Interface

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This option sets the network interface that is used by the PTP service.

The content of the drop down depends on the settings in the "NETWORK" tab.

If "NIC Bonding / Teaming active" is active, only "BOND0" can be chosen.

If "NIC PRP active" is active, only "PRP0" can be chosen.

If "NIC Bonding / Teaming active" and "NIC PRP active" are inactive, "ETH0" or "ETH1" can be chosen.



#### **PTP Domain**

This option controls the PTP domain.

• Value-range: 0 to 255

#### **PTP Priority 1**

This option controls the PTP priority 1.

• Value-range: 0 to 255

#### PTP Priority 2

This option controls the PTP priority 2.

• Value-range: 0 to 255

#### PTP Profile

This option supports the selection of predefined profiles. Either "None" or "IEEE C37.238 Power Profile" can be selected.

If "IEEE C37.238 Power Profile" is selected, all settings in the "PTP Advanced Settings" window are set according to the standard IEEE C37.238 and all the settings in that window cannot be modified. The options in the "PTP IEEE C37.238 Power Profile Settings" window are only used by the PTP service when this profile is selected.

If "None" is selected, the settings in the "PTP Advanced Settings" window can be modified and the settings in the "PTP IEEE C37.238 Power Profile Settings" window are not used by the PTP service.

### 7.3.4.2 PTP IEEE C37.238 Power Profile Settings

The "PTP IEEE C37.238 Power Profile Settings" window supplies settings for the IEEE C37.238 standard. They only affect the PTP service if the "IEEE C37.238 Power Profile" profile is selected in the "PTP Configuration" window.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	Output 🗸 🖓 🖓
PTP Configurati PTP IEEE C37.2 Power Profile S PTP Advanced S	on 138 ettings Settings	PTP Organizati PTP Grandmas 3	on Extension for ter ID	IEEE C37.238	Power Profile		
PTP Leap Secor		PTP Alternate	Time Offset for I ne ]	EEE C37.238 P	ower Profile		

#### **PTP Grandmaster ID**

This option controls the PTP Grandmaster ID.

• Value-range: 3 to 254



#### Time Zone Name

This option controls the time zone name.

• String length: 10 characters

This setting is used as "display name" in the "ALTERNATE\_TIME\_OFFSET\_INDICATOR TLV". The other parameters that are needed by this TLV are taken from the system settings.

### 7.3.4.3 PTP Advanced Settings

The "PTP Advanced Settings" window supplies settings for the communication of the PTP service. These settings can be only changed, if the "PTP Profile" is set to "None" in the "PTP Configuration" window.

	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	Output 🗸 🖓 🗖
PTF Pov PTF	P Configurati P IEEE C37.2 wer Profile Se P Advanced S P Leap Secon	38 attings Gettings	PTP Advanced Settings can C37.238 Pov PTP Transport Ethernet PTP sync inter 0 PTP pdelay re 0 PTP announce 0 PTP announce 2	not be cha wer Profile is t rval (2^x sec auest interva a interval (2^	s activated! :) al (2^x sec) `x sec)			

#### PTP Transport

This setting determines the network protocol that is used by the PTP service. Possible choices: "Ethernet / P2P", "Ethernet / E2E" and "IPv4 / E2E"

#### PTP sync interval (2<sup>x</sup> sec)

This setting determines the sending interval of SYNC messages of the PTP service.

The sending interval is calculated in the following way:

- x ... selected value in the WebGUI
- Sending interval =  $2^{x}$
- Value-range: -7 to 6

The sending interval can be chosen between 0.0078125 seconds up to 64 seconds.



#### PTP pdelay request interval (2<sup>x</sup> sec)

This setting determines the sending interval of Path Delay or Delay messages of the PTP service.

The sending interval is calculated in the following way:

- x ... selected value in the WebGUI
- Sending interval = 2<sup>x</sup>
- Value-range: -7 to 6

The sending interval can be chosen between 0.0078125 seconds up to 64 seconds.

#### PTP announce interval (2<sup>x</sup> sec)

This setting determines the sending interval of Announce messages of the PTP service.

The sending interval is calculated in the following way:

- x ... selected value in the WebGUI
- Sending interval = 2<sup>x</sup>
- Value-range: -4 to 6

The sending interval can be chosen between 0. 0625 seconds up to 64 seconds.

#### **PTP** announce timeout

This setting determines how many seconds the PTP service stays in the LISTENING state.

• Value-range: 2 to 255

The value entered corresponds to the seconds that the PTP service spends in the LISTENING state.

### 7.3.4.4 PTP Leap Second File

The "PTP Leap Second File" window supplies a functionality to upload a Leap-Second-File to the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

This file informs the PTP service, how many seconds UTC and TAI time differs.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	Output	20
PTP PTP Configurati PTP IEEE C37.2 Power Profile S PTP Advanced S PTP Leap Secor	on 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138 138	PTP Leap Seco Update file: Upload no UTC-TAI offse 37 sec	w		Durchsuchen			

In case of announcing a leap second by the synchronization source the leap second file will automatically be updated.

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If time server 8030NTS/GPS is not in operation during the whole announcing time, it is not possible for the application to update its leap second file. The leap second file needs to be updated next time when time server is put in operation.



On the following website https://www.ietf.org/timezones/data/leap-seconds.list a current version of the leap second file can be downloaded.

#### **UTC-TAI offset**

This field shows the actual value, that the PTP service uses, for the difference of UTC and TAI time.

#### **Date of Next Leap Second**

This box shows if and if yes when the next leap second is going to be inserted.



## 7.3.5 ALARM Tab (Activation Key necessary)

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

### 7.3.5.1 Syslog Configuration

It is necessary to enter the name or IPv4 or IPv6 address of a Syslog server in order to store every configured alarm situation which occurs on the module in a Linux/Unix Syslog. If every-thing is configured correctly and enabled (depending on the Syslog level), every message is transmitted to the Syslog server and stored in the Syslog file there.

#### Syslog uses Port 514.

It should be noted that the standard Linux/Unix Syslog mechanism is used for this functionality. This is not the same as the Windows System Event mechanism!

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Alarm Configurati Syslog Configura eMail Configura SNMP Configura	ation	Syslog Configu Syslog Logging enabled V Server Identifi	J Enabled			
Alarm Messages		Alarm Level				

The alarm level designates the priority level of the messages to be transmitted and the level from which transmission should take place (see *Chapter 7.3.5.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm

The NTP service implemented in the system can transmit its own Syslog messages (see *Chapter 7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)*).



## 7.3.5.2 E-mail Configuration

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	Sync Source
Alarm Configurati Syslog Configur eMail Configura SNMP Configura Alarm Messages Alarm Message	ion	eMail Configura eMail Notificati enabled V SMTP Server 192.168.100 Sender Address timeserver eMail Address Add Remo	ition Enabled		Alarm Level none info warning error alarm	Sync Source

E-mail notification is one of the important features of this device which offers technical personnel the opportunity to monitor and/or control the IT environment.

It is possible to configure various, independing E-mail addresses which each have different alarm levels.

Dependending on the configured level, an E-mail is sent after an error has occurred on the respective receiver.

A valid E-mail server (SMTP server) must be entered for the purpose of correct configuration.

Some E-mail servers only accept messages if the sender address entered is valid (spam protection). This can be inserted in the "Sender Address" field.

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.5.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm

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## 7.3.5.3 SNMP Configuration / TRAP Configuration

It is possible to use an SNMP agent (with MIB) or to configure SNMP traps in order to monitor the module over SNMP.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm		Device	Sync Source	
Alarm Configurati Syslog Configur eMail Configura SNMP Configura Alarm Messages Alarm Message	on ration tion ation	SNMP Configur SNMP Traps Er enabled V Alarm Level info V SNMP Traps	ation habled	P 	ort lumber 162	Community		
			e SNMP servico menu to use t		ure!			

SNMP traps are sent to the configured hosts over the network. It should be noted that these are based on UDP and therefore it is not certain that they will reach the configured host!

Several hosts can be configured. However, all have the same alarm level.

The private *hopf* enterprise MIB is also available over the web (see *Chapter 7.3.6.6 Down-loading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB*).

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.5.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm



The SNMP protocol must be enabled in order to use SNMP (see **Chapter 7.3.2.7 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)**).



## 7.3.5.4 Alarm Messages

Every message shown in the image can be configured with the displayed alarm levels. Selection of the level NONE means that this message is completely ignored.

	General	Network	NTP	PTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Sour	ce
ſ	Alarm Configurati	ion	Alarm Message	5				
	Syslog Configura eMail Configura SNMP Configura	tion	Message Accuracy cha Synchronizati	ion status ha	2			Alarm Level info V info V
	Alarm Messages Alarm Message	5	NTP System ( NTP Stratum Firmware upo Leapsecond h	has changeo late has bee	d n performed	place with th	e next hour change	none info warning error alarm
			Reboot by User has been initiated Changes made in the configuration have been saved to flash disc Daylight saving time change has been announced - will take place with the				none V	
			next hour cha Daylight savi	ange ng time indio	cator has changed tellites changed be			none V
			Currently trac	cked GPS Sa	tellites are ZERO tellites changed ab		4	none V
			,		ror has changed rror has changed			none V

Depending on the messages, their configured levels and notifications levels of the E-mails, a corresponding action is carried out if an event occurs.



Modified settings are failsafe stored after Apply and Save only.



## 7.3.6 DEVICE Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

/						~	-2017 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device		GPS Sync Source	2
Device		Device Info						
Device Info		Device Type						
Hardware Info		8030NTS						
Factory Defaults		Device Uptime						
Custom Defaults	5	0 days 00 hou	urs 15 minute	es				
Reboot Device		Serial Number						
Hardware Reset		8030010087						
Image Update		Image Version						
H8 Firmware Up		03.02 (P1)						
Upload Certifica Customized Sec		Image Program	n Date					
Banner		06.04.2017						
Product Activati								

This tab provides the basic information about the hardware of Module 8030NTS as well as software/firmware. Password administration and the update services for the module are also made accessible via this website. The complete download zone is also a component of this site.

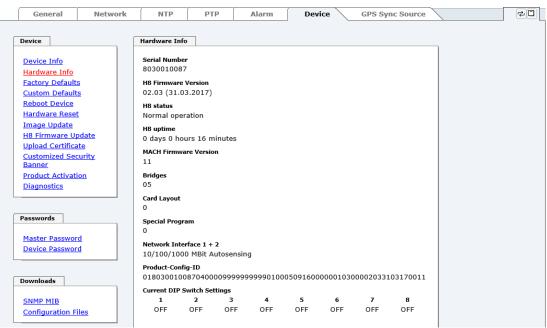
### 7.3.6.1 Device Information

All information is available exclusively in write-protected and read-only form. Details on the board type, serial number and current software versions are provided to the user for service and enquiry purposes.

#### 7.3.6.2 Hardware Information

Read-only access is provided here in the same way as for device information.

The user requires this information in the case of service requests, e.g. MACH version, hardware status etc.



The display "Current DIP Switch Settings" is not applicable for this device.



### 7.3.6.3 Restoring the Factory Defaults Settings

In some cases it may be necessary or wished to reset all settings of Module 8030NTS to factory settings (factory defaults).

Device	Factory Defaults
Device Info	WARNING!
Hardware Info	RESET to factory defaults is a critical action, all
Factory Defaults	values will be set to default - the device will be
Custom Defaults	rebootet immediately. Are you sure you want
Reboot Device	to reset to factory defaults now?
Hardware Reset	
<u>Image Update</u>	Reset now
H8 Firmware Update	Reset now
Upload Certificate	
Customized Security	

This function serves to reset all values in the flash memory to their factory default values.

This also includes passwords (see Chapter 12.1 Factory Default Values of Module 8030NTS (Device)).

Please log in as a "Master" user in accordance with the description in Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User

Pressing the "Reset now" button releases setting of the factory default values.

Once this procedure has been triggered there is NO possibility of restoring the deleted configuration.



A Factory Default requires a complete check and optionally a new configuration of the Module 8030NTS. In particularly the default MASTER and DEVICE passwords should be reset.



## 7.3.6.4 Restarting the Module (Reboot Device / Hardware Reset)



The restart concerns the Module 8030HEPTA and the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).

Reboot Device: Restart of the internal Operating System

Device	Reboot Device
Device Info	WARNING!
Hardware Info	REBOOT is a critical action, all unsaved
Factory Defaults	changes will be lost. Are you sure you want to
Reboot Device	reboot the device now?
Hardware Reset	
Image Update	
H8 Firmware Update	Reboot now
Upload Certificate	
Customized Security	

Hardware Reset: Board Reset including all Hardware components

Device	Hardware Reset
Device Info	WARNING!
Hardware Info	
Factory Defaults	HARDWARE RESET is a critical action, synchronization will be lost. Are you sure that
Reboot Device	you want to perform the reset now?
Hardware Reset	
<u>Image Update</u>	
H8 Firmware Update	Perform Reset now
Upload Certificate	
Customized Security	

All settings <u>not</u> saved with "**Save**" are lost on Reboot / Hardware Reset (see *Chapter 7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data*).

Moreover the **NTP service** implemented in the system is restarted. This leads to a renewed alignment phase with the loss of the stability and accuracy reached up to this point.

Log in is carried out as "Master" user in accordance with the description in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User* Press the "**Reboot now**" button and wait until the restart has been performed.



### 7.3.6.5 Image Update for Module 8030NTS (WebGUI: Device)

Patches and Bug Fixes are provided for the individual boards by means of updates.

The embedded image is loaded only via the web interface in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS (log in as "master" user required). See also *Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update*.

The following points should be considered regarding updates:
<ul> <li>Only experienced users or trained technical personnel should carry out a board update after checking all necessary preconditions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Important: Faulty updates or update attempts may, under certain circumstances, require the module to be returned to the factory for repair at customer's expense.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Is the update on hand suitable for the module? If there are any doubts please consult the support of the <i>hopf</i> company.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>In order to guarantee a correct update, the "New version of saved site" function must be set to "On each access to the site" on the In- ternet browser used.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>During the update procedure, the device must not be switched off nor settings be saved to the flash memory!</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Updates are <u>always</u> carried out as Software SETs. That means that all programmes included in the SET must be downloaded to the sys- tem.</li> </ul>
• For the update pay attention to point described in <i>Chapter 4.4 Firm-ware Update</i>

In order to carry out an update, enter the name and the folder in which the update / firmware image is located in the text field or open the file selection dialogue by pressing the "Browse" button.

Correct firmware and image designations are (e.g.):

H8_8030_v0114_128. <b>mot</b>	for the <b>H8 firmware</b> (update takes approx. 1-1.5 minutes)
upgrade_8030gen_v0120. <b>img</b>	for the <b>embedded image</b> (update takes approx. 2-3 minutes)



The update process is started by pressing the "**Update now**" button. The update is installed if the transfer and checksum test are successful. A success page is displayed and shows the number of bytes that have been transferred and installed.

Device	H8 Firmware Update
Device Info	WARNING!
ardware Info	H8 FIRMWARE UPDATE is a critical action. Please
actory Defaults	ensure not to switch off power during upload!
Reboot Device	Device will be rebootet automatically after update!
Hardware Reset	Update file:
<u>nage Update</u>	Durchsuchen
<u>8 Firmware Update</u>	Burdibucit
pload Certificate	
ustomized Security	Upload now
Banner	
Product Activation	
Diagnostics	

A restart of the device with the new Firmware is done automatically after the H8-Firmware update.

The procedure for the **Image update** differs only in how the device is restarted.

Device Info	WARNING!			
	WARNING!			
<u>Hardware Info</u>	IMAGE UPDATE is a critical action.			
Factory Defaults	This action takes several minutes!			
Reboot Device	Please ensure not to switch off power during			
Hardware Reset	update!			
<u>Image Update</u>				
H8 Firmware Update	CAUTION: It is highly recommended to set the operation mode of the network interfaces to "Auto			
Upload Certificate	negotiate" during update operation!			
Customized Security	Update file:			
Banner	Durchsuchen			
Product Activation	Durchsuchen			
Discretica				
<u>Diagnostics</u>	Update now			

After the image-update the WebGUI displays a window to confirm the restart (reboot) of the device.



## 7.3.6.1 Upload SSL-Server-Certificate

This offers the possibility to encrypt the https connections to the device with a user-provided SSL server certificate.

Device	Upload Certificate
Device Info	WARNING!
Hardware Info	IIPLOAD a Certificate is a critical action. Please
Factory Defaults	ensure not to switch off power during upload and
Reboot Device	reboot after upload!
Hardware Reset	Update file:
<u>mage Update</u>	Durchsuchen
18 Firmware Update	Durchsuchen
Upload Certificate	
ustomized Security	Upload now
Banner	
Product Activation	

## 7.3.6.2 Customized Security Banner

Special security information displayed in the General tab can be entered here by the user.

vice	Customized Security Banner for General Tab
evice Info	Security Banner Text (max. 2000 characters)*
ardware Info	This is a Security Banner Text for special custom information shown in the
ry Defaults	general tab!
ot Device	
Update	
are Update	
ertificate	
zed Security	
Activation	
ostics	

The security information can be written as 'unformatted' text. There are 2000 characters available to write failsafe into the device.

When saving the text, only the following characters are accepted (all other characters are discarded and therefore not displayed on the General page!):

- Capital letters (A...Z)
- Lowercase letters (a...z)
- Numbers (0...9)
- The following special characters: space (" "), exclamation mark ("!"), Comma (","), dot ("."), Colon (":"), question mark ("?")

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source			
Customized Sec	usity Rappor								
	Customized Security Banner								
This is a Security Banner Text for special custom information shown in the general tab!									

After a successful storage the "Customized Security Banner" with the saved security information is displayed in the General-Tab.

To delete the "Customized Security Banner" the inserted text must be deleted and saved again.

GPS - NTP Time Server with 2x 10/100/1000 MBit LAN Interface 8030NTS/GPS - V04.00



## 7.3.6.3 Product Activation

For the activation of optional functions, e.g "Network Interface Bonding/Teaming", a special activation key is required for which an order with the *hopf* Elektronik GmbH can be placed. Each activation key is related to a special board with an appropriate serial number and cannot be used for several boards.



For a subsequent order of an activation key the serial number of the Module 8030NTS (device) needs to be provided. The serial number can be found under the tab DEVICE – Device info (serial number 8030...).



The settings for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither deleted nor restored via the function FACTORY DEFAULTS.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Dev	ice	Sync Source	
Device	۱ ۲	Overview						
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Default Reboot Device Image Update H8 Firmware Up Upload Certifica Customized Sec Banner Product Activati Diagnostics	<u>pdate</u> ate curity	Static Routin Alarming an Network Int IEC 62439-3 IEEE 802.10	d managemer erface Bondin 3 Parallel Redu 2 Tagged VLAI	nt features g/Teaming undancy Protoco	I (PRP)	Status Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive Inactive	N/A N/A N/A N/A	
Diagnostics Passwords	[	Activate Featu						
Master Passwor Device Passwor	_	Insert Activation Key						
Downloads	F	Key Reset						
<u>SNMP MIB</u> Configuration F	iles	WARNING! The activated features won't be available anymore after reset. If you want to reactivate this features you will have to enter the activation keys again.						
		Perform Key Reset now						



#### Overview

Full listening of all optional functions with the current activation status and stored activation key

#### Activate Feature

Input field to enter a new activation key. After entering the feature is activated by pressing the  $\square$  Apply button.

If the activation was successful the new feature is listed in the overview with status "Active" and can be used immediately.

#### **Key Reset**

Clears all activation keys and sets all optional features to status "Inactive". All other non-optional features are still available after performing the key reset. If an optional feature is enabled again, the last stored configuration for this feature is restored.

### 7.3.6.4 Diagnostics Function

It "status messages" is enabled the output is processed as SYSLOG message. This function should only be used/enabled in case a problem arises and after consulting the *hopf* support.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	Sync Source
Device Info Hardware Info Factory. Defaults Reboot Device Image Update H8 Firmware Up Upload Certifica Customized Sec Banner Product Activati Diagnostics	2 Idate te urity		nostics es	_		

### 7.3.6.5 Passwords (Master/Device)

Differentiation is made between upper and lower case characters in passwords. In principle, all alphanumeric characters and the following symbols are allowed in passwords:

[]()\*-\_!\$%&/=?

(See also Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User)



A new password must contain at least one capital letter and lowercase letter, a number, and six characters.



#### 7.3.6.6 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB

In order to be able to download certain configuration files via the web interface, it is necessary to be logged on as a **"master"** user.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
Device Device Info Hardware Info Factory Default		Configuration	Files P-Configuration	nfile			
Reboot Device Image Update H8 Firmware Up Upload Certifica Customized Sec Banner Product Activat	ate curity	Click he         Download NTF         Click he	ere to downlo Group-Key (I re to downlo	FF)			
Diagnostics Passwords Master Passwor Device Passwor	<u>d</u>	<mark>⊯</mark> <u>Click h</u>	iration rice Configurat ere to downli evice Config	oad			
Downloads SNMP MIB Configuration F	iles						



The loaded file **System Configuration** from the module is only used for support purposes and cannot be reloaded for adjusting the settings in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



For the download of the file **System Configuration** the following process is mandatory:

- 1. Pressing the button SAVE
- 2. Pressing the button Refresh System Configuration
- 3. After approximately 30 seconds, the files are available for the download
- 4. Press on the link Configuration Files to update the web site
- 5. Perform the download of the file

The "private *hopf* enterprise MIB" is also available via the WebGUI in this area.

Downloads	SNMP MIB
SNMP MIB Configuration Files	Download hopf8030NTS MIB Click here to download



## 7.3.7 GPS SYNC SOURCE Tab

The complete display and parameterization of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) takes place in this tab.

The modified values in the tab GPS SYNC SOURCE are directly transferred to the Module 8024GPS (Sync Source) by pressing the button 1 and failsafe stored in Module 8024GPS. This behaviour is indicated on the modified display of the Apply button. The buttons 2 and 3 are without function in the tab GPS SYNC SOURCE and are not required.





After the data transfer to 8024GPS it can take up to 30 seconds until the modified data are re-read from 8030NTS for the WebGUI indication.

This delayed indication has no effect on the functionality.



Generally it is recommended to perform a restart of the the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) with a **Module Reset** after performing all modifications. This ensures that the Module 8024GPS will be operated with the new and failsafe stored data.



## 7.3.7.1 Time and Status

	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
	Time and Status	] (	Current Sync	Source Time	]		
	<u>Time and Statu</u>	<u>s</u>		04.2018	тіме 08:11:44 DS	ят	
F	Time Settings		UTC 26.	04.2018	06:11:44		
	<u>Set Time/Date</u> <u>Time Zone Offs</u> <u>Daylight Saving</u>		Announcemer		STD ⇔ DST		
	GPS		Inact		Inactive		
	<u>Reception Quali</u> <u>Reception Mode</u>	2					
	Receiver Position		Sync Source S	NIZATION			
	Sync Source Modu	ıle	📕 R (S	YNC)			
	Module Info Module Reset					1	

#### **Current Sync Source Time**

This area indicates the current time and date of the Sync Source. Both the local and UTC time are displayed.



In theory, depending on the synchronization status of the Sync Source, the time displayed here can differ from the NTP time since two independent time systems are involved.

#### **Announcements**

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corresponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switch-over of summer/winter time).

#### Sync Source Status

Display of the actual status of synchronization of the Sync Source with these possible values:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇒ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time



## 7.3.7.2 Set Sync Source Time

Adjustment of UTC including the date in the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS)

After entering the plausibility of these values are directly checked by clicking on the Apply button and then sent to the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).



Always the UTC time must be set. The local time is internally calculated from the difference time (Time Zone Offset) and the summer / winter time changeover (Daylight Saving Time).

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Time and Status	<u>s</u>	Set UTC Time/ Year (YYYY)	Date Month (MM)	Day (dd)		
Time Settings		Hour (hh)	Minute (mm)	Second (ss)		
Time Zone Offs Daylight Saving						

- Year Input of the current UTC year (2000-2099)
- Input of the current UTC month (01-12) Month
- Day Input of the current UTC day (01-31)
- Input of the current UTC hour (00-23) Hour
- Input of the current UTC minute (00-59) Minute
- Input of the current UTC second (00-59) Second



The input must be complete and according to the stated format.



## 7.3.7.3 Time Zone Offset

Setting of the difference time (Time Zone Offset) from UTC to the local standard time (winter time) in the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS)



The difference time to be entered <u>always</u> relates to **the local standard time (winter time)** even though the commissioning or rather the input of the difference time takes place during daylight saving time.

	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
ĺ	Time and Status		Time Zone Offs	et to UTC			
	Time and Status	2	Offset Hours				
ſ	Time Settings		Offset Minutes				
	<u>Set Time/Date</u> <u>Time Zone Offse</u> <u>Daylight Saving</u>		Direction east (+) ∨				

- Offset Hours Time Zone Offset input of the full hour (0-13)
  - Offset Minutes Time Zone Offset input of minutes (0-59)

Example:

Time Offset for Germany	$\Rightarrow$ East, 1 hour and 0 minutes (+ 01:00)
Time Offset for Peru	$\Rightarrow$ West, 5 hours and 0 minutes (- 05:00)

#### Direction relating to Prime Meridian – Direction of the Difference Time

Entering the direction the local time deviates from world time:

'East' corresponds to east,'West' corresponds to west of the Prime-Meridian (Greenwich)



## 7.3.7.4 Daylight Saving Time (DST)

Setting of the changeover times for summer/winter time in the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).

This input is used to define the point of time at which the changeover to Daylight Saving Time or winter time occurs during the course of the year. The hour, day of the week, week of the month and month at which the Daylight Saving Time begins and ends are determined.

So the exact times are automatically calculated for the running year.



After the turn of the year the changeover times for summer/winter time are **<u>automatically</u>** recalculated, without any user intervention.

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
ime and Status		DST Activatio	n			
Time and Status		Daylight Sav enabled V	ing Time			
ime Settings	L					
Set Time/Date		DST Begin				
Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving		Week Iast ∨	Day sunday	Month March	Hour 2	Minute O
ips	L					
		DST End				
Reception Qualit Reception Mode Receiver Position SyncON / SyncO	1	Week last ✓	Day sunday	Month october	Hour 3	Minute 0

- DST Activation (enabled/disabled) Changeover times for summer/winter time
- DST Begin Changeover time for standard time to Daylight Saving Time
- DST End Changeover time for Daylight Saving Time to standard time

The individual items have the following meanings:

Week	At which occurrence of that particular weekday in that month the changeover is going to take place.	First- 1st weekSecond- 2nd weekThird- 3th weekFourth- 4th weekLast- last week
Day	The day of the week when the changeover should be processed	Sunday, Monday … Saturday
Month	the month when the changeover should be processed	January, February December
Hour Minute	The time in hour and minute when the changeover should be processed	00h 23h 00min 59min



The data are entered on the basis of the local time.



#### 7.3.7.5 Reception Quality

In this tab following information is indicated with read-only access:

#### Satellites in View

Number of available satellites detected by the GPS receiver.

#### Satellites Tracked

Effective number of received satellites used for synchronization.

#### Satellites Number – S/N Ratio

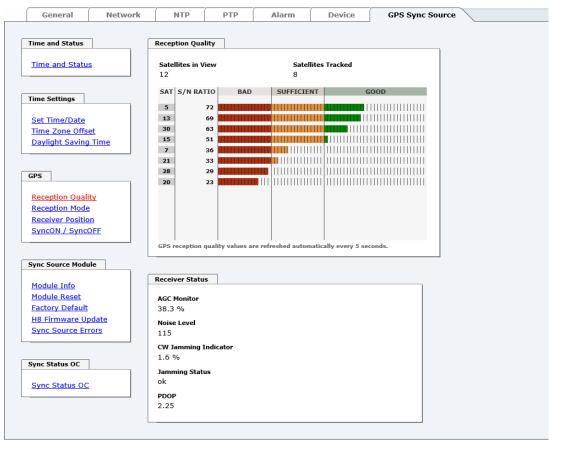
Overview of actually received GPS satellites with their number and reception quality and the pertinent interpretation.

Green	≥ 48	Good reception quality
Yellow	31-47	Sufficient reception quality
Red	0-30	Poor reception quality

#### **Receiver Status**

Ì

Display of the actual GPS receiver values. For analysing the GPS receiver in case of support.



This page is updated automatically every 5 seconds.



### 7.3.7.6 Reception Mode

In this tab the GPS reception mode is adjusted and displayed. The accuracy of the time evaluation is defined by the exact position calculation of the installation site. For this calculation (3D evaluation) it is necessary to receive information from at least four (4) satellites. The signal runtime to several satellites is determined from the calculated position and the precise second mark is generated from their mean value.

	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
ſ	Time and Status		Reception Mod	e		1		
	Time and Statu	<u>s</u>	Reception Mod Stationary Mo Automotive M	de (Position Fi	xed)			
ſ	Time Settings	]				1		
	Set Time/Date							
	Time Zone Offs	<u>et</u>						
	Daylight Saving	Time						
F	GPS							
	Reception Quali	ity						
	Reception Mode							
	Receiver Positio							
	SyncON / Synco							

#### Stationary Mode (Position Fixed) – Standard operation

In Stationary Mode (Fixed position), the GPS receiver calculates its accuracy based on a fixed position. If four or more satellites are received in this mode, the exact location is updated automatically.

In this mode, a synchronization with a changing position is not possible.

#### Automotive (3D)

The automotive (3D) mode allows the use of system 8030NTS at mobile locations (except aircraft).

#### 7.3.7.7 Receiver Position

In this tab the current position is displayed.

	General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Syn	c Source	
ſ	Time and Status	L (	Longitude						
	Time and Status		Degrees 7	Minutes 39	Milliseconds 47260	-	Direction Past		
	Time Settings	L							
	<u>Set Time/Date</u> <u>Time Zone Offse</u> <u>Daylight Saving</u>		Latitude Degrees 51	Minutes 12	Milliseconds 42123		<b>Direction</b> North		
F	GPS								
	Reception Qualit Reception Mode Receiver Position								
	SyncON / SyncO								
ſ	Svnc Source Modul	e							

#### Longitude / Latitude – Current Position with Longitude and Latitude

Display of the actual position calculated by the GPS receiver.



## 7.3.7.8 SyncON / SyncOFF Timer

General	Network	NTP	РТР	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Time and Status		SyncON / Sync	OFF Timer			
Time and Status		C	(0.20	<b>C1</b>	C	
Time and Status		SyncON timer	(U-30 min)	0	SyncON timer valu	e
				Ū		
Time Settings			r (2-1440 min)		SyncOFF timer val	ue
		55		0		
Set Time/Date						
Time Zone Offset Daylight Saving T		Please note: Cu	urrent Sync Time	er values are not re	efreshed automatica	lly!
GPS						
Reception Quality Reception Mode						
Receiver Position						
SyncON / SyncOF						
Sync Source Module						

#### SyncON Timer

The SyncON timer is used to delay the sync-status "SYNC" by the set time although the GPS receiver is synchronous.

This function is enabled when adjustment processes should be terminated as defined before the sync status is "SYNC".

This function is not required for this device and should always be set to 0.

#### SyncOFF Timer

This value is used to provide reception failure bypassing for an error-message free operation even under poor reception conditions.

In the event of a reception failure of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS), the decrease of the Sync Source to **quartz** status is delayed by the set value. The system continues to run in synchronization status on the internally regulated, highly accurate quartz base during this period with sync status 'SYOF'.

This timer is of special significance when certain system outputs are linked to a specific system status.

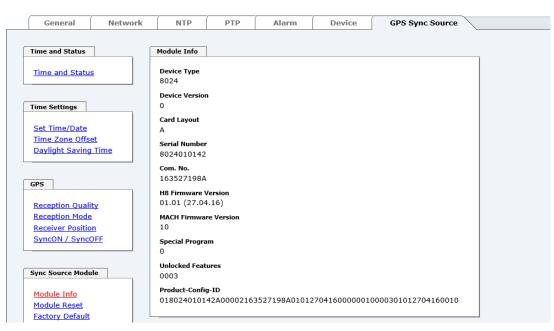
The Timer can be set from 2min. to 1440min.

#### Current Timer values

In case of an active Timer the appropriate value of the timer is displayed here.



## 7.3.7.9 Module Info



This tab indicates information about the hardware and software of the Module 8024GPS (Sync Source) implemented in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



### 7.3.7.10 Module Reset

Time and Status	Module Reset	
		]
Time and Status	WARNING!	
	MODULE RESET is a critical action, synchronization will be lost. Are you sure you	
Time Settings	want to reset the module now?	
Set Time/Date		
Time Zone Offset	Perform Reset now	
Daylight Saving Time		
GPS		
Reception Quality		
Reception Mode		
Receiver Position		
SyncON / SyncOFF		
Sync Source Module		
Module Info		
Module Reset		
Factory Default		

This function triggers a hardware reset of (just) the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).



This function has no effect on the failsafe stored data.



## 7.3.7.11 Factory Default

Time and Status	Factory Default
Time and Status	WARNING! RESET to factory defaults is a critical action, all
Time Settings	synchronization settings will be lost. Are you sure you want to reset the system to factory defaults now?
<u>Set Time/Date</u> <u>Time Zone Offset</u> <u>Daylight Saving Time</u>	Perform Reset now
GPS	
Reception Quality Reception Mode	
Receiver Position SyncON / SyncOFF	
Sync Source Module	
Module Info	
Module Reset Factory Default	
H8 Firmware Undate	



After setting the Sync Source to factory default values the GPS receiver needs up to 13 minutes of satellite reception in order to generate the correct information on the leap second from the GPS data. Only then the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) can be synchronized.

During this time (however only when the GPS receiver really receives satellites) the following message is displayed in the tab **Module Errors**:

GPS Receiver in raw data mode - no synchronisation



If the changeover times for summer/winter time and the difference time are not initial set after a factory default of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) the following message is displayed in the tab **Module Errors**:

#### Missing data for Time Zone Offset

and/or

Missing or incomplete data for daylight saving time (DST)



## 7.3.7.12 H8 Firmware Update (Sync Source)

Patches and Bug Fixes are provided for the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS by means of updates.

The H8 update of the Sync Source is loaded only via the web interface in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS (log in as "master" user required). See also Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update.

The following points should be considered regarding updates:
<ul> <li>Only experienced users or trained technical personnel should carry out a board update after checking all necessary preconditions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Important: Faulty updates or update attempts may, under certain circumstances, require the module to be returned to the factory for repair at customer's expense.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Is the update on hand suitable for the module? If there are any doubts please consult the support of the <i>hopf</i> company.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>In order to guarantee a correct update, the "New version of saved site" function must be set to "On each access to the site" on the In- ternet browser used.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>During the update procedure, the device must not be switched off not settings be saved to the flash memory!</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Updates are <u>always</u> carried out as Software SETs. That means that all programmes included in the SET must be downloaded to the sys- tem.</li> </ul>
• For the update pay attention to point described in <i>Chapter 4.4 Firm-ware Update</i>

In order to carry out an update, enter the name and the folder in which the update / firmware image is located in the text field or open the file selection dialogue by pressing the "Browse" button.



A correct image designation is (e.g.): 8024\_128\_v0400.mot

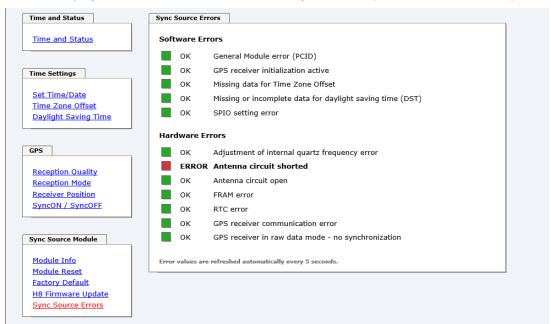
for **H8 Firmware** (Update takes approx. 1-1.5 minutes)

Time and Status	H8 Firmware Update	
Time and Status	WARNING!	
	H8 FIRMWARE UPDATE is a critical action. Please ensure not to switch off power during upload!	
Time Settings	Device will be rebootet automatically after update!	
	Update file:	
Set Time/Date	Durchsuchen	
Time Zone Offset		
Daylight Saving Time	Upload now	
	upload now	
GPS		
Reception Quality		
Reception Mode		
Receiver Position		
SyncON / SyncOFF		
Sync Source Module		
Sync Source Module		
Module Info		
Module Reset		
Factory Default		
H8 Firmware Update		
Sync Source Errors		



### 7.3.7.13 Sync Source Errors

This tab displays the current failure status of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS):



If a collected error message is displayed in the GENERAL tab, there is at least one error (Sync Source Error).

This is a Security B	anner	istom information show	vn in the general tab!	
NTP Time Status				Sync Source Status
DATE	TIME	STRATUM	ACCURACY	SYNCHRONIZATION
26.04.2018	06:51:59 UTC	1	HIGH	r (SYOF)
Login		System Overview		
User master is logo since 06:22:19 UTC		Sync Sou	Irce ERROR	
		Announce	ment leap second ina	ctive
Logout		Announce	ment STD ⇔ DST ina	ctive
Logout		Announce		ctive
Logout			ning	ctive



This page is updated automatically every 5 seconds.



### **Overview Software Errors**

### • General Module error (PCID)

If this error occurs even after a Power down, the device is damaged.

• **GPS receiver initialization active** This condition might last for max. 1 minute after particular actions.

### • Missing data for Time Zone Offset

Difference time (Time Zone Offset) must be an initial entry by the user.

Otherwise there is no synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).

### • Missing or incomplete data for daylight saving time (DST)

The switchover times for summer/winter time must be initially set / disabled by the user.

Otherwise there is no synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS).

#### • SPIO setting error

If this error occurs even after a voltage reset, the support team of company *hopf* needs to be contacted for further actions.

#### **Overview Hardware Errors**

#### Adjustment of internal quartz frequency error

Problems with the internal quartz regulation of the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) have occurred. So the specified accuracy of the Sync Source cannot be guaranteed anymore.

#### • Antenna circuit shorted

The Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) has detected a short circuit in the antenna system. The antenna system should be checked.

### • Antenna circuit open

The Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) has detected an open antenna input. The antenna system should be checked.

### • FRAM error

If this error occurs even after a voltage reset, the support team of company *hopf* needs to be contacted for further actions.

#### RTC error

If this error with set or synchronized time (not sync.-status INVA) and a successive reset of the sync. source still maintains the internal backup clock may be defective.

#### GPS receiver communication error

If this error occurs even after a Power-Reset, the support team of company *hopf* needs to be contacted for further actions.

### • GPS receiver in raw data mode – no synchronization

If this condition is indicated, the GPS receiver requires special data from the GPS signal for which it needs up to 13 minutes signal reception of satellites. Only then the Sync Source (here Module 8024GPS) can be synchronized.

This happens e.g. after resetting the Sync Source parameters to factory default values.



### 7.3.7.14 Sync Status OC

Time and Status	
Time and Status	Sync Status OC
Time and Status	Opto coupler switches off if status is lower than
	SYNC - Time synchronized + Crystal frequency is adjusted SYOF - Time synchronized + SyncOFF timer is running
	SYSI - Time synchronized (simulation mode)
Time Settings	QUON - Time crystal + SyncON timer is running QUEX - Time crystal (after synchronization break / clock has synchronized before)
Set Time/Date	QUSE - Time crystal after reset or set manually
Time Zone Offset	INVA - Time invalid
Daylight Saving Time	
GPS	
Reception Quality	
Reception Mode	
Receiver Position	
SyncON / SyncOFF	
Sync Source Module	
Sync Source Module	
Module Info	
Module Reset	
Factory Default	
H8 Firmware Update Sync Source Errors	
Sync Source Effors	
Sync Status OC	
Sync Status OC	

The output of the status optical coupler (on the front panel of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS) can be configured by the use of this function.

The Sync states are listed in this selection window in rising quality from the bottom to the top (**SYNC** = optimal condition).

Behaviour of Optical Coupler:

- Selected status achieved or better
- Selected status not achieved
- Optical coupler switched through
- Optical coupler blocked

#### Value range

Optical Coupler Status SYNC		Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
	SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
	SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
	QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
	QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
QU		Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
	INVA	Invalid time



## 8 SSH and Telnet Basic Configuration

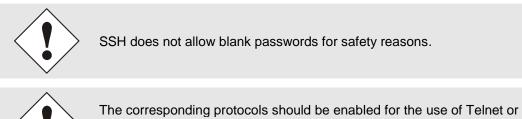


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Only basic configuration is possible via SSH or Telnet. The complete configuration of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS takes place exclusively via the WebGUI.

It is just as easy to use SSH (Port 22) or Telnet (Port 23) as the WebGUI. Both protocols use the same user interface and menu structure.

The user names and passwords are the same as on the WebGUI and are kept in alignment (see *Chapter 7.3.6.5 Passwords (Master/Device)*).



SSH (see *Chapter 7.3.2.7 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)*).

```
ł
login as: master
master@192.168.232.1's password:
         N TTTTTTT SSSSS
     N
     NN N T S
                         s
                   S
     N N N
              Т
             Т
                   SSSSS
     N N N
     N NN
             Т
                    S S
                    SSSSS
     Ν
        Ν
              Т
     hopf 8030NTS NTS BOARD (c) 2006 - 2013
     Press Enter to continue
Main Menu
 1 ... General
 2 ... Network
 3 ... Alarm
  4 ... NTP
 5 ... Device Info
 0 ... Exit
 Choose a Number =>
```

The navigation through the menu takes place by entering the respective number associated with the menu option (as can be seen in the above image).



#### 9 Fault Analysis / Troubleshooting

This chapter explains different error patterns and the process to contact the *hopf* support team.

#### 9.1 **Error Patterns**

This chapter describes various error patterns which enable the customer to make a preliminary problem analysis. In addition they also provide assistance in describing the error when contacting the *hopf* support.



If possible, for each problem the entire status in the tabs GENERAL and GPS SYNC SOURCE page "Module Errors" via WebGUI should always be checked.

#### 9.1.1 **Complete Failure**

### Description

The Status LEDs on the front panel are off •

### **Cause / Problem Solution**

- Device is switched off •
- Voltage supply failure
- Power supply defective

### 9.1.2 No GPS Reception / No Synchronization

### Description

- In WebGUI the status of the SYNC SOURCE is not displayed with SYNC or SYOF .
- The Status LEDs of Module 8024GPS on the front panel do not indicate SYNC or • **SYOF** status

### **Cause / Problem Solution**

System was not correctly/completely initialized •

The following describes various effects and their possible causes on a non-synchronizing system:



### <u>Case 1:</u>

<u>Effect:</u> After the first installation, no satellite appears on the display after several hours and **00** is displayed under **Satellites in View**.

### Possible Errors:

- The antenna cable is too long
- An incorrect cable type was used for the length of the antenna equipment
- The antenna cable is faulty
- The antenna cable is not connected
- The antenna is defective
- The indirect lightning protection is defective

### Case 2:

<u>Effect:</u> There are 7 satellites in the visibility range (**V=07**) but a maximum of 2 appear on the display frame. However, the value of these satellites is 70 or above.

### Possible Errors:

• The visibility range of the antenna to the sky is limited and the Module 8024GPS set to 3D reception mode.

### <u>Case 3:</u>

<u>Effect:</u> There are 9 satellites in the visibility range (**V=09**) and 6 appear on the display frame. The signal/noise ratios are all below 30. The equipment is not synchronized.

### Possible Errors:

- The cable is too long
- An incorrect cable type was used for the length of the antenna equipment
- The BNC connectors are poorly mounted
- The cable is bent or crimped
- Indirect lightning protection was irreversibly damaged by overvoltage
- The antenna is defective

### Case 4:

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<u>Effect:</u> The equipment was working perfectly but has not been receiving for several days. 7 satellites appear in the visibility range (**V=07**) but no satellite is displayed.

### Possible Errors:

- The cable has been damaged
- There was excess voltage on the antenna equipment and the indirect lightning protector is defective
- The antenna is defective
- The GPS receiver of Module 8024GPS is defective
- A building change has had an effect on the antenna equipment (e.g. shading of the antenna caused by subsequent building installation, or the laying of cables with a high electrical alternating field in the immediate vicinity of the GPS antenna cable)
- Electronic equipment with an interference effect on the GPS signal has been put into operation in the vicinity of the GPS antenna equipment / GPS receiver (e.g. transmitter for pagers)

Further information on the subject of the GPS antenna system can be consulted in the manual "Antenna Equipment GPS".



### 9.1.3 No Daylight Saving Time / Summer Time Switchover

### **Description**

- There is no "DST" for "daylight saving time" (summer time) displayed in the Sync Source time in WebGUI
- Summer time is not considered in outputs working with it and even in case of availibility.

### Cause / Problem Solution

- Changeover times are not set
- Parameterization failure

## 9.2 Support by Company *hopf*

Should the system show any other failure description than listed in *Chapter 9.1 Error Patterns*, please contact the support of company *hopf* Elektronik GmbH by providing an exact failure description and the following information:



If possible, for each problem the **Configuration File** in the tab **DEVICE** should be downloaded from the device and be sent to the *hopf* support (see *Chapter 7.3.6.6 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB*).

- With the file **System Configuration** or if not possible with the serial number of the System
- When does the error occur: During commissioning or operation
- Exact error description
- In the case of GPS reception/synchronization problems 
   ⇒ description of the antenna equipment used:
  - o Components used (antenna, indirect lightning protection, etc.)
  - Cable type used
  - Total length of the antenna system
  - Sequence of components and cable lengths between the components
  - Antenna installation site (e.g. signal shading by building)

Please write to the following E-mail address with the above information:

### support@hopf.com



Providing a detailed error description and above listed information avoid the need for additional clarification and leads to a faster processing by the support team.



## 10 Maintenance

The Time Server 8030NTS/GPS is generally maintenance-free. The following points should be observed if a cleaning of the system might be necessary.

### **10.1 General Guidelines for Cleaning**

The following must not be used to clean the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS:

- Fluids
- Cleaning agents containing solvents
- Cleaning agents containing acids
- Abrasive media

The use of such cleaning agents or media could damage the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.



Do not use a wet cloth to clean the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

There is the danger of an electric shock.

To clean the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS use a cloth that is:

- Antistatic
- Soft
- Non-fabric
- Damp

## **10.2 Cleaning the Housing**



Make sure that connections or cables are not loosened while cleaning the housing of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS. There is the danger of damage and functionality loss.



# 11 Technical Data



The company *hopf* reserves the right to hardware and software alterations at any time.

## 11.1 General – 8030NTS/GPS

General Data	
Installation position:	On horizontal 35mm rail in accordance with DIN EN 60715 TH35
Protection type of the housing:	IP30
Protection class:	I, with PE connection
Housing design:	Aluminium, closed
Housing dimensions:	See Chapter 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail Housing
Weight:	Approx. 0.8kg

Ambient Conditions		
Temperature range:	Operation:	0°C to +50°C
	Storage:	-20°C to +75°C
Humidtiy:		max. 95%, non condensing

CE Conformity
EMV Directive 2014/30/EU
EN 55022 : 2010 / AC : 2011
EN 61000-3-2 : 2006 / A2 : 2009, EN 61000-3-3 : 2013
EN 55024 : 2010
Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
EN 60950-1 : 2006 / AC : 2011

MTBF	
MTBF	> 250,000h

Power Consumption - internal	
Normal operation	Typical: 450mA (max. 600mA) at 5V DC
Boot phase	Typical: 450mA (max. 600mA) at 5V DC



## 11.2 Module 8030NTS

LAN - ETH0/ETH1	
Network connection	Via a LAN cable with RJ45 connector, male (recommended cable type CAT5 or better)
Request per second	Max. 6,250 requests (during operation in GigaBit networks under optimum network conditions)
Number of connectable Clients	Theoretically unlimited
Network interface ETH0	10/100/1000 Base-T
Ethernet compatibility	Version 2.0 / IEEE 802.3
Isolation voltage (Network- to system side)	1500 Vrms
Boot time:	typ.: 35 seconds - When using static IP addresses for ETH0 and ETH1. Depending on the network configuration in use (e.g. DHCP) an extension of the boot phase can occur.

GPS-System - Accuracy			
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.2ppm	HIGH	
Lambda < 15ms	Stability >= 0.2ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 1ms	HIGH	
Lambda < 15ms	Stability > 2ppm or Offset >= 1ms MEDIUM		
DCF77-System - Accuracy			
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.6ppm	HIGH	
Lambda < 15ms	Stability >= 0.6ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 2ms	HIGH	
Lambda < 15ms	Stability > 2ppm or Offset >= 2ms	MEDIUM	

### Time Protocols

- NTPv4 Server
- NTP Broadcast Mode
- NTP Multicast Mode
- NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (Redundancy)
- SNTP Server
- NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
- NTP Autokey Encryption
- NTP Access Restrictions
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key required)

### **TCP/IP Network Protocols**

- HTTP/ HTTPS
- DHCP
- Telnet
- SSH
- SNMP (Activation key required)
- SMTP (Activation key required)
- SYSLOG (Activation key required)

### **Configuration Channels**

- HTTP/HTTPS-WebGUI (Browser Based)
- Telnet
- SSH

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- hmc Remote Access
- External LAN configuration tool (*hmc* Network-Configuration-Assistant)



## 11.3 Module 8024GPS

Accuracy		
Internal PPS pulse on GPS reception (after 5min. continuous GPS reception):	Standard Quartz: VCTCXO:	< ±30ns < ±15ns
VCO control of the internal quartz base (after 5 min continuous GPS reception):	Standard Quartz: VCTCXO:	< ±0.030ppm < ±0.015ppm
Freewheel accuracy:	Standard Quartz:	< ±0.1ppm
	after at least 5min. GPS reception/ T = +20° C Drift for T = +20° C (constant): - after 1h: 0.36msec. - after 24h: 8.64msec.	
	<u>VCTCXO</u> :	<± 0.02ppm
	after at least 5min. GI Drift for T = +20° C (c - after 1h: 0.72µsec. - after 24h: 1.73msec	,
Internal back-up clock (RTC):	±25ppm / for T = +10° C to +50	° C

GPS Data		
Receiver type:	22 channel phase tracking receiver, C/A code	
Evaluation:	L1 frequency (1575.42MHz)	
Sensitivity:	Tracking: -161dB Cold Start: -148dBm	
Synchronization time TTF (Time to First Fix):	<ul> <li>Warm start: &lt; 1min.</li> <li>Cold start: &lt; 5min</li> <li>first installation &lt; 12.5 min (without valid leap second information)</li> </ul>	
Antenna connection:	<ul> <li>Via BNC connector, female</li> <li>For active antennas, Ub = 5V DC / max. 70mA</li> <li>Antenna power feed via BNC connector, female of Module 8024GPS</li> </ul>	

Signal Outputs	
Status optical coupler:	Via 3-pole pluggable screw terminal Resistive circuit-breaking capacity: max. 50mA / 80V DC

### **Special production:**

Modifications can be made to hardware and software in accordance with customer specifications.



The *hopf* Company reserves the right to modify hardware and software at any time.



# **11.4 Power Supplies**

## AC Wide-Range Power Supplies

Internal Power Supply (Only wide input range)	hopf Type: AC-M05-D	hopf Type: AC-M10-D
Input Data		
Nominal input voltage	100-240V AC 110-250V DC (wide input range)	100-240V AC 110-250V DC (wide input range)
Input voltage range	85-264V AC 110-370V DC	85-264V AC 110-370V DC
Frequency	47-440Hz 0 Hz	47-440Hz 0 Hz
Current consumption (at nominal values)	approx. 0.15A (120V AC) 0.10A (230V AC)	approx. 0.30A (120V AC) 0.20A (230V AC)
Inrush current	typ. 15A (I <sub>0</sub> = 100%) 120V AC typ. 30A (I <sub>0</sub> = 100%) 230V AC	typ. 15A (I <sub>0</sub> = 100%) 120V AC typ. 30A (I <sub>0</sub> = 100%) 230V AC
Hold-up time at nominal laod	> 20msec. (> 100V AC)	> 20msec. (> 100V AC)
Start-up time after connected mains voltage	< 1 sec.	< 1 sec.
Transient overvoltage protection	Overvoltage protection III (EN 60664-1)	Overvoltage protection III (EN 60664-1)
Protection supply, internal	400 mA slow blow (device protection)	400 mA slow blow (device protection)
Recommended back-up fuse (AC)	Circuit breaker 6A, 10A charakteristics B (EN 60898)	Circuit breaker 6A, 10A charakteristics B (EN 60898)
Leakage current against PE	< 0.5mA (60Hz, according to EN 60950)	< 0.5mA (60Hz, according to EN 60950)
Input isolation voltage / PE	2000V AC, 1 minute, leakage current = 10mA, 500V DC, 50MOhm min. (at room temperature)	2000V AC, 1 minute, leakage current = 10mA, 500V DC, 50MOhm min. (at room temperature)

Output Data (only internal)		
Internal nominal output voltage	5V DC	5V DC
NominI output current I <sub>N</sub> 0° C +55° C	1A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)	2A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)
Efficiency	> 77% (at 230V AC and nominal values)	> 74% (ati 230V AC and nominal values)
Function Display (Power LED)	LED green	LED green



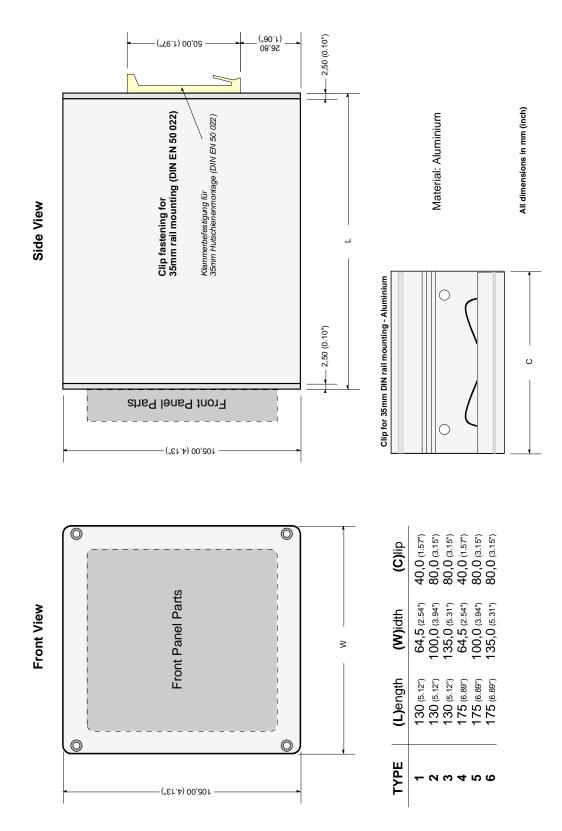
## **DC Power Supplies**

Internal Power Supply	hopf Type: DC24-M15-D	hopf Type: DC48-M15-D
Input Data		
Nominal input voltage	24V DC	48V DC
Input voltage range	18-36V DC	36-76V DC
Current consumption (at nominal values)	approx. 0.69A	Approx. 0.35A
Start-up time after connected mains voltage	< 200msec.	< 200msec.
Protection supply internal (Device protection)	2A fast blow	1A fast blow
Input isolation voltage Input / Output	1,500V DC 1 minute, 500V DC 50MΩ min. (20°C ±15°C)	1,500V DC 1 minute, 500V DC 50MΩ min. (20°C ±15°C)

Output Data (only internal)		
Internal nominal output voltage	5V DC	5V DC
Nominl output current I <sub>N</sub> 0° C +55° C	3A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)	3A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)
Efficiency	> 90%	> 90%
Function Display (Power LED)	LED green	LED green



## 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail Housing



GPS - NTP Time Server with 2x 10/100/1000 MBit LAN Interface 8030NTS/GPS - V04.00

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# 12 Factory Defaults of Time Server 8030NTS/GPS

This chapter lists the factory default values of the individual components integrated in the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS.

## 12.1 Factory Default Values of Module 8030NTS (Device)

The default delivery status of the Time Server 8030NTS/GPS meets the factory default values when using GPS synchronization sources. In case of DCF77 synchronization (different product variant) the function "**NTP / General / Sync Source**" is factrory-set to "**DCF77**" on delivery.



Using the board in DCF77 sytems (different product variant) the setting for **NTP / General / Sync Source**" needs to be re-configured to "**DCF77**" after a factory default.

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	DCF77	DCF77

### 12.1.1 Network

Host/Name Service	Setting	WebGUI
Hostname	hopf8030nts	hopf8030nts
Use Manual DNS Entries	Enabled	Enabled
DNS Server 1 IPv4/IPv6 Address	Blank	
DNS Server 2 IPv4/IPv6 Address	Blank	
DNS Server 3 IPv4/IPv6 Address	Blank	
Use Manual Gateway Entries	Enabled	Enabled
Default Gateway IPv4 Address	Blank	
Default Gateway IPv6 Address	Blank	
Network Interface ETH0	Setting	WebGUI
Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Disabled	Disabled
Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Blank	
DHCP	Disabled	Disabled
IPv4	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1
IPv4-Netmask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Operation mode	Auto negotiate	Auto negotiate
VLAN Interfaces	deaktiviert	disabled
IPv6 Settings	deaktiviert	disabled
Network Interface ETH1	Setting	WebGUI
Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Disabled	Disabled
Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Blank	
DHCP	Enabled	Enabled
IPv4	Blank	
IPv4-Netmask	Blank	
Operation mode	Auto negotiate	Auto negotiate
VLAN Interfaces	Disabled	Disabled
IPv6 Settings	Disabled	Disabled
Bonding	Setting	WebGUI
Network Interface Bonding/Teaming	Disabled	Disabled



PRP	Setting	WebGUI
Network Interface PRP	Disabled	Disabled
Routing	Setting	WebGUI
Use Route File	Disabled	Disabled
User Defined Routes	Blank	
Management	Setting	WebGUI
HTTP	Enabled	Enabled
HTTPS	Disabled	Disabled
SSH	Enabled	Enabled
TELNET	Disabled	Disabled
SNMP	Disabled	Disabled
System Location	Blank	
System Contact	Blank	
Read Only Community	public	public
Read/Write Community	secret	secret
Security Name	Blank	
Access Rights	Readonly	Readonly
Authentication Protocol	MD5	MD5
Authentication Passphrase	Blank	
Privacy Protocol	DES	DES
Privacy Passphrase	Blank	
Time	Setting	WebGUI
NTP	Enabled	Enabled
DAYTIME	Disabled	Disabled
TIME	Disabled	Disabled
SINEC H1 time datagram	Setting	WebGUI
Send Interval	Every second	1 second
Time base	UTC	UTC
Destination MAC Address	09:00:06:03:FF:EF	09:00:06:03:FF:EF
Minimum Accuracy	LOW	LOW

### 12.1.2 NTP

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	GPS	GPS
NTP to Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Switch to specific stratum	Disabled	Disabled
Stratum in crystal operation	Blank	
Broadcast address	Blank	
Authentication	Disabled	None
Key ID	Blank	
Additional NTP Servers	Blank	
NTP Extended Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Limitation of Liability	Blank	
Block Output when Stratum Unspecified	Disabled	Disabled

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NTP Access Restrictions	Setting	WebGUI
Access Restrictions		Default no modify
NTP Symmetric Keys	Setting	WebGUI
Request Key	Blank	
Control Key	Blank	
Symmetric Keys	Blank	
NTP Autokey	Setting	WebGUI
Autokey	Disabled	Disabled
Password	Blank	

### 12.1.3 PTP

PTP Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
PTP Enabled	disabled	disabled
PTP Interface	ETH0	ETH0
PTP Domain	0	0
PTP Priority 1	128	128
PTP Priority 2	128	128
PTP Profile	IEEE C37.238 Power Profile	IEEE C37.238 Power Profile
PTP IEEE C37.238 Power Profile Settings	Setting	WebGUI
PTP Grandmaster ID	3	3
Time Zone Name	UTC	UTC
PTP Advanced Settings	Setting	WebGUI
PTP Transport	Ethernet / P2P	Ethernet / P2P
PTP sync interval (2 <sup>x</sup> sec)	1 second	0
PTP pdelay request interval (2 <sup>x</sup> sec)	1 second	0
PTP announce interval (2 <sup>x</sup> sec)	1 second	0
PTP announce timeout (sec)	2 seconds	2

### 12.1.4 ALARM

Syslog Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Server Name	Blank	
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
E-mail Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
E-mail Notifications	Disabled	Disabled
SMTP Server	Blank	
Sender Address	Blank	
E-mail Addresses	Blank	
SNMP Traps Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
SNMP Traps	Disabled	Disabled
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
SNMP Trap Receivers	Blank	
Alarm Messages	Setting	WebGUI
Alarms	All disabled	All none

### 12.1.5 DEVICE

User Passwords	Settings	WebGUI
Master Password	master	
Device Password	device	
Diagnostic	Settings	WebGUI
Real Time Diagnostics	Disabled	Disabled
Product Activation	Settings	WebGUI
Activate Feature	No changes	No changes

## 12.2 Factory Default Values of Module 8024GPS (Sync Source)

After triggering a factory default of Module 8024GPS two steps are carried out.

- 1. Deleting the current leap second information in the GPS receiver
- 2. Following parameters are set to default values:

Difference time	00h 00min east
Changeover times:	disabled
Begin of Daylight Saving	Week
Time:	Day 🛛 Monday
	Month 🛛 January
	Hour 🗆 0
End of Daylight Saving	Week
Time:	Day 🛛 Monday
	Month 🛛 January
	Hour 🗆 0
SyncON / SyncOFF Timeout:	0000 / 0055 (minutes)
GPS Position:	
Longitude:	E 000° 00' 0000
Latitude:	N 00° 00' 0000
GPS reception mode:	Position Fixed
Sync Status OC:	SYNC



# **13 Glossary and Abbreviations**

## 13.1 NTP-specific Terminology

Stability	The average frequency stability of the clock system.
Accuracy	Specifies the accuracy in comparison to other clocks.
Precision of a clock	Specifies how precisely the stability and accuracy of a clock system can be maintained.
Offset	This value represents the time difference between two clocks. It is the offset by which the local time would have to be adjusted in order to keep it congruent with the reference clock.
Clock skew	The frequency difference between two clocks (first derivative of offset over time).
Drift	Real clocks vary in frequency difference (second derivative of offset over time). This variation is known as drift.
Roundtrip delay	Roundtrip delay of an NTP message to the reference and back.
Dispersion	Represents the maximum error of the local clock relative to the reference clock.
Jitter	The estimated time error of the system clock measured as the average exponential value of the time offset.

## 13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)

		-
space	reject	Rejected peer – either the peer is not reachable or its syn- chronization distance is too great.
x	falsetick	The peer was picked out by the NTP intersection algorithm as a false time supplier.
	excess	The peer was picked out by the NTP sort algorithm as a weak time supplier on the basis of synchronization distance (concerns the first 10 peers).
-	outlyer	The peer was picked out by the NTP clustering algorithm as an outlyer.
+	candidate	The peer was selected as a candidate for the NTP combining algorithm.
#	selected	The peer is of good quality but not among the first six peers selected by the sort algorithm on the basis of synchroniza-tion distance.
*	sys.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System.
0	pps.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System. The current synchroni- zation is derived from a PPS (pulse-per-second) signal either indirectly via PPS reference clock driver or directly via kernel interface.



# 13.2.1 Time-specific expressions

UTC	<b>UTC Time</b> (Universal Time Coordinated) was depending on the Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) definition of the zero meridian. While GMT follows astrological calculations, UTC is based on the stability and accuracy of the Caesium standard. The leap second was defined in order to cover this deviation.
Time Zone	The globe was originally divided into 24 longitudinal seg- ments or time zones. Today, however, there are a number of time zones which in part apply specifically to certain indi- vidual countries only.
	In relation to the time zones, consideration was given to the fact that local daylight and sunlight coincide at different times in the individual time zones.
	The zero meridian runs through the British city of Green- wich.
Time Offset	This is the difference between UTC and the valid standard time of the current time zone. The Time Offset will be commit from the local time zone.
Local Standard Time	Standard Time = UTC + Time Offset
(winter time)	The time offset is defined by the local time zone and the lo- cal political regulations.
Daylight Saving Time	Offset of Daylight Saving Time = + 1h
(summer time)	Daylight Saving Time was introduced to reduce the energy requirement in some countries. In this case one hour is added to the standard time during the summer months.
Local Time	Local Time = Standard Time if exists with summer / winter time changeover
Leap Second	A leap second is a second which is added to the official time (UTC) in order to synchronise this with Greenwich Mean Time when required. Leap seconds are defined internationally by the Interna- tional Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS).



## 13.3 Abbreviations

D, DST	Daylight Saving Time
ETH0	Ethernet Interface 0
ETH1	Ethernet Interface 1
FW	Firmware
GPS	Global Positioning System
HW	Hardware
IF	Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
NTP	Network Time Protocol
NE	Network Element
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OS	Operating System
РТР	Precision Time Protocol
PRP	Parallel Redundancy Protocol
RFC	Request for Comments
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol (handled by more than 60 RFCs)
SNTP	Simple Network Time Protocol
S, STD	Standard Time
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
ToD	Time of Day
UDP	User Datagram Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
UTC	Universal Time Coordinated
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
WAN	Wide Area Network
msec	millisecond (10 <sup>-3</sup> seconds)
µsec	microsecond (10 <sup>-6</sup> seconds)
ppm	parts per million (10 <sup>-6</sup> )



## 13.4 Definitions

An explanation of the terms used in this document.

### 13.4.1 DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

DHCP makes it possible to integrate a new computer into an existing network with no additional configuration. It is only necessary to set the automatic reference of the IP address on the client. Without DHCP, relatively complex settings need to be made. Beside the IP address, further parameters such as network mask, gateway and DNS server have to be entered. A DHCP server can assign these parameters automatically by DHCP when starting a new computer (DHCP client).

DHCP is an extension of the BOOTP protocol. A valid IP address is allocated automatically if a DHCP server is available on the network and DHCP is enabled.



See RFC 2131 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for further information.

### 13.4.2 NTP (Network Time Protocol)

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a standard for the synchronization of clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. Although it is processed mainly over UDP, it can also be transported by other layer 4 protocols such as TCP. It was specially developed to facilitate reliable timing via networks with variable packet runtime.

NTP uses the Marzullo algorithm (devised by Keith Marzullo of the San Diego University in his dissertation) with a UTC timescale and supports leap seconds from Version 4.0. NTP. It is one of the oldest TCP/IP protocols still in use. It was developed by David Mills of the University of Delaware and published in 1985. The protocol and UNIX implementation continue to be developed under his direction. Version 4 is the up to date version of the protocol. This uses UDP Port 123.

NTPv4 can maintain the local time of a system to an accuracy of some 10 milliseconds via the public Internet. Accuracies of 500 microseconds and better are possible under ideal conditions on local networks.

With a sufficiently stable, local clock generator (oven-stabilised quartz, rubidium oscillator, etc.) and using the kernel PLL (see above), the phase error between reference clock generator and local clock can be reduced to something of the order of a few hundred microseconds. NTP automatically compensates for the drift of the local clock.

NTP can be installed over firewalls and offers a range of security functions.



See RFC 5905 for further information.



### 13.4.3 SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a network protocol which was developed by the IETF in order to be able to monitor and control network elements from a central station. This protocol regulates the communication between the monitored devices and the monitoring station. SNMP describes the composition of the data packets which can be transmitted and the communication procedure. SNMP was designed in such a way that can be provided by SNMP include:

- Monitoring of network components
- Remote control and configuration of network components
- Fault detection and notification

Due to its simplicity, SNMP has become the standard which is supported by most management programmes. SNMP Versions 1 and 2c hardly offer any safety mechanisms. The safety mechanisms have been significantly expanded in the current Version 3.

Using description files, so-called MIB's (Management Information Base), the management programmes are able to represent the hierarchical structure of the data of any SNMP agent and to request data from them. In addition to the MIB's defined in the RFC's, every software and hardware manufacturer can define his own so-called private MIB's which reflect the special characteristics of his product.

### 13.4.4 TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

TCP and IP are generally used concurrently and thus the term TCP/IP has become established as the standard for both protocols.

IP is based on network layer 3 (layer 3) in the OSI Layer Model whereas TCP is based on layer 4, the transport layer. In other words, the expression TCP/IP signifies network communication in which the TCP transport mechanism is used to distribute or deliver data over IP networks. As a simple example: Web browsers use TCP/IP to communicate with web servers.

### 13.4.5 PTP (Precision Time Protocol)

The Precision Time Protocol (PTP) is a standard for synchronising clocks in computer networks. Unlike NTP it focuses on a higher accuracy and local networks.

In a network with several PTP-devices, every PTP-device executes the Best Master Clockalgorithm, to determine which PTP-device has the highest accuracy. That PTP-device serves as reference clock and is called Grandmaster Clock.

The Grandmaster Clock sends SYNC messages periodically to distribute the actual time to the slaves. The slaves periodically send Delay Request- or Path Delay Request-messages to the Grandmaster Clock. The Grandmaster Clock replies to those messages with a Delay Respond or Path Delay Respond message. The PTP-devices take sending and reception timestamps of those messages and attach those timestamps to the messages. These timestamps allow the slave to calculate the network delay and the exact actual time. For calculating the network delay the slave assumes, that the network delay in both directions is the same.

The PTP-devices use either Ethernet or UDP for their network communication. UDP uses the Ports 319 and 320.



## 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles



NTP is based on the Internet protocol. Transmission delays and errors as well as the loss of data packets can lead to unpredictable accuracy data and time synchronization effects.



NTP protocol neither defines nor guarantees the accuracy or correctness of the time server.

Thus the QoS (Quality of Service) used for direct synchronization with GPS or serial interface does not apply to synchronization via NTP.

In simplified terms, accuracies of between 1msec and 1sec can be expected, depending on the accuracies of the servers used.

The accuracy of IP-based time synchronization is depending on the following criteria:

- Characteristics and accuracy of the time server / time signal used
- Characteristics of the sub-network
- Characteristics and quality of the synchronization client
- The algorithm used

NTP has a variety of algorithms to equalise the possible characteristics of IP networks. Algorithms also exist to equalise the offset between reference time source and the local clock.

However, under some circumstances it is not possible to provide an algorithmic solution.

#### For example:

- Time servers which do not deliver <u>any</u> correct time cannot be detected at all. The only
  option available to NTP is to mark these time servers as FALSETICKERS in comparison to other time servers and to disregard them. However, this means that if only 2
  time servers are configured, NTP has no way of determining the correctness of the
  individual times and clearly identifying which time is incorrect.
- 2. Asymmetries in the transmission between NTP servers and NTP clients can neither be measured nor calculated by NTP. NTP works on the assumption that the transmission path to the NTP server is exactly as long as the return path. The NTP algorithm can only filter out changes on a statistical basis. The use of several servers makes it possible for the combining algorithm to pick up and filter out any such errors. However, there is no possibility of filtering if this asymmetry is present on all or most of the NTP servers (faulty routing etc).
- 3. It goes without saying that the accuracy of the synchronised time cannot be better than the accuracy resolution of the local clock on the NTP server and NTP client.



With reference to the above mentioned error circumstances, the delivered time offset of the NTP should be considered to be at best the most favourable case and in no way to be a value that takes account of all possible errors.

In order to resolve this problem, NTP delivers the maximum possible error in relation to the offset. This value is designated as the synchronization distance ("LAMBDA") and is the sum of the Root Dispersion and half of the Root Delay of all NTP servers used. This value describes the worst possible case and thus the maximum error that can be expected.

Finally, please note that the user of the Time Server is responsible for the network conditions between the Time Server and the NTP clients.

As an example, we mention the case where a network has a delay of 500msec and an accuracy shift (asynchronization.) of 50msec occurs. The synchronised clients will therefore NEVER achieve accuracy values of one millisecond or even microseconds!

The accuracy value in the GENERAL tab of the WebGUI is designed to help the user to estimate the accuracy.

#### List of RFCs 14

- NTPv4 Protocol and Algorithms Specification (RFC 5905)
- NTPv4 Autokey Specification (RFC 5906)
- **PPS API (RFC 2783)**
- DHCP (RFC 2131)
- Time Protocol (RFC 868)
- Daytime Protocol (RFC 867)
- HTTP (RFC 2616)
- HTTPS (RFC 2818)
- SSH-2 (RFC 4250-4256, 4335, 4344, 4345, 4419, 4432, 4716, 5656)
- **TELNET (RFC 854-861)**
- SNMPv2 (RFC 1213, RFC1901-1908)
- SNMPv3 (RFC 3410-3418)
- SYSLOG (RFC 5424)
- SMTP (RFC 5321)



## 15 List of Open Source Packages Used

### Third Party Software

The *hopf* Time Server 8030NTS/GPS includes a numerous of software packages subject to other license conditions. In case the use of such a software package might violate the licence conditions immediately after written notice it is ensured that the underlying licence conditions are met again.

If the underlying licence conditions relating to a specific software package require availability of the source code the package is provided electronically (email, download etc.) on requested.

The following table includes all used software packages with the applicable underlying software license conditions:

Package name	Version	Licence	Licence details	Patches
boost	1.60.0		http://www.boost.org/LICENSE_1_0.txt	no
busybox	1.24.1	GPL	v2	no
bzip2	1.0.6	BSD		no
can-utils	f0abaaacb0 a3f620f73dd 6fd716d7da a3c36a8e3	GPL	v2	no
cifs-utils	6.4	GPL	v3	no
dhcpcd	6.10.1	BSD		no
dhcpdump	1.8		<ul> <li>Copyright 2001, 2002 by Edwin Groothuis, edwin@mavetju.org</li> <li>All rights reserved.</li> <li>Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:</li> <li>1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.</li> <li>2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.</li> <li>2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.</li> <li>THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR AND CONTRIBUTORS ``AS IS'' AND ANY EXPRESS OR IM-PLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.</li> </ul>	no
dosfstools	3.0.28	GPL	v3	no
eeprog	0.7.6	GPL	v2+	no
ethtool	4.2	GPL	v2	no
exfat	1.2.3	GPL	v2+	no

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Package name	Version	Licence	Licence details	Patches
exfat-utils	1.2.3	GPL	v2+	no
freetype	2.6.2	GPL	v2	no
gd	2.1.1	BSD		no
genext2fs	1.4.1	-		no
gzip	1.6	GPL	v2	no
host-autoconf	2.69	GPL	v3	no
host-au- tomake	1.15	GPL	v2	no
host-bison	3.0.4	GPL	v3	no
host-dos2unix	7.3.1	BSD		no
host- e2fsprogs	1.42.13	GPL	v2	no
host-flex	2.5.37		Flex carries the copyright used for BSD software, slightly modified because it originated at the Lawrence Berkeley (not Livermore!) Laboratory, which operates under a con- tract with the Department of Energy:	no
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host-gen- ext2fs	1.4.1	GPL	v2	no
host-gettext	0.19.7	GPL	v3	no

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Package name	Version	Licence	Licence details	Patches
host-kmod	22	LGPL	v2.1	no
host-libffi	3.2.1		libffi - Copyright (c) 1996-2014 Anthony Green, Red Hat, Inc and others. See source files for details.	no
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host-libglib2	2.46.2	LGPL	v2	no
host-libtool	2.46	GPL	v2	no
host-libxml2	2.9.3		Copyright (C) 1998-2012 Daniel Veillard All Rights Reserved.	no
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host-Izo	2.09	GPL	v2	no
host-m4	1.4.17	GPL	v3	no
host-mtd	1.5.2	GPL	v2	no
host-ncurses	5.9		Copyright (c) 1998-2010,2011 Free Software Foundation, Inc. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any per- son obtaining a copy of this software and associated doc- umentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to	no
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host-omap-u- boot-utils	0.2.1	GPL	v2	no
host-pkgconf	0.9.12		Copyright (c) 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015 pkgconf authors (see AUTHORS).	no
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host-uboot- tools	2016.01	GPL	v2+	no
host-zlib	1.2.8		Copyright (C) 1995-2017 Jean-loup Gailly and Mark Adler	no
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hwdata	0.267	GPL	v2	no
i2c-tools	3.1.2	GPL	v2	no
igmpproxy	0.1	GPL	v2	no
ipkg	0.99.163	GPL	v2	no
iproute2	4.4.0	GPL	v2	no
iptables	1.6.0	GPL		no

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iputils	2.4.10	GPL	v2	no
latencytop	0.5	GPL	v2	no
libarchive	3.1.2	BSD		no
libevent	2.0.22	3-clause BSD	http://libevent.org/LICENSE.txt	no
libffi	3.2.1	MIT License		no
libfuse	2.9.5	GPL		no
libglib2	2.46.2	LGPL	v2+	no
libnl	3.2.27	GPL		no
linux	4.1.13- g8dc6617	GPL	v2	yes
linuxptp	1.8	GPL	v2	yes
libpcap	1.7.4	2-clause BSD		no
libpng	1.6.21		http://www.libpng.org/pub/png/src/libpng-LICENSE.txt	no
libselinux	2.1.13			
libsepol	2.1.9	LGPL	v2.1	
libserial	0.6.0rc2	GPL	v3	no
libserialport	0.1.1	GPL	v3	no
libsocketcan	0.0.10	LGPL	v2.1	no
libsysfs	2.1.0	LGPL	v2.1	no
libusb	1.0.19	LGPL	v2	no
libxml2	2.9.3	MIT License		no
libzip	0.11.2	BSD		no
lighttpd	1.4.39	3-clause BSD		no
Im-sensors	3.4.0	LGPL	v2.1	no
Ishw	B.02.17	GPL	v2	no
lua	5.3.2	MIT License		no
Izo	2.09	GPL	v2	no
Izop	1.03	GPL	v2	no
memstat	1.0	MIT License		no
mii-diag	2.11	GPL		no
minicom	2.7	GPL	v2	no
mmc-utils		GPL	v2	no
mtd	1.5.2	GPL	v2	no
nano	2.5.1	GPL		no
nanocom	1.0	GPL		no
ncftp	3.2.5		http://www.ncftp.com/ncftp/doc/LICENSE.txt	no
ncurses	5.9	Permissive free soft- ware licence	Copyright (c) 1998-2004,2006 Free Software Foundation, Inc. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any per- son obtaining a copy of this software and associated doc- umentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, distribute with modifications, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions:	no

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netsnmp	5.7.3	BSD (mehrere)	http://net-snmp.sourceforge.net/about/license.html	no
netstat-nat	1.4.10	GPL		no
ntp	4.2.8p11	NTP	Copyright (c) University of Delaware 1992-2011	yes (6)
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openssh	7.1p2	BSD		no
openssl	1.0.2g	Dual	http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html	no
opkg	0.3.1	GPL	v2	no
pcre	8.38	BSD		no
popt	1.16	GNU Free Documenta- tion License	V1.3	no
pps-tools	0deb9c7e13 5e9380a6d0 9e9d2e938a 146bb698c8	GPL	v2	no
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LGPL/22.1       LGPL/22.1       no         setterial       2.17       GPL       no         spide/_test       V3.0       GPL       v2       no         spide/_test       V3.0       GPL       v2       no         sshpass       1.05       GPL       no       no         sshpass       1.05       GPL       no       no         start-stop- fammon       1.1.8.4       GPL       v2       no         sudo       1.8.15       ISC-style       http://www.sudo.ws/sudo/license.html       no         systat       11.2.0       GPL       v2       no         systat       11.2.0       GPL       v2       no         systat       11.2.0       GPL       v2       no         GSdubf3ad7       c2signif1(c) 2007, 2008, Johannes Berg       internes intersoul/ions ref       no         gopright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski         copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski         copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomitski       copright (c)	rsync	3.1.2	GPL		no
index         V3.0         CPL         v2         no           sqite         3100200         Public domain         no         no           sshpass         1.05         GPL         v2         no           start-stop- Jaemon         1.18.4         GPL         v2         no           start-stop- Jaemon         1.18.4         GPL         v2         no           start-stop- Jaemon         1.18.4         GPL         v2         no           start-stop- Jaemon         1.12.0         GPL         v2         no           syssitt         11.2.0         GPL         v2         no           Syssitt         11.2.0         GPL         v2         no           Copyright(c) 2007, 2008, Johannes Berg Johannes & spochulons nat Copyright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomirski Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Kershaw         no           OS1dddee49         Redistribution and use in source and binary form, with or withou modification, are permitted provided that the following disclaimer.         * Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.           * Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.         * Redistributions.           * Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, thi	setools	3.3.8	,		no
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start-stop- istement       1.18.4       GPL       v2       no         statserial       1.1       GPL       no         sudo       18.15       ISC-style       http://www.sudo.ws/sudo/license.html       no         systat       11.2.0       GPL       v2       no         i-tools       06dbdb2727 364b5/3ad7 c72389740       All rights reserved.       Base on code from         Copyright (c) 2007, 2008, Johannes Berg inhames & Seisolutions net Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       Copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no         Copyright (c) 2008, Cole, List R. Rodriguez       no       no         start Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright (c) 2007, Mick Streshaw       no       no         Start Redistributions of source code must r	sqlite	3100200			no
daemon       no         statserial       1.1       GPL       no         sudo       1.8.15       ISC-style       http://www.sudo.ws/sudo/license.html       no         sysstat       11.2.0       GPL       v2       no         Gedbdb27277       Sdsbf3ad7       Copyright(c) 1998 - 2010 Texas Instruments. All rights reserved.       No         Gr2389740       Godtdb27277       Sdsbf5ad7       Copyright (c) 2007, 2008, Johannes Berg       Johannes @sipsolutions.net         Copyright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomirski       Copyright (c) 2007, Andy Lutomirski       Copyright (c) 2008, Luis R. Rodriguez         motof@gmail.com       Redistributions and use in source and binary forms, with or       without modification, are permitted provided that the following disclaimer.         * Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.       * Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright with the distribution.         * Neither the name Texas Instruments nor the names of its       Contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.         THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EX-PRESS OR IMPLIED VARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICL-LAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COP XRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DINCET INNITE OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICL-LAR PURP	sshpass	1.05	GPL		no
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Package name	Version	Licence	Licence details	Patches
usb_modeswit ch	2.2.6	GPL	v2	no
usb_modeswit ch_data	20151101	GPL	v2	no
util-linux	2.27.1	GPL	v2	no
zlib	1.2.8	Permissive free soft- ware licence	http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html	no