

# **Technical Manual**

**GPS - NTP Time Server with LAN Interface** 

# Model 8029NTS/GPS

**For DIN Rail Installation** (DIN EN 60715 TH35)

# **ENGLISH**

Version: 05.00 - 15.07.2015

SET

IMAGE (8029) FIRMWARE (8021)

Valid for Version: 05.xx Version: 05.xx

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GPS - NTP Time Server with LAN Interface 8029NTS/GPS - V05.00

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### Version Numbers (Firmware / Description)

THE TERM **SET** DEFINES THE FIXED RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE IMAGE VERSION AND THE ASSOCIATED H8 FIRMWARE VERSION.

THE FIRST TWO DIGITS OF THE TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION VERSION NUMBER, THE **SET** VERSION AND THE IMAGE VERSION **MUST BE THE SAME**! THEY DESIGNATE THE SHARED FUNCTIONAL IDENTITY BETWEEN DEVICE, SOFTWARE AND TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION.

THE VERSION NUMBER OF THE IMAGE AND THE H8 SOFTWARE CAN BE READ IN THE WEBGUI OF TIME SERVER 8029NTS/GPS (SEE **CHAPTER 7.3.5.1 DEVICE INFORMATION** AND **CHAPTER 7.3.5.2 HARDWARE INFORMATION**).

THE TWO DIGITS AFTER THE DOT IN THE VERSION NUMBER DESIGNATES CORRECTIONS TO THE FIRMWARE AND/OR DESCRIPTION WHICH HAVE NO EFFECT ON FUNCTIONALITY.

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### **Symbols and Characters**



#### **Operational Reliability**

Disregard may cause damages to persons or material.

#### Functionality

Disregard may impact function of system/device.



#### Information

Notes and Information.





#### Safety regulations

The safety regulations and observance of the technical data serve to ensure trouble-free operation of the device and protection of persons and material. It is therefore of utmost importance to observe and compliance with these regulations.

If these are not complied with, then no claims may be made under the terms of the warranty. No liability will be assumed for any ensuing damage.



#### Safety of the device

This device has been manufactured in accordance with the latest technological standards and approved safety regulations

The device should only be put into operation by trained and qualified staff. Care must be taken that all cable connections are laid and fixed in position correctly. The device should only be operated with the voltage supply indicated on the identification label.

The device should only be operated by qualified staff or employees who have received specific instruction.

If a device must be opened for repair, this should only be carried out by employees with appropriate qualifications or by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.

Before a device is opened or a fuse is changed all power supplies must be disconnected.

If there are reasons to believe that the operational safety can no longer be guaranteed the device must be taken out of service and labelled accordingly.

The safety may be impaired when the device does not operate properly or if it is obviously damaged.

### **CE-Conformity**



This device fulfils the requirements of the EU directive 2004/108/EC "Electromagnetic Compatibility" and 2006/95/EC "Low Voltage Equipment".

Therefore the device bears the CE identification marking (CE = Communautés Européennes = European communities)

The CE indicates to the controlling bodies that the product complies with the requirements of the EU directive - especially with regard to protection of health and safety for the operator and the user - and may be released for sale within the common markets.



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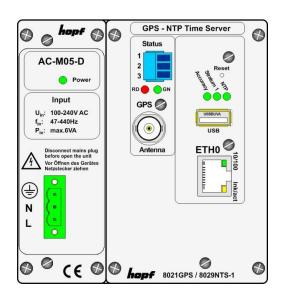


# 1 GPS - NTP Time Server 8029NTS/GPS

By GPS time synchronization and the worldwide used time protocol **NTP (Network Time Protocol)** the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS turns into a highly accurate **NTP Stratum 1** Time Server. It is used for the synchronization of computers and industrial networks.

The Time Server supports the following synchronization protocols:

- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- Daytime
- Time
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)



The Time Server is integrated into a compact DIN Rail housing and is characterized by its easy and simple operation, although it offers a **broad range of functions**. Some of the practice-oriented functionalities are:

#### Complete parameterisation via protected WebGUI access

All required settings for operation can be executed via a password proteded WebGUI also giving an overview of the status of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

#### • Monitoring of GPS antenna circuit

An error message is generated when there is a short circuit in the GPS antenna circuit or an open antenna input.

- Automatic switch-over of summer/winter time (initial setting required) After initial commissioning there is no user intervention for a correct summer/winter time changeover for the following years required.
- Automatic handling of the leap second Insertion of a leap second in UTC time is automatically recognised and executed by the the Time Sever 8029NTS/GPS.



A superior security is guaranteed via available coding procedures such as symmetric keys, autokey and access restrictions and deactivation of non-used protocols.

Different **Managemenet and Monitoring Functions** are availabe <u>as options</u> (e.g. SNMP, SNMP-Traps, E-mail notification, Syslog-messages including MIB II and private Enterprise MIB).

Currently the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS offers following unlockable functions:

<u>Alarming</u>

After activation <u>SNMP (included SNMPv3), Syslog and E-mail notification</u> are available in order to monitor the system condition. Furthermore, a MIB II and private Enterprise MIB are provided allowing realization of management functions.

Routing

This function allows entering routes in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS for spezial network requirements.

• SINEC H1 time datagram

This function allows paramerization of the SINEC H1 time datagram and output via the LAN interface.

A few other basic functions of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS:

- The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS operates as NTP Server with Stratum 1
- Synchronization with just one satellite possible
- Easy operation via WebGUI
- Status LEDs on the front panel
- Sync status output via optical coupler
- **High freewhell accuracy** provided by GPS-supported regulation of the internal quartz basis
- Potential isolation of the GPS antenna circuit
- Completely maintance-free system
- **SyncOFF Timer** (reception failure bypassing) for operation free of fault messages even based on difficult reception conditions
- Redundant **multiple validation** of the synchronization signal for an error-free and leapfree signal evaluation
- Maintefnace-free, buffered **backup clock** for at least three days

#### Software supplied:

- hmc Remote Software for the operating systems:
  - Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/VISTA/7 (32/64 Bit)
  - Microsoft® Windows® Server 2003/2008 (32/64 Bit)
  - Linux® (32/64 Bit)
  - Oracle® Solaris SPARC/x86
  - IBM AIX® (ab Version 5.2)
  - HP-UX 11i (RS232 support only for PA-RISC architecture)



#### Overview of the functions of the network Time Server 8029NTS/GPS:

#### **Ethernet Interface**

- Auto negotiate
- 10 Mbps half-/full duplex
- 100 Mbps half-/full duplex

#### **Time Protocols**

- NTPv4 Server
- NTP Broadcast Mode
- NTP Multicast Mode
- NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (redundancy)
- SNTP Server
- NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
- NTP Autokey Encryption
- NTP Access Restrictions
- PPS Time Source
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server

#### Network Protocols

- HTTP/ HTTPS
- DHCP
- Telnet
- SSH
- SNMPv3, SNMP Traps (MIB II, Private Enterprise MIB) (Activation Key necessary)
- NTP (including SNTP)
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

#### **Configuration Channel**

- HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI (browser-based)
- Telnet
- SSH
- External LAN configuration tool (*hmc* Network-Configuration-Assistant)
- *hmc* Remote connection

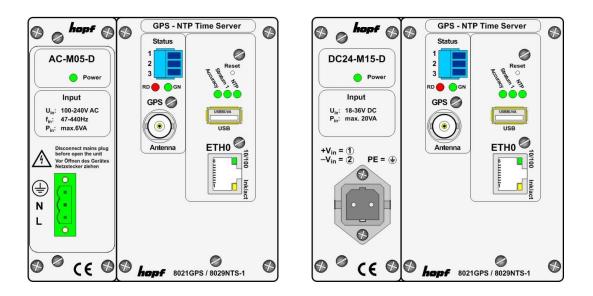
#### **Additionally Freatures**

- E-mail notification (Activation Key necessary)
- Syslog messages to external syslog server (Activation Key necessary)
- Routing (Activation Key necessary)
- Update via TCP/IP
- Fail-safe
- Watchdog circuit
- System management
- Customized security banner



# 2 System Structure

Views of the Timer Server 8029NTS/GPS with AC and DC power supply.



### 2.1 Housing

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is built into a closed aluminium profile housing for DIN Rail mounting according to DIN EN 60715 TH35.

### 2.2 Power Supply

Currently the following types of power supplies are available:

- AC/DC wide range power supply 100-240V AC / 110-250V DC Type: AC-M05-D
- DC power supply 18-36V DC (nominal voltage 24V DC) Type: DC24-M15-D
- DC power supply 36-76 VDC (nominal voltage 48V DC) Type: DC48-M15-D

### 2.3 Functional Overview of the Front Panel Elements

This chapter describes the individual front panel elements and their functions.

### 2.3.1 Reset-(Default) Button



The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel next to the "Reset" inscription" (see *chapter 4.3 Reset-(Default) Button*).



### 2.3.2 NTP Status LEDs (NTP/Stratum/Accuracy)



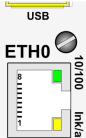
NTP-LED (Green)	NTP sewrvice of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS
On	Standard, running
Off	Not running
Stratum1-LED (Green)	The NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS works with:
On	Stratum 1
Flashes	Stratum 2-15
Off	Stratum 16 (no synchronization of NTP Clients)
Accuracy-LED (Green)	The NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS works with accuracy of:
On	high
Flashes	medium
Off	low

### 2.3.3 USB-Port



On specific problems the USB connection can be used for a system recovery after consulting the *hopf* Support.

# 2.3.4 LAN Interface ETH0



	10/100-LED (Green)	Description
<u> </u>	Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected
10/100	On	100 MBit Ethernet detected
õ		
lnk	Ink/act-LED (Yellow)	Description
Ink/act	Off	No LAN connection to a network
	On	LAN connection available
	Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)
	Pin No.	Assignment
	1	Tx+
	2	Tx-
	3	Rx+
	4	Not in use
	5	Not in use
	6	Rx–
	7	Not in use
	8	Not in use



### 2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0

Each LAN interface is clearly identifiable on the Ethermet via a unique MAC Address (hardware address).

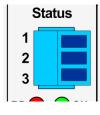
The MAC address given for the LAN interface ETH0 can be read in WebGUI of the appropriate board or be evaluated via the *hmc* Network Configuration Assisant. The MAC address is uniquely assigned for each LAN interface by the company *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.

The factory set MAC address for the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is stated on a sticker laterally positioned on the exterior of the housing of the device.



*hopf* Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with **00:03:C7**:xx:xx:xx.

### 2.3.5 Sync Status Optical Coupler



Sync Status Optical Coupler	
3-pole pluggable Connector	
Pin Signal	
1	Collector
2	n.c.
3	Emitter

### 2.3.6 Sync Status LEDs



Sync Status LEDs	
LED	Meaning
RD	Status LED red
GN	Status LED green

The Status LEDs on the front panel signal the current (synchronization) status of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS). The meanings of the LEDs are as follows:

LED RD - Red	LED GN - Green	Status	STATUS Code
Off	ON	Sync (radio-synchronous) with quartz regulation	SYNC
Off	Flashes	Sync (radio-synchronous) - SyncOFF timer running	SYOF
Flashes	ON	Sync (radio-synchronous) - simulation mode	SYSI
Flashes	Flashes	Quarz - SyncON timer running	QUON
ON	ON	Quarz - time was set via synchronization source	QUEX
ON	Flashes	Quarz - time set manually or after reset	QUSE
ON	Off	No valid time	INVA
Off	Off	No operating voltage / faulty	



### 2.3.7 GPS Antenna Input

GPS 🥢	GPS A	ntenna
	BNC co	onnecto
	GPS	Antei
Antenna		

GPS Antenna		ntenna
	BNC c	onnector
	GPS	Antenna input



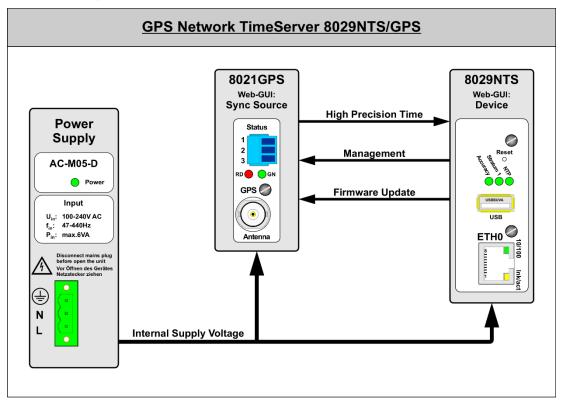
The antenna input provides an internal monitoring for "short-circuit" and "open input".



# **3** Function Principle

This chapter describes the function principle of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS and the internal relations between the different functional groups.

### 3.1 Block Diagram



#### Internal Supply Voltage

The individual functional components are supplied with the required operating voltage via the implemented power supply unit.

#### • Firmware Update

A H8 firmware update of the Sync Souce (here Module 8021GPS) is completey controlled by Module 8029NTS.

The update file for Module 8021GPS is loaded into Module 8029NTS via LAN through the WebGUI. Then Module 8029NTS performs the update of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) independently.

#### Management

The entire control of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) is done by Module 8029NTS. All data of the Sync Source, indicated via WebGUI, are demanded cyclically by Module 8029NTS from the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) or if necessary. These data are then prepared for the display in WebGUI. After activation settings for the Sync Source are transferred to the Sync Source immediately.

#### • High Precision Time

The Sync Source provides a high-precision time information and the according synchronization status to Module 8029NTS. This time and status information is used for synchronization of the NTP service and if applicable other signal generations running on 8029NTS.



#### 3.2 Function 8029NTS (WebGUI: Device)

The Module 8029NTS is the "heart" of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. A complete LINUX operating system is running on this Module providing all functions such as NTP, WebGUI etc. The Module also controls the connected Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS). Using the high-precise time information of Module 8021GPS the NTP service running on Module 8029NTS is also adjusted with high-precision. Thus the Module 8029NTS is a very precise NTP STRATUM 1 - Time Server.

#### 3.3 Function 8021GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

The Module 8021GPS is in principle an independent Module with GPS receiver and its own µProcessor. In synchronous status it provides a high-precise time information to the Module 8029NTS. The control of Module 8021GPS in this system is completely done via Module 8029NTS. Parameters required by Module 8021GPS or provided are entered into WebGUI of Module 8029NTS or rather be output.

The Module 8021GPS has an own failsafe memory in which all required data for operation after generation via WebGUI are stored.

As the data of the Sync Source for the WebGUI indication need to be received by the Module 8029NTS at first, it is no real-time indication in WebGUI.



# 4 System Behaviour

This chapter describes the behaviour of the system in special operational phases and conditions.

### 4.1 Boot Phase

The boot process of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS starts after turning on the system or a reset.

During the boot process the Module 8029NTS boots its LINUX operation system and is therefore not available via LAN.

The end of the boot process is reached when the green NTP LED is shining and thereby indicates that the NTP service on Module 8029NTS has been started and enabled. The boot process lasts approx. 1-1.5 minutes.

### 4.2 NTP Adjustment Process (NTP/Stratum/Accuracy)

NTP is a regulation process. After start of the NTP services, automatically processed during booting, the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS requires approximately 5-10 minutes after synchronization of the Sync Source (Status "SYNC") until NTP is set to the high accuracy of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) and reaches the optimized operation condition of **STRATUM = 1** and **ACCURACY = High**.

The decisive factors here are accuracy of the synchronization source and the appropriate synchronization condition of the Sync Source.

### 4.3 Reset-(Default) Button

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS can be reset by the Reset-(Default) Button behind the front panel of the board. The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel.

Duration	Function
< 1 sec.	No action
1 - 9 sec.	After releasing a systemwide hardware reset is triggered
10 - 19 sec.	After releasing a <b>CUSTOM DEFAULT</b> followd by a <b>REBOOT</b> is triggered after approx. 10 seconds.
>= 20 sec.	After releasing a <b>FACTORY DEFAULT</b> followd by a <b>REBOOT</b> is triggered after approx. 10 seconds

The button triggers different functions depending on how long it is pressed:



If the user saves **no** CUSTOM DEFAULT via the WebGUI, a FACTORY DEFAULT is triggered instead.



### 4.4 Firmware Update

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is a multi processor system. For this reason a firmware update always consists of a so called Software SET including up to three (3) program releases defined by the SET version needed to be loaded into the board.

#### Module 8029NTS (WebGUI: Device):

1x Image Update

1x H8 Update (optional – not in the standard device)

#### Module 8021GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source):

1x H8 Update

An update is a critical process. The device should not be turned off during the update and the network connection to the device not be interrupted.



All programs of a SET needed to be uploaded to ensure a defined operation condition.



The progam releases assigned to a SET version may be taken from the release notes of the software SETs of the Time Sever 8029NTS/GPS.

### 4.4.1 Firmware Update 8029NTS (WebGUI: Device)

The general process of a software update of Module 8029NTS is described below:

#### H8 Update (Optional – only when in WebGUI available)

- 1. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 2. Select in the **Device** tab the menu item **H8 Firmware Update**.
- 3. Select the file with the file extension .mot for Module 8029 via the selection window.
- 4. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 5. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 6. In WebGUI the successful file transfer to the Module is indicated.
- 7. Now the update of the board automatically starts after a few seconds.
- 8. After successful update the board automatically reboots.
- 9. After approx. 2 minutes the H8 update process is finished and the board is again accessible via WebGUI.



#### Image Update

- 10. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 11. Select in **Device** tab the menu item **Image Update**.
- 12. Select the file with the file .img via the selection window.
- 13. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 14. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 15. In WebGUI the successful file transfer and writing to the Module is indicated.
- 16. In WebGUI the successful update is indicated after 2-3 minutes with the request to release a reboot of the board.
- 17. After activation and successful reboot of the board the image update process is finished.

### 4.4.2 Firmware Update 8021GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

#### H8 Update

- 1. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 2. Select in the GPS SYNC SOURCE tab the menu item H8 Firmware Update.
- 3. Select the file with the file extension .mot for Module 8021 via the selection window.
- 4. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 5. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 6. In WebGUI the successful file transfer to the Module is indicated.
- 7. Now the update of the board automatically starts after a few seconds.
- 8. After successful update the board automatically reboots.
- 9. After approx. 2 minutes the H8 update process is finished and the board is again accessible via WebGUI.



# 4.5 Activation of Functions (Activation Key)

Currently the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS offers three functions that require an "Activation Key".

These functions are only available after entering a valid activation key related to the serial number of the Module 8029NTS (not the serial number of the overall system).

The activation of such function(s) can be done by default and also later by the user if required.

These functions are:

#### <u>Alarming</u>

After activation the functions **SNMPv2, SNMPv3, Syslog and Email notification** are available in order to monitor the system condition. Furthermore a MIB II and private enterprise MIB are provided with which management functions can be realized.

#### Routing

This function allows entering routes in the the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS for spezial network requirements.

#### SINEC H1 time datagram

This function allows paramerization of the SINEC H1 datagram and output via the LAN interface.



The settins for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither modified nor influenced by the functions FACTORY DEFAULTS and CUSTOM DEFAULTS.



# 5 Installation

The installation of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is described below.

### 5.1 Installation/Dismounting of the DIN Rail Housing

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS can be mounted on all rails in accordance with DIN EN 60715 TH35 and is designed for horizontal mounting.

#### **Dimensions**

The dimensions of the housing can be found in *Chapter 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail* Housing.

Time Server 8029NNTS/GPS – Housing: TYPE 2

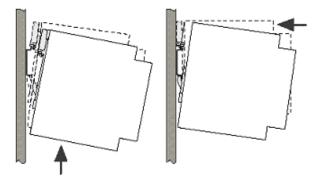


In order to guarantee an adequate convection, we recommend the following minimum distance from other modules:

- 5.0 cm in vertical direction and
- 1.0 cm in horizontal direction.

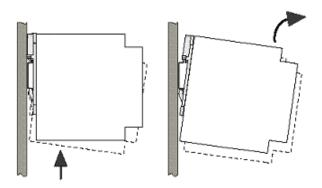
### 5.1.1 Mounting

Place the module's rail guide bar against the lower edge of the rail, push the module upwards, and clip to the back.



### 5.1.2 Dismounting

Push the module upwards and then tip forward to remove from the rail.





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# 5.2 Protective Earth Conductor (Grounding)

Grounding of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is achieved via the PE line of the power supply wiring.

### 5.3 **Power Connection**

Depending on the version of the appliance an AC or DC power feeding is available.

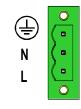
### 5.3.1 AC Power Supply

The standard AC power supply unit of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is described hereunder. However, the connection data on the nameplate of the respective device are always applicable.

Pay attention to the following when connecting the power supply:

- Correct voltage type (AC or DC),
- Voltage amount

The power cable is connected via a 3pole pluggable screw terminal with housing.





Connecting the incorrect voltage can damage the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

### 5.3.1.1 Safety and Warning Instructions

Please read these instructions thoroughly to facilitate safe operation of the device and to use all of its functions!



Warning: Never work on live equipment! Danger to life!

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is a built-in device. Installation and commissioning may only be carried out by suitable specialist personnel. In doing so the respective country-specific regulations (e.g. VDE, DIN) must be observed.

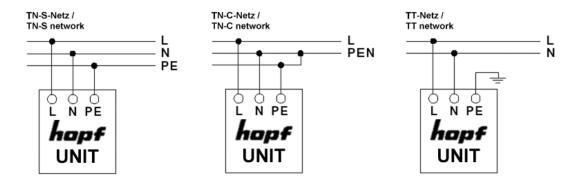
In particular, before commissioning please ensure that

- The power connection has been installed correctly and there is guaranteed protection against electric shock!
- The ground wire is connected!
- All power cables are correctly fused and sized!
- All output lines are sized in accordance with the max. output current of the device or are specially fused!
- Sufficient convection is guaranteed!

The device contains components carrying life-threatening voltage and a high amount of stored energy!



### 5.3.1.2 Connection to various Power Networks



### 5.3.1.3 Power Cable Connection

The power cable is connected via a 3pole pluggable screw terminal. The following cable crosssections can be connected to the input plug:

	Fixed [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	Flexible [mm <sup>2</sup> ]	AWG	Starting moment [Nm]
L, N, 争	0.2-2.5	0.2-2.5	24-12	0.5 – 0.6

#### For a reliable and secure contact:

Strip the insulation by 8 mm!





The connector must always be mounted using the housing and strain relief fitting provided.



### 5.3.1.4 Voltage Input / Fuse Protection

The 100-240V AC connection is made via the pluggable screw terminal L, N and 😉.

#### Primary Side Fuse Protection

The device must be installed in accordance with the provisions of EN 60950. There must be a suitable isolating device external to the power supply capable of switching the device off.

The primary side line protection, for example, is suitable for this purpose.

Further equipment protection is not required because the device is fused internally.

#### **Recommended External Fuse**

When connecting the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS a suitable fuse protection of the power supply needs to be observed.

Accordingly, the performance data should be taken from the nameplate of the device. Currently the standard versions of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS are supplied with power supplies with power consumption between 6 and 15VA.

Regarding DC applications a suitable fuse must be connected.



If the internal fuse trips it is highly likely that the device is faulty. In this case the equipment should be checked at the factory!

### 5.3.1.5 Power Supply Specifications

All specifications regarding the AC power supply can be found in *Chapter 12.4 Power Supplies*.

#### 5.3.1.6 Power LED

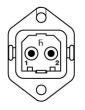
The green Power LED allows a functional evaluation directly on site at the control cabinet.

LED lights	Normal power supply operation
LED off	No power supply is available or the device is faulty.

### 5.3.2 DC Power Supply



Make sure that the external voltage source is switched off. When connecting the power supply, ensure that the polarity and ground connection are correct!



• The power supply cable is connected to the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS by means of a 2-pole plug connector with additional ground connection and interlock:

- +V<sub>in</sub>: Positive pole (contact 1)
- -V<sub>in</sub>: Negative pole (contact 2)
- PE: Ground





Connecting the incorrect voltage can damage the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.



#### Grounding:

The negative pole (-Vin) and the ground (PE) are connected together as standard on the system side.

#### 5.3.2.1 Power Supply Unit Specifications

All specifications regarding the DC power supply can be found in *Chapter 12.4 Power Supplies*.

#### 5.3.2.2 Fuse Protection

When connecting the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS a suitable fuse protection of the power supply needs to be observed.

Accordingly, the performance data should be taken from the nameplate of the device. Currently the standard versions of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS are supplied with power supplies with power consumption of max. 20VA.



If the internal fuse (device fuse) blows, it is most probable that the device is defective. In this case the device needs to be checked in the facatory!

### 5.4 Connection GPS Antenna System

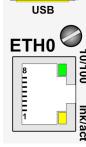
The coaxial line of the GPS antenna system is placed on the BNC female connector with the **"GPS Antenna"** inscription on the front panel of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. More detailed descriptions referring to the installation of the antenna system, for example, cable lengths and cable types, are described in the document "Antenna System GPS".



GPS Ant	tenna
BNC Co	nnector
GPS	Antenna input

There is an antenna input monitoring for "open" and "short-ciruit" on the the system side.

# 5.5 Connection LAN Interface ETH0

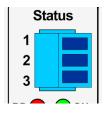


	10/100-LED (Green)	Description
<u> </u>	Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected
10/100	On	100 MBit Ethernet detected
-	Ink/act-LED (Yellow)	Description
Ink/act	Off	No LAN connection to a network
8	On	LAN connection available
	Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
4	Not in use
5	Not in use
6	Rx–
7	Not in use
8	Not in use

# 5.6 Connection Sync Status Optical Coupler

The Sync Status Optical Coupler connection is a 3-pole pluggable screw terminal.



Sync Status Optokoppler					
3-pole pluggable Connector					
Pin	Signal				
1	Collector				
2	n.c.				
3	Emitter				



# 6 Commissioning

This chapter describes commissioning of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

### 6.1 General Procedure

Overview of the general commissioning procedure:

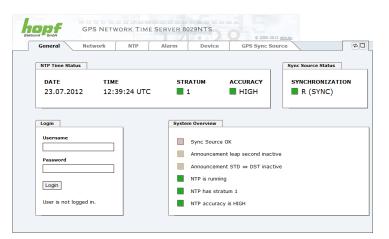
- · Finish the installation process completely
- Switch on the device
- Wait until the booting phase is finsihed (Duration approx. 2 min. finished when the green NTP LED is lit on)
- Using the SEARCH Function of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant in order to access the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS and set the basis LAN parameters (e.g. DHCP). Afterwards connect to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS via Web browser

connect directly with the factory default IP-address (192.168.0.1) to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS via Web browser

- Log in as "master"
- Change default passwords for "master" and "device" In the DEVICE tab
- Set all required LAN parameters (e.g. entry of DNS server) in NETWORK tab if necessary
- Check current settings in NTP tab and modify according to individual needs as necessary
- Parametrize following values of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) in **GPS SYNC SOURCE** tab:
  - o Set current UTC time
  - Set the local difference time to UTC
  - o Set or deactivate the changeover times for summer/winter time
  - Set local position (if not known as 0)
  - o Check values for reception mode, SyncON/SyncOFF Timer and status OC

Trigger a Module Reset after the above mentioned entries

- Check for Module Error in register GPS SYNC SOURCE
- Parametrize optional functions e.g. SNMP or SINEC H1 time datagram
- If all base settings are carried out correctly and there is GPS reception, the **GENERAL** tab should look like this after approx. 30 min.:





# 6.2 Switching on the Operating Voltage

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS has no own switch for the power supply. The converter is activated by switching on the external power supply source.

### 6.3 Establish the Network Connection via Web Browser



Ensure that the network parameters of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS are configured in accordance with the local network before connecting the device to the network.



Connecting a network to an incorrectly configured Time Server 8029NTS/GPS (e.g. duplicate IP address) may cause interference on the network.



The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is supplied with a static IP-address (equivalent to the factory default setting).

IP-address: Network mask: Gateway: 192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0 not set



In case it is not known whether the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS with a Factory Default setting causes problems in the network, the basis network parameterization should be executed via a "Peer to Peer" network connection.



Request the required network parameters from your network administrator if those are unknown.

The network connection is made via a LAN cable and RJ45 plug (recommended cable type: CAT5 or better).

# 6.4 Network Configuration for ETH0 via LAN through *hmc*

After connecting the system to the power supply and creating the physical network connection to LAN interface of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS, the device can be searched for on the network via the *hmc* (*hopf* Management Console). Then the base LAN parameters (IP address, netmask and gateway or DHCP) may be adjusted in order to allow accessibility of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS for other systems on the network.



The SEACH Function of the *hmc* - Network Configuration Assistant <u>requires</u> for location and recognition of the wished Time Server 8029NTS/GPS the *hmc*-computer <u>in the same SUB Net</u>.



The base LAN parameters can be set via the *hmc* integrated **Network Configuration** Assistant.



After a successful start of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant and completed search of the *hopf* LAN devices, the configuration of the base LAN parameters can be done.

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is stated as **8029NTS** in the Device List.

The determination of different Time Server 8029NTS/GPS (or other products variants) is made via **Hardware Address** (MAC Address).



The factory set MAC address for the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is stated on a sticker laterally positioned on the exterior of the housing of the device.

Device List 8029NTS	Configuration Device Type 8029NTS Firmware Version 04.01 Hardware Address 00:03:C7:01:2A:E8 Serial Number 8029010984	Host Name hopf8029nts Network Configuration Type Static IP Address IP Address 192.168.100.118 Netmask 255.255.255.0 Gateway
Rescan Network	Set Device Password Set Master Password	Gateway  192.168.100.118  Apply  Reset To Factory Defaults  Exit



For an extended configuration of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS through a browser via WebGUI the following base parameters are required:

- Host Name
- Network Configuration Type
- IP Address
- Netmask
- Gateway

⇒ e.g. hopf8029NTS

- ⇒ e.g. Static IP Address or DHCP
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.149
- ⇔ e.g. 255.255.255.0
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.1

- The hostname must meet the following conditions:
  - The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.' . There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
  - The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
  - The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



The network parameters being assigned should be pre-determined with the network administrator in order to avoid problems on the network (e.g. duplicate IP address).

#### IP Address (IPv4)

An IP address is a 32 bit value divided into four 8 bit numbers. The standard presentation is 4 decimal numbers (in the range 0...255) separated from each other by dots (dotted quad notation).

#### Example: 192.002.001.123

The IP address consists of a leading network ID followed by the host ID. Four common network classes were defined in order to cover different requirements. Depending on the network class, the last one, two or three bytes define the host while the rest define the network (network ID) in each case.

In the following text the "x" stands for the host part of the IP address.

#### Class A Networks

IP addresses 001.xxx.xxx to 127.xxx.xxx

There is a maximum of 127 different networks in this class. This allows the possibility to connect a very high number of devices (max. 16.777.216)

#### Example: 100.000.000.001, (Network 100, Host 000.000.001)

#### Class B Networks

IP addresses 128.000.xxx.xxx to 191.255.xxx.xxx

Each of these networks can consist of up to 65534 devices.

Example: 172.001.003.002 (Network 172.001, Host 003.002)



#### Class C Networks

IP addresses 192.000.000.xx to 223.255.255.xxx

These network addresses are the most commonly used. Up to 254 devices can be connected.

#### Class D Networks

The addresses from 224.xxx.xxx - 239.xxx.xxx are used as multicast addresses.

#### Class E Networks

The addresses from 240.xxx.xxx.xxx - 254.xxx.xxx are designated as "Class E" and are reserved.

#### Gateway Address

The gateway or router address is required in order to be able to communicate with other network segments. The standard gateway must be set to the router address which connects these segments. This address must be within the local network.

After entering the above mentioned LAN parameters, they needed to be transferred to the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS via the Apply button. Afterwards the entry of the Device **Password** is requested:

Password		
Device Pas	ssword	
ОК	Cancel	

The Time Server 8029NTP/GPS is supplied with the default device password **<device**> on delivery. After entry click on the **OK** button to confirm.

The LAN parameters thus set are directly adopted (without reboot) by the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS and are immediately active.



# 7 HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI – Web Browser Configuration Interface



For the correct display and function of the WebGUI, JavaScript and Cookies must be enabled in the browser.

The correct function & display of the WebGUI were verified on Windows XP and Windows7 using the browsers MS InternetExplorer 8 and Mozilla Firefox, version 6.0.2 and 14.0.1

# 7.1 Quick Configuration

This chapter gives a brief description of the basic operation of the WebGUI installed on the module.

### 7.1.1 Requirements

- Ready-for-operation *hopf* NTP Time Server 8029NTS/GPS
- PC with installed web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) in the sub-network of Time Server 8029NTS/GPS

### 7.1.2 Configuration Steps

- Create the connection to the Time Server with a web browser
- Login as a 'master' user (default password <master> is set by delivery)
- Switch to "Network" tab if available and enter the DNS Server (required for NTP and the alarm messages depending of network)
- Save the configuration
- Switch to "Device" tab and restart Network Time Server via "Reboot Device"
- NTP Service is now available with the standard settings
- NTP specified settings can be done in the "NTP" tab
- Alarm messages via Syslog/SNMP/Email can be configured in "Alarm" tab only if this function is enabled by an activation key

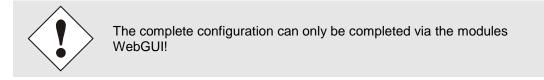


The following detailed explanatory information should be read if anything is unclear while executing the configuration steps.



## 7.2 General – Introduction

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS should be accessible to a web browser if it has been set up correctly. Enter the IP address - as set up in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS earlier - or the DNS name on the address line <<u>http://xxx.xxx.xxx</u>> and the following screen should appear.



General Netwo	rk NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync So	urce
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Status
DATE	TIME	STRATU	м А		SYNCHRONIZATI
23.07.2012 12:39:24 UTC		1	■1 ■+		R (SYNC)
Password		Ann NTP		eap second inactiv GTD ⇔ DST inactiv 1	
User is not logged in.			accuracy is	LITCH	



The WebGUI was developed for multi-user read access but not for multiuser write access. It is the responsibility of the user to pay attention to this issue.



### 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User

All of the modules data can be read without being logged on as a special user. However, the configuration and modification of settings and data can only be carried out by an authorised user! Two types of user are defined:

- "master" user (default password on delivery: <master> )
- "device" user (default password on delivery: <device>)



Differentiation is made between **upper and lower case** characters in the password. Alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used: []()\*-\_!\$% & / = ?



The password should be changed after the first login for security reasons.

The following screen should be visible after logging in as a "master" user:

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync So	urce	
NTP Time Status					Sync Source St	tatus
DATE         TIME           23.07.2012         12:4	0:56 UTC	STR	atum L	ACCURACY HIGH	SYNCHRON	
Login User master is logged in since 12:40:51 UTC. Logout				leap second inactive STD ⇔ DST inactive m 1		

Click on the Logout button to log out.

The WebGUI is equipped with a session management. If the user does not conduct a logout, the logout is automatically made after 10 minutes of inactivity (idle time).



After successful login, depending on the access level (device or master user), changes can be made to the configuration and saved.

Users logged in as "master" have all access rights to the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

Users logged in as "device" do not have access to:

- Trigger reboot
- Trigger factory defaults
- Carry out image update
- Carry out H8 firmware update
- Upload certificate
- Change master password
- Download configuration files

### 7.2.2 Navigation via the Web Interface

The WebGUI is divided into functional tabs. Click on one of these tabs to navigate through the board. The selected tab is identified by a darker background colour, see the following image (General in this case).

	GPS NETW	ORK TIM	E SERVER 80	29NTS		
Elektronik 🥌 GmbH				0 - 1-	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	3.5
and the second second second						

User login is not required in order to navigate through the board configuration options.

JavaScript and Cookies should be enabled in the browser in order to guarantee the correct operation of the web interface.		
Elektronik GmbH General Host Settings Host/Nameserv Network Interfa Routing Protocols Management Time		All the links within the tabs on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed display or setting options.

^



# 7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data

It is necessary to be logged on as one of the users described above in order to enter or change data.

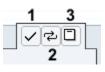
## 7.2.3.1 Changing of Data in 8029NTS (WebGUI: Device)

All changeable data, except those in GPS SYNC SOURCE tab, are saved in Module 8029NTS. For these data the value saving is divided into two steps.

For a permanent saving the modified value MUST first be accepted with **Apply** from the module and then be stored with **Save**. Otherwise the modifications get lost after a reboot of the module or switching the system off.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
Host Settings		Management	Protocols	1	SNMP	
Host/Nameservice Network Interface ETH0 Routing Protocols Management Time		HTTP enabled V HTTPS disabled V SSH enabled V TELNET disabled V Feature not Hopf Manager disabled V			Feature is not activated! Please contact sales to purchase an activation key.	
		Hopf Manager HMC Manager	1			

After an entry with **Apply** is made, the configured field is marked with a star ' \* '. This means that a value has been entered or changed but not yet been stored in the flash memory.



Meaning of the symbols from left to right:

No.	Symbol	Description
1	Apply	Acceptance of changes and entered data
2	Reload	Restoring the saved data
3	Save	Fail-save storage of the data in the flash configuration



If the data should only be tested it is sufficient to accept the changes with Apply.



#### **Changing Network Parameters**

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

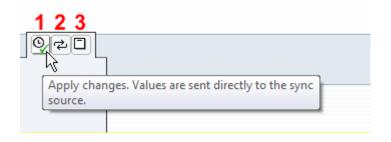
However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.



For adopting changes and entering values only the respective buttons in the WebGUI can be used.

## 7.2.3.2 Changing of Data in 8021GPS (WebGUI: Sync Source)

The modified data in the GPS SYNC SOURCE tab are diretly transferred to the Module 8021GPS by pushing the button 1 and stored failsafe in Module 8021GPS. This can also be recognized by the modified display of the **Apply** button. The buttons 2 and 3 in GPS SYNC SOURCE tab are disabled and are not required.





The new reading of the modified data from Module 8029NTS for the WebGUI indication can take up to 30 seconds after data transfer to Module 8021GPS.

However, this has no effect on the function of the appropriate setting/value.



#### 7.2.4 Plausibility Check during Input

A plausibility check is generally carried out during input.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	~~
Host Settings		Network Inter	rface ETH0			
Host/Nameservice		Link Status				
Network Interface	ETH0	Up				
<u>Routing</u>		Default Hard				
		00:03:C7:01	:27:90			
			Hardware Addre	ess (MAC)		
Protocols		disabled -				
Management		Custom Hard	ware Address (	MAC)		
Time						
		DHCP*				
		disabled 👻				
		IP-Address				
		192.168.233	.321			
		Network Mas	k			
		255.255.224	.0			
		Operation m	ode			
		Auto negotiat	e 🔻			

As illustrated in the above image, an invalid value (e.g. text where a number should be entered, IP address not within the range etc.) is identified by a red border when an attempt is made to accept these settings. It should be noted here that this is only a semantic check and not to test whether an entered IP address can be used on the own network or in the configuration! As long as an error message is displayed it is not possible to save the configuration in the flash memory.



The error check only verifies semantics and the validity of ranges. It is NOT a logic or network check for entered data.



# 7.3 Description of the Tabs

The WebGUI is divided into the following tabs:

- General
- Network
- NTP
- Alarm
- Device
- GPS Sync Source

# 7.3.1 GENERAL Tab

This is the first tab displayed when using the web interface.

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync So	ource	
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Statu	5
DATE TIME 23.07.2012 12:4	: 10:56 UTC	STR	АТИМ	ACCURACY	SYNCHRONIZ	
Login	]	System	Overview		L	
User <b>master</b> is logged in since 12:40:51 UTC.			Sync Source O	K : leap second inactiv	e	
Logout		A	nnouncement	STD ⇔ DST inactiv	e	
	-		ITP is running ITP has stratu			
			ire nas stratu	IIII 1		

#### NTP Time Status

This area shows basic information about the current time and date of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. The time **always** corresponds to UTC. The reason for this is that NTP always works with UTC and not with local time.

Stratum displays the actual NTP stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS with the value range from 1-16.

The **ACCURACY** field (accuracy of NTP) can contain the values LOW - MEDIUM - HIGH. The meaning of these values is explained in *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles*.



#### Sync Source Status

Display of the actual status of synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) with these possible values:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time

#### <u>Login</u>

The login box is described in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User*.

#### System Overview

This table gives a direct overview of the Time Server's 8028NTS/GPS current operating states.

WebGUI	Description
Sync Source OK	When active (RED) there is a Sync Souce failure. For details please go to <b>GPS SYNC SOURCE</b> tab <b>- Module Errors.</b>
Announcement leap second inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an announcement for a leap-second.
Announcement STD ⇔ DST inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an announcement for a summer / winter time change-over.
NTP is running	The NTP process on Module 8029NTS is running
NTP has stratum 1	Shows the appropriate stratum the NTP process works with.
NTP Accuracy is High	Shows the appropriate accuracy the NTP process works with.

#### Announcements

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corrosponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switchover of summer/winter time).



# 7.3.2 NETWORK Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
		<u></u>	-			
Host Settings		Host/Namese	ervice			
Host/Nameservic		Hostname				
Network Interfac		hopf8029nt	5			
Routing						
			way IP-Address			
		192.168.224	4.1			
Protocols		DNS Server	1 IP-Address			
Management		DNS Server	2 IP-Address			
<u>Time</u>						



#### **Changing Network Paramaters**

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.

## 7.3.2.1 Host/Nameservice

Setting for the clear network detection.

## 7.3.2.1.1 Hostname

The standard setting for the Hostname is "**hopf8029nts**". This name should also be adapted to the respective network infrastructure.

If in doubt, simply leave the standard value in place or ask your network administrator.



The hostname <u>must</u> meet the following conditions:

- The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.' . There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
- The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
- The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



For a correct operation a hostname is required. The field for the hostname **<u>must not</u>** be left blank.



## 7.3.2.1.2 Default Gateway

Contact your network administrator for details of the standard gateway if not known. If no standard gateway is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

## 7.3.2.1.3 DNS Server 1 & 2

The IP address of the DNS server should be entered if you wish to use complete hostnames (hostname.domainname) or work with reverse lookup.

Contact your network administrator for details of the DNS server if not known.

If no DNS server is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

# 7.3.2.2 Network Interface ETH0

Configuration of the Ethernet interface ETH0 of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu GPS Sync Source	
General	Network	MIP	Aldim	Device	GP3 Sylic Source	
	_	Network Inte	(			
lost Settings		Network Inte	rtace ETHU			
Host/Nameservi	ce 📕	Link Status				
Network Interfa	ce ETH0	Up				
<u>Routing</u>			lware Address (	(MAC)		
		00:03:C7:01	1:27:90			
			Hardware Addr	ess (MAC)		
Protocols		disabled 🔻				
Management		Custom Hard	lware Address	(MAC)		
Time						
		IP Address a	ssigned by DH	CP		
		192.168.100				
		Network Mas	sk assigned by	DHCP		
		255.255.255	.000			
		DHCP				
		enabled 👻				
		IP-Address				
		Network Mas	sk			
		Operation m	ada			
		Operation m	ode			

# 7.3.2.2.1 Default Hardware Address (MAC)

The factory default MAC address can only be read and cannot be changed by the user. It is assigned once only by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH for each Ethernet interface.

For further information about the MAC address refer to *chapter 2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0* for the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.



hopf Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with 00:03:C7:xx:xx:xx.



# 7.3.2.2.2 Customer Hardware Address (MAC)

The MAC address assigned from *hopf* can be changed to any user-defined MAC address. The board identifies itself with the user-defined MAC address to the network. The default hardware address shown in WebGUI remains unchanged.



Double assignment of MAC addresses on the Ethernet referring to customers MAC addresses should be avoided. If the MAC address is not known, please contact your network administrator.

The use of customers MAC address needs to be activated by the function **Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC**) with **enable**.

The customers MAC address has to be entered in hexadecimal form with a colon to separateas described in the below example, e.g. **00:03:c7:55:55:02** 



The MAC address assigned by *hopf* can be activated at any time by disabling this function.



There are no MAC multicast addresses allowed!

## 7.3.2.2.3 DHCP

If DHCP is to be used, activate this with enabled.

## 7.3.2.2.4 IP Address

If DHCP is not used, the IP address needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used IP address if not known.

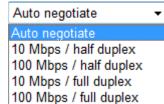
## 7.3.2.2.5 Network Mask

If DHCP is not used, the network mask needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used network mask if not known.

## 7.3.2.2.6 Operation Mode

The network device usually adjusts the data stream and duplex mode to the device to which it is connected (e.g. HUB, SWITCH) automatically. If the network device requires a certain speed or duplex mode, this can be configured via the web interface. The value should only be changed in special cases. The automatic setting is normally used.

#### Operation mode





In individual cases an enabled "Auto negotiate" might lead to problems between the network components and the adjustment process fails.

In such cases it is recommended to set the network speed of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS <u>and</u> the connected network components manually to the same value.



# 7.3.2.3 Routing (Activation Key necessary)

A route must be configured if the module is not only be used in the local sub-network.

					© 2005-2012 rdcs.		
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source		~ 7
				7			
ost Settings		Current System	Routing Table				
Host/Nameservio	<u>ce</u>	Network/Host	Network Ma	ask Gatewa	iy	Network Interface	
Network Interfa	ce ETHO	192.168.100.0	255.255.25	5.0 0.0.0.0	)	eth0	
Routing		default	0.0.0.0	asg-ho	pf.workgroup.de	eth0	
rotocols							
		User Defined R	outes				

The gateway / gateway host need to be in the local sub-network range of the module in order to use the routes.

The parameterization of this feature is a critical process as an incorrect configuartion may lead to considerable problems on the network!

#### WebGUI with Routing activated

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Dev	1	Source
General	Network	NIP	Aldrin	Dev	rice GPS Sync S	
Host Settings		Current System	Routing Table			
Host/Nameservic	<u>.e</u>	Network/Host	Network I	1ask	Gateway	Network Interface
Network Interfac	<u>ce ETHO</u>	192.168.100.0	255.255.2	255.0	0.0.0.0	eth0
Routing		default	0.0.0.0		asg-hopf.workgroup.c	le eth0
Protocols		User Defined Ro	outes			
<u>Management</u> Time						
<u></u>		Network Route	25			
		Add	Remove			
		Network/H	net.		Network Mask	Gateway

The image above shows every configured route of the base system routing table as well as the user's defined routes.



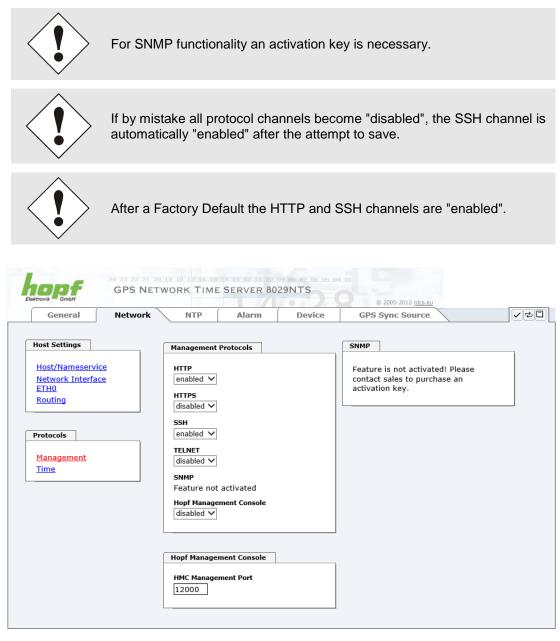
The module cannot be used as a router!



# 7.3.2.4 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)

Protocols that are not required should be disabled for security reasons. A correctly configured module is always accessible via the web interface.

Changes to the availability of a protocol (enable/disable) take effect immediately.





These service settings are valid globally! Services with "disabled" status are not externally accessible and are not made externally available by the module!



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General Netwo	ork NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	<ul> <li>✓</li> </ul>
lost Settings	Management Protocols		SNMP	
<u>Host/Nameservice</u> <u>Network Interface</u>	HTTP enabled V		System Location	
ETHO Routing	HTTPS		System Contact	
Protocols	SSH enabled V		SNMPv2 Read Only Community	
<u>Management</u>	TELNET disabled V		SNMPv2 Read Write Community	
Time	SNMP disabled V		SNMPv3 Security Name	
	Hopf Management Console		SNMPv3 Access Rights Read/Write V	
			SNMPv3 Authentication Protocol	
	Hopf Management Console	1	SNMPv3 Authentication Passphrase	
	HMC Management Port		SNMPv3 Privacy Protocol	
			SNMPv3 Privacy Passphrase	

#### WebGUI with Alarming activated

Using SNMP and SNMP- traps the protocol SNMP should be enabled.

All fields must be filled in for a correct operation of SNMP. Contact your network administrator for details of data not known.

#### 7.3.2.4.1 SNMPv2 / SNMPv3 (Activation Key required)

Both protocols SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 are supported and can be configured and enabled independently from each other.

System Location and System Contact are global settings and are valid for both protocols (SNMPv2 / SNMPv3).

In order to disable SNMPv2 both fields **SNMP Read Only Community** and **SNMP Read Write Community** must remain empty.

SNMPv2	SNMPv2 enabled	SNMPv2 disabled
Read Only Community:	set (e.g. public)	empty
Read/Write Community:	set (e.g. secret)	empty

In order to enable SNMPv3 the following fields must be set:

SNMPv3	Description
Security Name:	SNMPv3 is enabled (identical to the username)
Access Rights:	Equivalent to the Read/Write Communities in SNMPv2
Authentication Protocol:	Authentication (MD5 or SHA Hash)
Privacy Protocol:	Encryption (DES or AES Algorithm)



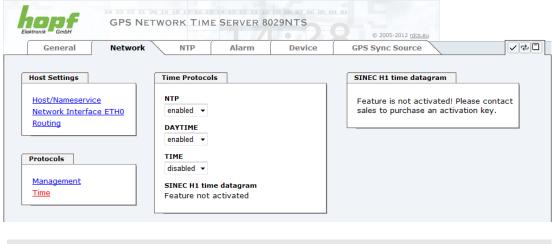
There are three security levels in SNMPv3 that can be adjusted by the removal of the passphrases:

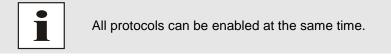
SNMPv3	noAuthNoPriv	authNoPriv	authPriv
Authentication Passphrase:	empty	set	set
Privacy Passphrase:	empty	empty	set



# 7.3.2.5 Time

Activation and configuration of different synchronization protocols





## 7.3.2.5.1 Synchronization Protocols (Time Protocols – NTP, SNTP etc.)

Needed time protocols can be enabeld here.

- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- DAYTIME
- TIME
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key necessary)



# 7.3.2.5.2 SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

Configuration of the SINEC H1 time datagram

tronik 🥌 GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	~~
lost Settings	f	Time Protocols	5		SINEC H1 time datagram	
<u>Host/Nameservi</u> <u>Network Interfa</u> <u>Routing</u>		NTP enabled • DAYTIME enabled •			Send Interval 60 seconds ▼ Timebase UTC ▼	
Protocols		TIME disabled ▼			Destination MAC Address FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF ▼	
<u>Management</u> Time		SINEC H1 time	e datagram		Minimum Accuracy High –	

Broadcast transmission intervals of the SINEC H1 time datagram (Send Interval):

- every second
- every 10 second
- every 60 second

Timebase see also Chapter 13.2.1 Time-specific expressions:

- Local time
- UTC
- Standard time
- Standard time with daylight / standard time status

#### **Destination MAC Address:**

- 09:00:06:03:FF:EF
- 09:00:06:01:FF:EF
- FF:FF:FF:FF:FF

#### Synchronization Status based on Starting Transmission (Minimum Accuracy)

This setting defines at which internal accuracy status the SINEC H1 time datagram should be transmitted (see *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles* and *Chapter 11 Technical Data*):

- LOW
- MEDIUM
- HIGH



The setting Minimum Accuracy = LOW may lead to the output of nonsynchronised (thus possibly wrong) time information.



# 7.3.3 NTP Tab

This tab shows information and adjustment possiblities of the NTP services of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. The NTP service is the significant main service of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

If you are not familiar with the subject of NTP you can find a short description in the Glossary. More details are also available at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

NTP functionality is provided by an NTP-Demon running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

Depending on the receiving conditions and under unfavourable circumstances it may take several hours until long-term accuracy is obtained (normally 5-10 minutes). During this time the NTP algorithm adjusts the internal accuracy parameters.



The NTP time protocol must be enabled in order to use NTP (see *Chapter 7.3.2.5 Time*)



After all changes relating to NTP a restart of the NTP service must be performed (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 (Restart NTP)*).



Via the NTP protocol SNTP Clients can also be synchronized. In contrast to NTP in SNTP Clients delay times are not evaluated on the network. For this reason the accuracy reached in SNTP Clients is lower than in NTP Clients.

# 7.3.3.1 System Info

In the window "System Info" the current NTP values of the NTP service running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS are indicated. In addition to the NTP calculated values for root delay, root dispersion, jitter, and stability the stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS, the status to the leap second, and the current system peer are also found here.



The NTP version used adjusts the leap second correctly.

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS works as NTP Server with stratum 1 and belongs to the best available class of NTP server, as it has a reference clock with direct access.

				© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	C
NTP Info		System Info			
System Info		System Peer			
Kernel Info		HOPF_S(0)			
Peers		RefID			
		PPS			
Server Configuratio		Leap Indicator			
Server computatio		no warning			
Server Configurati	on	Stratum 1			
Extended Configur	ation	-			
Restart NTP		Root Delay 0.000000 s			
		Root Dispersion			
Security		0.000336 s			
		Jitter			
Access Restriction	15	0.000000 s			
Symmetric Keys		Stability			

## 7.3.3.2 Kernel Info

The "Kernel Info" overview shows the current error values of the internal embedded Linux clock. Both values are internally updated every second.

					© 2005-2012 rdc	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	e
NTP Info		Kernel Info				
System Info		Max. Error				
Kernel Info		0.000246 s				
Peers		Estimated Erro	or			
		0.000005 s				
Server Configura	tion					
Server Configura	ation					
Extended Config						
Restart NTP						
Security						
Access Restricti	one					

This screenshot shows a maximum kernel clock error of 0.246 msec (milliseconds). The estimated error value is 5  $\mu s$  (microseconds).

The values indicated here are based on the calculation of the NTP service and have no significance for the accuracy of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).



## 7.3.3.3 Peers

The "Peers summary" is used to track the performance of the configured NTP server/driver and the NTP algorithm itself.

The information displayed is identical with the information available via NTPQ or NTPDC programes.

Each NTP server/driver that has been set up in the NTP server configuration is displayed in the peer information.

The connection status is displayed in the reachability column (not reachable, bad, medium, and reachable).

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync S	ource	
NTP Info		Peers					
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u>		Peer * HOPF_S(	Stratum 0) 0	Reachability reachable	<b>Delay</b> 0.000000	Offset 0.000005	Dispersion 0.000239
Peers		192.168	100.8 16	not reachable	0.000000	0.000000	15.937500
		192.168	224.8 16	not reachable	0.000000	0.000000	15.937500
Extended Confi Restart NTP Security	guration						

Three lines can be seen in the above image. The first line displays the *hopf* - refclock ntp driver that gets the time information directly from the Sync Source.

The second and third line display external NTP server that can be additionally added to the internal *hopf* – refclock ntp driver in the menu server configuration.

A short explanation and definition of the displayed values can be found in *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles*.

The character in the first column on the left presents the current status of the NTP association in the NTP selection algorithm. A list and description of possible characters can be found in the Glossary (see *Chapter 13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)*).



# 7.3.3.4 Server Configuration

The basic settings for NTP base functionality are displayed selecting the "Server Configuration" link.

General	Vetwork	NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source		✓ 7
NTP Info	ſ	General	Crystal 0	peration	Broadcas	t
System Info Kernel Info Peers		Synchronization source GPS Log NTP Messages to Syslog enabled	disabled	o specific stratum	Broadca Authenti None Key ID	st address cation
Server Configuration Extended Configurati Restart NTP		Additional NTP servers				
Access Restrictions Symmetric Keys		Configured NTP servers Add Remove Server Name		Authentic	ation	Key ID
Autokey		192.168.100.8		None	•	
		192.168.224.8		None	•	

The NTP-hopf-refclock driver is already configured as standard (127.127.38.0 in the "Peers Summary") and is not explicitly displayed here.

## 7.3.3.4.1 Synchronization Source (General / Synchronization source)

As "Synchronization source" either GPS or DCF77, depending on the appropriate Sync Source, has to be selected. This is reuiqred in order to align the NTP algorithm for the calculation of the accuracy with the synchronization source.



Based on the selection of GPS, even though GPS is not the source of the Sync Source (different product option) the value **HIGH** for **Accuracy** may never be reached.

# 7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)

This option enables or disables Syslog messages which are generated from the NTP service.

This value has no effect if Syslog is not configured in the ALARM tab (see *Chapter 7.3.4.1 Syslog Configuration*).



# 7.3.3.4.3 Crystal Operation

#### Crystal Operation / Switch to Specific Stratum

If the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) runs in crystal operation (status "crystal") the NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS usually behaves in the way that the receipt of time information is stopped from the Sync Source and the stratum value reset to 16 (defined as invalid in NTP).



NTP Clients do not accept time information from a NTP Time Server with stratum 16 (invalid). Briefly, as long as the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS indicates the stratum value 16, NTP Clients are not synchronized.

This behaviour of NTP during crystal operation of the Sync Source can be changed. Therefore the function "*Switch to specific stratum*" should be enabled by setting the value to "*enabled*" and the so-called downgrading stratum (= stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS during crystal operation of the Sync Source).

For the sychronization of NTP Clients during crystal operation of the Sync Source or for testing the system without connected synchronization source, in the setting "*enabled*" any stratum value between 1 and 15 can be set.

#### Crystal Operation / Stratum in Crystal Operation

The value defined here (range 1-15) designates the transmitted fallback NTP stratum level of the module in "*Quartz*" synchronization status. Stratum 1 should be configured if downgrading is not desired in status "Quartz".



The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP*).



Using the option "*Switch to specific stratum*" the NTP Clients are synchronized with time information indicated in the general menu of the WebGUI of the Sync Source (here Module 80121GPS) during crystal operating. Whether this time information (e.g. through drift) is imprecise or the time is manually set (wrong) cannot be detected by the NTP Client!



In case the value 1 is used for *"Stratum in crystal operation"*, the NTP Client cannot not verify whether the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is synchronised or runs in crystal operation. Should a differentiation be wished between synchronized and crystal operation the downgrading stratum needs to be set to a value between 2 and 15.

The value is only adjustable if the "Switch to specific stratum" function is enabled.



# 7.3.3.4.4 Broadcast / Broadcast Address

This section is used to configure the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS as a broadcast or multicast server.

The broadcast mode in NTPv3 and NTPv4 is limited to clients on the same sub-network and Ethernets which support broadcast technology.

This technology does not generally extend beyond the first hop (network node - such as router or gateway).

The broadcast mode is provided for configurations which are designed to facilitate one or more servers and as many clients as possible in a sub-network. The server continuously generates broadcast messages at defined intervals, corresponding to 16 seconds (minpoll 4) for Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. Care should be taken to ensure that the correct broadcast address is used for the sub-network, usually xxx.xxx.255 (e.g. 192.168.1.255). If the broadcast address is not known, this can be requested from the network administrator.

This section can also be used to configure the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS as a multicast server. The configuration of a multicast server is similar to that of a broadcast server. However, a multicast group address (class D) is used instead of the broadcast address.

An explanation of multicast technology goes beyond the scope of this document.

In principle, a host or router sends a message to an IPv4 multicast group address and expects all hosts and routers to receive this message. In doing so, there is no limit to the number of senders and receivers and a sender may also be a receiver and vice-versa. The IANA has assigned the multicast group address IPv4 224.0.1.1 to the NTP, however this should only be used if the multicast range can be safely limited in order to protect neighbouring networks. As a basic principle, administratively manageable IPv4 group addresses should be used as described in RFC-2365 or GLOP group addresses as described in RFC-2770.

## 7.3.3.4.5 Broadcast / Authentication / Key ID

Broadcast packets can be protected by authentication for security reasons.

If a security method is selected here, this must be configured **<u>additionally</u>** in the security settings of the NTP tab. A key must be defined if the Symmetric Key is selected.

## 7.3.3.4.6 Additional NTP SERVERS

Adding further NTP servers provides the opportunity to implement a security system for the time service. However, this affects the accuracy and stability of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

Detailed information on this subject can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



# 7.3.3.5 Extended NTP Configuration

NTP is a standard for synchronising clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. For special applications a NON standard setting can be configured.

General	Network		larm	Device	GPS Sync Source	~			
					<u> </u>				
ITP Info		Limitation of Liability							
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u> <u>Peers</u> Server Configuration		IN NO EVENT WILL BOTH RDCS INFORMATIONSTECHNOLOGIE GMBH AND HOPF ELEKTRONIK GMBH BE LIABLE TO ANY PARTY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF ANY TYPE WHATSOEVER RELATED TO OR ARISING FROM THE USE OF THE NON-STANDARD SETTINGS OFFERED IN THE CURRENT CONFIGURATION SECTION EXTENDED CONFIGURATION, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY LOST PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION,							
Server Configurat Extended Configuration Restart NTP		INFORMATIONST IS/ARE EXPRESS THIS EXCLUSION	ECHNOLO LY ADVIS AND WA ER BASED	OGIE GMBH AN SED OF THE PO VIVER OF LIAB	OR OTHER DATA, EVEN IF RDCS ID/OR HOPF ELEKTRONIK GMBH ISSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. ILITY APPLIES TO ALL CAUSES OF T, WARRANTY, TORT, OR ANY				
				🗌 I agree	2.				
Security									
Access Restriction Symmetric Keys Autokey	<u>IS</u>	Non-Standard Setting Block Output when St disabled 🗸		pecified (default:	disabled)				
		Timebase (default: UI	rc)						

For activation of this special NTP setting, the customer's approval shown in the WebGUI needed to be declared by checking the field "I agree".

# 7.3.3.5.1 Suppression of unspecified NTP Outputs (Block Output when Stratum Unspecified)

Unspecified NTP outputs that e.g. are generated by NTP at a restart are suppressed when this function is enabled.



# 7.3.3.5.2 NTP Timebase

For custom applications this function enables adjustment of the time base of the NTP output.



Entering this function the transmitted time protocol of the modul 8029NTC is not conform to the NTP standard anymore. According to the NTP standard NTP uses only the UTC time base. The NTP

time protocol does not allow any leaps in time.



#### This function is only allowed for the Output of NTP

In case of activated function the output of the module 8029NTS for *SINEC H1 TIME DATAGRAM / TIME / DAYTIME* is released with a wrong time basis. Therefore this datagram should be deactivated for security reasons.

Following configuration steps for the activation of the NTP time basis are required:

- Select the wished NTP time base.
- Transfer the setting with Apply Changes to the modul 8029NTC.
- Fail-save storage of the configuration by pressing **Save to Flash** within 10 seconds.

Depending on the activated time base leap a board reset might be released after transfer with Apply Changes eliminating non saved configurations.

#### UTC - NTP with Time Basis UTC

According to the RFC standard NTP uses only the UTC time base.

#### NTP with the Time Base Standard Time

Using the NTP time protocol with the standard time base the released time information correspond with UTC plus the time difference, adjusted in the base system <u>without</u> considering the daylight saving time changeover.

#### NTP with the Time Base Local Time

Output of the NTP time protocol with the local time base the released time information correspond with UTC plus the time difference and the additional offset for the possible summer time, adjusted in the base system.

NTP does not allow any leaps in time. Using the NTP time protocol with the local time base the internal NTP process of a board is restarted based on a summer-/winter time adjustment.



Using the NTP time protocol with the local time base the summer-/winter time adjustment is released one to two minutes belated.

Afterwards the local time is correctly available in the NTP time protocol. Therefore, within this transition period a requested NTP time protocol is replied by the former time base.



Changing the time base for the output of the protocol for NTP is only designed for customized applications and does not correspond with the standard of NTP. The synchronisation of a standard NTP-Client with a time basis deviating from UTC results in a wrong time information in the standard NTP-Client and might cause time leaps!



# 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP

The following screen appears after clicking on the Restart NTP option:

NTP Info	Restart NTP
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u> <u>Peers</u>	WARNING! Restarting NTP will decrease accuracy. It can take tens of minutes until NTP reaches high accuracy again. Do you really want to restart NTP?
Server Configuration	Restart now
Extended Configuration Restart NTP	

Restarting NTP services is the only possibility of making NTP changes effective without having to restart the entire Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. As can be seen from the warning message, the currently reachable stability and accuracy get lost caused by this restart.



After a restart of the NTP service it takes up to 10 minutes until the NTP service on the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is completely adjusted.



# 7.3.3.7 Configuring the NTP Access Restrictions

One of the extended configuration options for NTP is the "Access Restrictions" (NTP access restictions).

	21 20 19 18 17 16 15 14 19 12 1 NETWORK TIME SERVE		15 04 01	© 2005-2012 <u>rd</u>	s.eu		
General Network	NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Syr	nc Source			✓⇄□
NTP Info	Access Restrictions						
System Info Kernel Info Peers	Default restriction ignore default nomodify	kod noquery	nopeer	noserver	notrap 🔽	notrust	version
	Restrictions						
Server Configuration	Add Remove						
Server Configuration	IP-Address Net	tmask i	gnore kod n	oquery nopee	r noservei		otrust version
Extended Configuration	192.168.233.198	5.255.224.0					
Restart NTP	192.168.100.213	5.255.255.0			$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		
Security							
Access Restrictions Symmetric Keys Autokey							

Restrictions are used in order to control access to the System's NTP service and these are regrettably the most misunderstood options of the NTP configuration.

If you are not familiar with these options, a detailed explanation can be found at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.



IP addresses should be used when configuring the restrictions – no Hostnames!

The following steps show how restrictions can be configured - should these not be required it is sufficient to retain the standard settings.

The standard restrictions tell the NTP service how to handle packets of hosts (including remote time servers) and sub-network which otherwise have no special restrictions.

The NTP configuration can simplify the selection of the correct standard restrictions while making the required security available.

Before beginning the configuration the points **7.3.3.7.1** to **7.3.3.7.4** must be checked by the user:

## 7.3.3.7.1 NAT or Firewall

	Are incoming connections to the NTP Service blocked by NAT or a Stateful Inspection Firewall?						
No	Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access						
Yes	No restrictions are required in this case. Proceed further to <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network</i> <i>Threat Level</i>						



# 7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access

	Is it really necessary to block all connections from unauthorised hosts if the NTP Service is openly accessible?					
No	Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests					
Yes	In this case the following restrictions are to be used: ignore in the default restrictions  If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exceptions can be declared in					
	separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub-network. See <i>Chapter</i> 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard					

# 7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests

the time i	is to be allowed to see the server status information with nformation from the NTP service (even if this is inform operating system and NTPD version)?	-
	In this case select from the following standard restrictions See <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options</i>	::
N	kod	$\checkmark$
No	notrap	$\checkmark$
	nopeer	$\checkmark$
	noquery.	$\checkmark$
	In this case select from the following standard restrictions See <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control</i> Options:	::
Yes	kod notrap nopeer	$\checkmark$
	If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exception separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub-r <b>7.3.3.7.5</b> Addition of Exceptions to Standard .	

# 7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network Threat Level

How muc	h protection from internal network clients is	required?
	The following restrictions can be enabled if gree installed authentication are required in order to the clients see <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Contro</i>	protect the NTP service from
Yes	kod notrap nopeer	$\checkmark$



## 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard Restrictions

After the standard restrictions have been set once, certain exceptions may be necessary for special hosts/sub-networks in order to allow remote time servers and client hosts/sub-networks to contact the NTP service.

These standard restrictions are to be added in the form of restriction lines.

Access Restrictions	
Default restriction ignore kod noquery nopeer noserver notrap notrust ve default nomodify V V V V V	rsion
Add     Remove	
IP-Address Netmask ignore kod noquery nopeer noserver notrap notrust	version
□ 192.168.233.199 □ 255.255.224.0 □	



An unrestricted access of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS to its own NTP service is always allowed, irrespective of whether standard restrictions are ignored or not. This is necessary in order to be able to display NTP data on the web interface.

#### Add restriction exception: (for each remote time server)

Restrictions:	Press ADD						
	Enter the IP addre	ss of the remote time server.					
	Enable restrictions	: e.g.					
	notrap / nopeer /	noquery 🗸					
Allow unrestricted	access to a special host	: (e.g. System administrator's workstation):					
Restrictions:	Press ADD						
	IP address 192.16	8.1.101					
	Do not enable an	y restrictions					
Allow a <b>sub-netwo</b>	<b>rk</b> to receive time server	and query server statistics:					
Restrictions:	Press ADD						
	IP address 192.16	8.1.0					
	Network mask	255.255.255.0					
	notrap / nopeer	$\checkmark$					



## 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options

The official documentation concerning the current implementation of the restriction instructions can be found on the "Access Control Options" page at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

Numerous access control options are used. The most important of these are described in detail here.

**nomodify** – "Do not allow this host/sub-network to modify the NTPD settings unless it has the correct key."



Default Settings:

Always active. Can't be modified by the user.

As standard, NTP requires authentication with a symmetric key in order to carry out modifications with NTPDC. If a symmetric key is not configured for the NTP service, or if this is kept in a safe place, it is not necessary to use the nomodify option unless the authentication procedure appears to be unsafe.

**noserver** – "Do not transmit time to this host/sub-network."

This option is used if a host/sub-network is only allowed access to the NTP service in order to monitor or remotely configure the service.

notrust - "Ignore all NTP packets which are not encrypted."

This option tells the NTP service that all NTP packets which are not encrypted should be ignored (it should be noted that this is a change from ntp-4.1.x). The notrust option MUST NOT be used unless NTP Crypto (e.g. symmetric key or Autokey) has been correctly configured on both sides of the NTP connection (e.g. NTP service and remote time server, NTP service and client).

noquery - "Do not allow this host/sub-network to request the NTP service status."

The ntpd status request function, provided by ntpd/ntpdc, declassifies certain information over the running ntpd Base System (e.g. operating system version, ntpd version) which under certain circumstances ought not to be made known to others. It must be decided whether it is more important to hide this information or to give clients the possibility of seeing synchronization information over ntpd.

ignore - "In this case ALL packets are refused, including ntpq and ntpdc requests".

**kod** – "A kiss-o'-death (KoD) packet is transmitted if this option is enabled in the case of an access error."

KoD packets are limited. They cannot be transmitted more frequently than once per second. Any KoD packet which occurs within one second from the last packet is removed.

**notrap** – "Denies support for the mode 6 control message trap service in order to synchronise hosts."

The trap service is a sub-system of the ntpq control message protocols. This service logs remote events in programmes.

version - "Denies packets which do not correspond to the current NTP version."



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter* **7.3.3.6** *Restart NTP*).



# 7.3.3.8 Symmetric Key

		VORK TIME SERVER 80		© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers Server Configura Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ition	Symmetric Keys Request Key Control Key Symmetric Keys Add Remove Key ID	MD5 Key	
Security Access Restrict Symmetric Keys				

## 7.3.3.8.1 Why Authentication?

Most NTP users do not require authentication as the protocol contains several filters (for bad time).

Despite this, however, the use of authentication is common. There are certain reasons for this:

- Time should only be used from safe sources
- An attacker broadcasts false time signals
- An attacker poses as another time server

## 7.3.3.8.2 How is Authentication used in the NTP Service?

Client and server can execute an authentication whereby a code word is used on the client side and a restriction on the server side.

NTP uses keys to implement the authentication. These keys are used when data are exchanged between two machines.

In principle both sides must know this key. The key can generally be found in the "\*.\*/etc/ntp.keys" directory. It is unencrypted and hidden from public view. This means that the key has to be distributed on a safe route to all communication partners. The key can be downloaded for distribution under "Downloads / Configuration Files" on the DEVICE tab. It is necessary to be logged in as "Master" in order to access this.

The keyword key of a client's ntp.conf determines the key that is used to communicate with the designated server (e.g. the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS). The key must be reliable if time is to be synchronised. Authentication causes a delay. This delay is automatically taken into account and adjusted in the current versions.



## 7.3.3.8.3 How is a key created?

A key is a sequence of up to 31 ASCII characters. Some characters with special significance cannot be used (alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used:[]() \* - \_!  $\$  % & / = ?).

A new line can be inserted by pressing the  $\boxed{\text{ADD}}$  key. The key which is stored in the key file is entered on this line. The key ID is used to identify the key and is in the range from 1 – 65534. This means that 65534 different keys can be defined.

Duplicate key ID's are not allowed. Having now explained the principles of keys, it should be possible to use a key in practically the same way as a password.

The value of the request key field is used as the password for the ntpdc tool while the value of the control key field is used as the password for the ntpq tool.

More information is available at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

## 7.3.3.8.4 How does authentication work?

The basic authentication is a digital signature and no data encryption (if there are any differences between the two). The data packet and the key are used to create a non-reversible number which is attached to the packet.

The receiver (which has the same key) carries out the same calculation and compares the results. Authentication has been successful if the results agree.

## 7.3.3.9 Autokey

NTPv4 offers a new Autokey scheme based on public key cryptography.

As a basic principle, **public key cryptography** is safer than **symmetric key cryptography** as protection is based on a private value which is generated by each host and is never visible.

	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	✓ ₹
General	Network		Device	dro Sylie Source	
NTP Info	ſ	Autokey Configuration			
System Info		Autokey Enabled			
Kernel Info		disabled 👻			
Peers		Autokey Password			
Server Configura	tion				
C					
		Key Generation			
Server Configura					
Extended Config					
		Generate Server Key Generate now			
Extended Config		Generate Server Key Generate now			
Extended Config Restart NTP		Generate Server Key		Durahambar	
Extended Config Restart NTP		Generate Server Key Generate now		Durchsuchen	
Extended Config	uration	Generate Server Key Generate now		Durchsuchen	
Extended Config Restart NTP Security	ons	Generate Server Key Generate now Upload Group Key		Durchsuchen	
Extended Config Restart NTP Security Access Restrict	ons	Generate Server Key Generate now Upload Group Key		Durchsuchen	

In order to enable Autokey v2 authentication, the "Autokey Enabled" option must be set to "enabled" and a password specified (may not be blank).

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A new server key and certificate can be generated by pressing the "Generate now" button.



#### Generate now

This should be carried out regularly as these keys are only valid for one year.

If the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is to form part of an NTP trust group, a group key can be defined and uploaded with the "Upload now" button.

Detailed information about the NTP Autokey scheme can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP*).

# 7.3.4 ALARM Tab (Activation Key necessary)

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm Device	GPS Sync Source	✓ ₽
Alarm Configurati	on	Syslog Config	juration		
Syslog Configurati eMail Configurati SNMP Configurati Alarm Messages Alarm Messages	ion		a 1 : Feature is not activated! Sy diagnostic purposes only with		

## 7.3.4.1 Syslog Configuration

It is necessary to enter the name or IP address of a Syslog server in order to store every configured alarm situation which occurs on the module in a Linux/Unix Syslog. If everything is configured correctly and enabled (depending on the Syslog level), every message is transmitted to the Syslog server and stored in the Syslog file there.

#### Syslog uses Port 514.



Co-logging in the system itself is not possible as therefore the internal memory is not of sufficient size.

It should be noted that the standard Linux/Unix Syslog mechanism is used for this functionality. This is not the same as the Windows System Event mechanism!

General	Network	NTP A	larm Device	GPS Sync Source	
Alarm Configurat	ion	Syslog Configuratio	n		
Syslog Configurat		Syslog Logging Ena	abled		
SNMP Configura		Server Name			
		192.168.2.91			
Alarm Messages		Alarm Level			
Alarm Messages					

The alarm level designates the priority level of the messages to be transmitted and the level from which transmission should take place (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm

The NTP service implemented in the system can transmit its own Syslog messages (see *Chapter 7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)*).



# 7.3.4.2 E-mail Configuration

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	✓ ₽
Alarm Configuratio	on	eMail Configu	ration			
Syslog Configura eMail Configuration		eMail Notifica disabled 🔻	ation Enabled			
SNMP Configuration		SMTP Server				
		Sender Addre	PCC			
Alarm Messages						
<u>Alarm Messages</u>		eMail Addres	ses			
		Add	Remove			
		eMail	Alar	m Level		

E-mail notification is one of the important features of this device which offers technical personnel the opportunity to monitor and/or control the IT environment.

It is possible to configure various, independing E-mail addresses which each have different alarm levels.

Dependending on the configured level, an E-mail is sent after an error has occurred on the respective receiver.

A valid E-mail server (SMTP server) must be entered for the purpose of correct configuration.

Some E-mail servers only accept messages if the sender address entered is valid (spam protection). This can be inserted in the "Sender Address" field.

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm



# 7.3.4.3 SNMP Configuration / TRAP Configuration

It is possible to use an SNMP agent (with MIB) or to configure SNMP traps in order to monitor the module over SNMP.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	<b>√</b> ₹
Alarm Configurati	ion	SNMP Configu	ration			
Syslog Configura		SNMP Traps	Enabled			
eMail Configuration		enabled 👻				
Shime Connigurat		Alarm Level				
		info 👻				
Alarm Messages	1	SNMP Traps				
Alarm Messages		Add	Remove			
		Host Nan	ne	Port Numb	er Community	
		192.168	.100.129	162	public	
		192.168	100.83	162	public	]
					Passa	

SNMP traps are sent to the configured hosts over the network. It should be noted that these are based on UDP and therefore it is not certain that they will reach the configured host!

Several hosts can be configured. However, all have the same alarm level.

The private *hopf* enterprise MIB is also available over the web (see *Chapter 7.3.5.11 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP* MIB).

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm



The SNMP protocol must be enabled in order to use SNMP (see **Chapter 7.3.2.4 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)**).



# 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages

Every message shown in the image can be configured with the displayed alarm levels. Selection of the level NONE means that this message is completely ignored.

ronik – GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu			
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source		✓ [?	
larm Configurat	ion	Alarm Messag	g <mark>es</mark>					
Syslog Configurate Mail Configurate		Message				Alarm Level		
SNMP Configura		Accuracy ch	nanged			info	•	
		Synchroniza	tion status has cl	nanged		info	•	
larm Messages		NTP System	peer has change	d		none	•	
Alarm Messages		NTP Stratum	n has changed			warning	-	
		Firmware update has been performed						
		Leapsecond	has been announ	ced - will take	place with the next hour change	alarm	•	
		Reboot by U	ser has been initi	ated		none	•	
		Changes ma	de in the configur	ation have bee	en saved to flash disc	info	•	
		Daylight saving time change has been announced - will take place with the next hour change						
		Daylight saving time indicator has changed						
		Currently tracked GPS Satellites changed below 4						
		Currently tra	acked GPS Satellit	es are ZERO		warning error		
		Currently tra	acked GPS Satellit	es changed ab	ove or equal 4	alarm	•	
		Sync Source	e Software Error h	ias changed		info	•	
		Sync Source	e Hardware Error l	nas changed		info	•	

Depending on the messages, their configured levels and notifications levels of the E-mails, a corresponding action is carried out if an event occurs.



Modified settings are failsafe stored after Apply and Save only.



# 7.3.5 DEVICE Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

ktronik GmbH	O. O HEI	WORK TIME	CERTER OF		© 2005-2015 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	7
Device		Device Info				
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Default Custom Default Reboot Device Hardware Reset Image Update Upload Certifica Customized Sec	s : te	Device Type 8029NTS (Bc Device Uptime 0 days 17 ho Serial Number 8029010131 Image Version 05.01 (P2) Image Program	urs 57 minutes			

This tab provides the basic information about the hardware of Module 8029NTS as well as software/firmware. Password administration and the update services for the module are also made accessible via this website. The complete download zone is also a component of this site.

## 7.3.5.1 Device Information

All information is available exclusively in write-protected and read-only form. Details on the board type, serial number and current software versions are provided to the user for service and enquiry purposes.



## 7.3.5.2 Hardware Information

Read-only access is provided here in the same way as for device information.

The user requires this information in the case of service requests, e.g. MACH version, hardware status etc.

General	Network	NTP		arm	Device		GPS Sync	Source		
General	Network	NIF	A		Device		aro oyne	Jource		
vice		Hardware Inf	fo							1
		Serial Numb								
evice Info		802901013								
<u>ardware Info</u>			-							1
actory Defaults		MACH Firmw	are Versi	on						
ustom Defaults		40								
eboot Device		Bridges								1
ardware Reset		27								
<u>nage Update</u>		Card Layout								1
pload Certificat		в								1
ustomized Secu anner	irity	Special Prog	ram							1
roduct Activatio		0								1
iagnostics		Network Inte	orfaco 1							1
agnostics		10/100 MBi		nsina						
										1
sswords		Product-Con 028029010	-	)19999999	99990400	2702140	00004030	00040027	702140040	
		Current DIP	Switch Se	ttings						1
aster Password		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	1
evice Password		OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	

The display "Current DIP Switch Settings" is not applicable for this device.

## 7.3.5.3 Restoring the Factory Defaults Settings

In some cases it may be necessary or wished to reset all settings of module 8029NTS to factory settings (factory defaults).

Device	Factory Defaults
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Hardware Reset	WARNING! RESET to factory defaults is a critical action, all values will be set to default - the device will be rebootet immediately. Are you sure you want to reset to factory defaults now?
Image Update Upload Certificate	Reset now
<u>Customized Security</u> Banner	
Product Activation	
<u>Diagnostics</u>	

This function serves to reset all values in the flash memory to their factory default values. This also includes passwords (see *Chapter 12.1 Factory Default Values of Module 8029NTS (Device)*).



Please log in as a "Master" user in accordance with the description in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN* and LOGOUT as User

Pressing the "Reset now" button releases setting of the factory default values.

Once this procedure has been triggered there is NO possibility of restoring the deleted configuration.



A **Factory Default** requires a complete check and optionally a new configuration of the Module 8029NTS. In particulary the default MASTER and DEVICE passwords should be reset.

# 7.3.5.4 Restoring saved Customer Settings (Custom Defaults)

This function allows to save a current configuration as CUSTOM DEFAULTS.

The current configuration is saved. It is irrelevant whether the configuration has already been saved with "SAVE to FLASH" or just activated by "Apply".

Device	Reset to Custom Defaults
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults	No Custom Defaults available. They can be saved below based on the current configuration.
Custom Defaults Reboot Device Hardware Reset Image Update	Save Custom Defaults Save Custom Defaults now
Upload Certificate Customized Security Banner Product Activation Diagnostics	

In order to activate a CUSTOM DEFAULTS a configuration has to be saved initially.

Saving is only processed via the button "**Save Custom Defaults now**". A successful saving is confirmed with a text message underneath the button.



If the user saves **no** CUSTOM DEFAULT via the WebGUI, a FACTORY DEFAULT via dthe Reset-(Default) button is triggered instead.

With this function the saved configuration is written back into the flash memory.



The settings for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither deleted nor restored by the CUSTOM DEFAULTS.



## 7.3.5.5 Restarting the Module (Reboot Device)



The restart concerns the Module 8029NTS only but  $\underline{not}$  the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).

Device	Reboot Device
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Hardware Reset Image Update Upload Certificate Customized Security Banner Product Activation	Reboot Device WARNING! REBOOT is a critical action, all unsaved changes will be lost. Are you sure you want to reboot the device now? Reboot now
<u>Diagnostics</u>	



All settings <u>not</u> saved with "Save" are lost on reboot (see *Chapter 7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data*).

Moreover the **NTP service** implemented in the system is restarted. This leads to a renewed alignment phase with the loss of the stability and accuracy reached up to this point.

Log in is carried out as "Master" user in accordance with the description in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User*.

Press the "Reboot now" button and wait until the restart has been performed.

## 7.3.5.6 Image Update for Module 8029NTS (WebGUI: Device)

Patches and Bug Fixes are provided for the individual boards by means of updates.

The embedded image is loaded only via the web interface in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS (log in as "master" user required). See also *Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update*.



The following points should be considered regarding updates: Only experienced users or trained technical personnel should carry out a board update after checking all necessary preconditions. Important: Faulty updates or update attempts may, under certain circumstances, require the module to be returned to the factory for repair at customer's expense. Is the update on hand suitable for the module? If there are any • doubts please consult the support of the *hopf* company. In order to guarantee a correct update, the "New version of saved • site" function must be set to "On each access to the site" on the Internet browser used. During the update procedure, the device must not be switched off not settings be saved to the flash memory! Updates are **always** carried out as Software SETs. That means that all programmes included in the SET must be downloaded to the system. For the update pay attention to point described in Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update

In order to carry out an update, enter the name and the folder in which the update / firmware image is located in the text field or open the file selection dialogue by pressing the "Browse" button.

A correct image designation is (e.g.):

upgrade\_8029gen\_v0120.img

for the **embedded image** (update takes approx. 2-3 minutes)

The update process is started by pressing the "**Update now**" button. The update is installed if the transfer and checksum test are successful. A success page is displayed and shows the number of bytes that have been transferred and installed.

Device	Image Update
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Hardware Reset Image Update Upload Certificate Customized Security Banner Product Activation Diagnostics	Image update         WARNING!         IMAGE UPDATE is a critical action. Please ensure not to switch off power during update!         Update file:         Durchsuchen

After the image-update the WebGUI displays a window to confirm the reboot of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

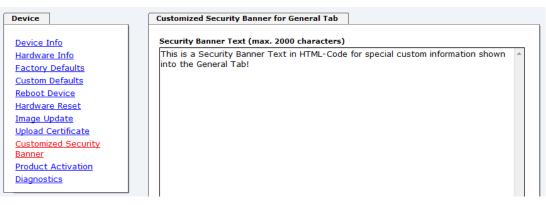
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GPS - NTP Time Server with LAN Interface 8029NTS/GPS - V05.00



## 7.3.5.7 Customized Security Banner

Special security information displayed in the General tab can be entered here by the user.



The security information can be written as 'unformatted' text as well as in HTML format. There are 2000 characters available to write failsafe into the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu
eneral	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
	ecurity Banner	7			

After a successful storage the "Customized Security Banner" with the saved security information is displayed in the General-Tab.

To delete the "Customized Security Banner" the inserted text must be deleted and saved again.

## 7.3.5.8 Product Activation

For the activation of optional functions, e.g "alarming" or "SINEC H1 time datagram", a special activation key is required for which an order with the *hopf* Elektronik GmbH can be placed. Each activation key is related to a special board with an appropriate serial number and cannot be used for several boards.



For a subsequent order of an activation key the serial number of the Module 8029NTS (device) needs to be provided. The serial number can be found under the tab DEVICE – Device info (serial number 8029...).



The settings for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither deleted nor restored via the functions FACTORY DEFAULTS and CUSTOM DEFAULTS.



General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	G	PS Sync Source	_ <b>~</b> [•
-	_						
vice		Overview					
evice Info		Feature			Status	Activation Key	
ardware Info		SINEC H1 tin	ne datagram		Inactive	N/A	
<u>actory Defaults</u> ustom Defaults		User defined	network routes		Inactive	N/A	
eboot Device		Alarming and	l management fe	atures	Inactive	N/A	
ardware Reset		Compound ke	ey for all suppor	ted features	Active	ZLRW4-98Z24-ELEDB-A2AF1-TXCB5-F	ł
<u>nage Update</u> pload Certificate							
ustomized Security							
anner		Activate Feat	ure				
roduct Activation iagnostics		Insert Activa	tion Key				
sswords							
aster Password		Key Reset					
evice Password		WARNING	<u>6</u> !				
wnloads						nore after reset. If you want to the activation keys again.	

#### Overview

Full listening of all optional functions with the current activation status and stored activation key

#### Activate Feature

Input field to enter a new activation key. After entering the feature is activated by pressing the  $\square$  Apply button.

If the activation was successful the new feature is listed in the overview with status "Active" and can be used immediately.

#### **Key Reset**

Clears all activation keys and sets all optional features to status "Inactive". All other non-optinal features are still available after performing the key reset. If an optional feature is enabled again, the last stored configuration for this feature is restored.



## 7.3.5.9 Diagnostics Function

It "status messages" is enabled the output is processed as SYSLOG message. This function should only be used/enabled in case a problem arises and after consulting the *hopf* support.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	<ul> <li>2</li> </ul>
				_		
Device		Real Time Dia	gnostics			
Device Info		Status Messa	nes			
Hardware Info		disabled -	ges .			
Factory Defaults						
Custom Defaults						
Reboot Device						
<u>Hardware Reset</u>						
<u>Image Update</u>						
<u>Upload Certificat</u>						
Customized Secu	irity					
Banner Product Activatio						
Diagnostics						
Diagnostics						
asswords						
Master Password						
Device Password						

## 7.3.5.10 Passwords (Master/Device)

Differentiation is made between upper and lower case characters in passwords. In principle, all alphanumeric characters and the following symbols are allowed in passwords:

### []()\*-\_!\$%&/=?

(See also Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User)

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
Device		Change Devic	e Password			
Device Info		Current pass	sword			
Hardware Info						
Factory Defaults	-	New passwo	rd (min. 6 chara	cters)		
Custom Defaults Reboot Device						
Hardware Reset		Confirm new	password			
Image Update						
Upload Certifica	<u>te</u>					
Customized Sec	urity					
<u>Banner</u> Product Activati	on					
Diagnostics						
Passwords						
Master Passwor						
Device Password	-					
Device rabbitor	<u> </u>					



## 7.3.5.11 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB

In order to be able to download certain configuration files via the web interface, it is necessary to be logged on as a **"master"** user.

Configuration Files
Download NTP-Configurationfile
Download NTP-Keyfile
Click here to download
System Configuration
Download System Configuration
Click here to download
Refresh System Configuration



The loaded file **System Configuration** from the module is only used for support purposes and cannot be reloaded for adjusting the settings in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.



For the download of the file **System Configuration** the following process is mandatory:

- 1. Pressing the button **SAVE**
- 2. Pressing the button Refresch System Configuration
- 3. Perform the download of the file

The "private *hopf* enterprise MIB" is also available via the WebGUI in this area.

#### SNMP MIB

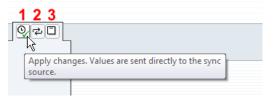
Download hopf8029NTS MIB



## 7.3.6 GPS SYNC SOURCE Tab

The complete display and parameterization of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) takes place in this tab.

The modified values in the tab GPS SYNC SOURCE are directly transferred to the Module 8021GPS (Sync Source) by pressing the button 1 and failsafe stored in Module 8021GPS. This behaviour is indicated on the modified display of the Apply button. The buttons 2 and 3 are without function in the tab GPS SYNC SOURCE and are not required.





After the data transfer to 8021GPS it can take up to 30 seconds until the modified data are re-read from 8029NTS for the WebGUI indication.

This delayed indication has no effect on the functionality.



Generally it is recommended to perform a restart of the the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) with a **Module Reset** after performing all modifications. This ensures that the Module 8021GPS will be operated with the new and failsafe stored data.

## 7.3.6.1 Time and Status

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
ime and Status		Current Sync	Source Time		
Time and Status		DA	TE	TIME	
		LOC 23	3.07.2012	15:23:03 D	ST
		UTC 23	3.07.2012	13:23:03	
ime Settings					
Set Sync Source					
Time Zone Offset		Announceme	nts		
Daylight Saving T	ime				
		LEAP SEC	COND 9	STD ⇔ DST	
SPS		Inact	ive	Inactive	
Reception Quality	,				
Reception Mode					
Receiver Position		Sync Source	Status		
SyncON / SyncOl	<u>F</u>				
			NIZATION		
			SYNC)		



### Current Sync Source Time

This area indicates the curent time and date of the Sync Source. Both the local and UTC time are displayed.



In theory, depending on the synchronization status of the Sync Source, the time displayed here can differ from the NTP time since two independent time systems are involved.

#### **Announcements**

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corrosponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switch-over of summer/winter time).

#### Sync Source Status

Display of the actual status of synchronization of the Sync Source with these possible values:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time

### 7.3.6.2 Set Sync Source Time

Adjustment of UTC including the date in the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS)

After entering the plausibility of these values are directly checked by clicking on the **Apply** button and then sent to the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).



Always the UTC time must be set. The local time is internally calculated from the difference time (Time Zone Offset) and the summer / winter time changeover (Daylight Saving Time).

	24 23 22 21 2 GPS NET	9 19 18 17 16 15 WORK TIME	SERVER 802	9NTS	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Time and Status	1	Set UTC Time	for Sync Source	]	
Time and Status		Year (YYYY)	Month (MM)	Day (dd)	
Time Settings		Hour (hh)	Minute (mm)	Second (ss)	
Set Sync Source					
<u>Time Zone Offsel</u> Daylight Saving 1					
GPS					



- Year Input of the current UTC year (2000-2099)
- Month Input of the current UTC month (01-12)
- Day Input of the current UTC day (01-31)
- Hour Input of the current UTC hour (00-23)
- Minute Input of the current UTC minute (00-59)
- **Second** Input of the current UTC second (00-59)



The input must be complete and according to the stated format.

## 7.3.6.3 Time Zone Offset

Setting of the difference time (Time Zone Offset) from UTC to the local standard time (winter time) in the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS)



The difference time to be entered <u>always</u> relates to **the local standard time (winter time)** even though the commissioning or rather the input of the difference time takes place during daylight saving time.

					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	Q
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	¥
Time and Status		Time Zone Of	fset to UTC			
Time and Status		Offset Hours				
Time and Status		1				
Time Settings		Offset Minut	es			
inte bettings		0				
Set Sync Source	Time	Direction				
Time Zone Offse		east (+) 🔻				
Daylight Saving	Time					

- Offset Hours Time Zone Offset input of the full hour (0-13)
- Offset Minutes Time Zone Offset input of minutes (0-59)

#### Example:

Time Offset for Germany	$\Rightarrow$ East, 1 hour and 0 minutes (+ 01:00)
Time Offset for Peru	$\Rightarrow$ West, 5 hours and 0 minutes (- 05:00)

### Direction relating to Prime Meridian – Direction of the Difference Ttime

Entering the direction the local time deviates from world time:

'East' corresponds to east,'West' corresponds to west of the Prime-Meridian (Greenwich)



## 7.3.6.4 Daylight Saving Time (DST)

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Г

Setting of the changeover times for summer/winter time in the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).

This input is used to define the point of time at which the changeover to Daylight Saving Time or winter time occurs during the course of the year. The hour, day of the week, week of the month and month at which the the Daylight Saving Time begins and ends are determined.

So the exact times are automatically calculated for the running year.

i					er times for sumr y user interventio	mer/winter time are on.
		WORK TIM	E SERVER 80	<b>LODE</b>	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	972 D
Time and Status	<b>_</b> (	DST Activatio	n			
Time and Statu	<u>s</u>	Daylight Savi enabled ▼	ing Time			
Set Sync Source Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving	et l	DST Begin Week last →	Day sunday	Month march	Hour Minute	
GPS						
Reception Quali Reception Mode Receiver Positio SyncON / Synco	n l	DST End Week last →	Day sunday	Month october	Hour Minute	

- DST Activation (enabled/disabled) Changeover times for summer/winter time
- DST Begin Changeover time for standard time to Daylight Saving Time
- DST End Changeover time for Daylight Saving Time to standard time

The individual items have the following meanings:

Week	How often the changeover should be processed per day of the week in the month	First- 1st weekSecond- 2nd weekThird- 3th weekFourth- 4th weekLast- last week
Day	The day of the week when the changeover should be processed	Sunday, Monday Saturday
Month	the month when the changeover should be processed	January, February December
Hour Minute	The time in hour and minute when the changeover should be processed	00h 23h 00min 59min



The data are entered on the basis of the local time.

GPS - NTP Time Server with LAN Interface 8029NTS/GPS - V05.00



## 7.3.6.5 Receiption Quality

In this tab following information is indicated with read-only access:

#### Satellites in View

Number of available satellites detected by the GPS receiver

#### Satellites Tracked

Effective number of received satellites used for synchronization

### Satellites Number – S/N Ratio

Overview of actually received GPS satellites with their number and reception quality and the pertinent interpretation

green	≥ 48
<mark>yellow</mark>	31-47
red	0-30

Good reception quality Sufficient reception quality Poor reception quality

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu GPS Sync Source	
deneral	neenon		, and the	Device		
ne and Status		Reception Quali	<b>b</b>			
ne and status		Reception Quan	ty			
me and Status		Satellites in Vi	ew	Satellite	es Tracked	
		8		6		
		SAT S/N RATE	O BAD	SUFFICIENT	GOOD	
ne Settings						
	_		0			
t Sync Source						
me Zone Offse						
ylight Saving	Time					
		12 9 29 9	6			
		29 9	•			
5						
ception Qualit						
ception Mode						
ceiver Positio						
ncON / Sync(						
		GPS reception qu	ality values are	refreshed automatic	ally every 5 seconds.	
	L					
nc Source Mod	ule					

This page is upated automatically every 5 seconds.

## 7.3.6.6 Reception Mode

In this tab the GPS reception mode is adjusted and displayed.

ktronik GmbH	GPS NET	WORK TIME	E SERVER 80	29NTS	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	0/2
Time and Status	l (	Reception Mo	le			
Time and Status		Reception Mo	de			
		3D	•			
Time Settings						
Time Settings						
Set Sync Source						
Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving						
Daylight Saving						
GPS						
Reception Qualit	v					
Reception Mode						
Receiver Position						
SyncON / SyncO	FE					
Sync Source Modu	lle					
Module Info						
Module Reset						
Factory Default						
H8 Firmware Upd	late					
Module Errors						
Sync Status OC						
Sync Status OC						
0,						

### 3D - Evaluation

The accuracy of the time evaluation is defined by the exact position calculation of the installation site. For this calculation (3D evaluation) it is necessary to receive information from at least four (4) satellites. The signal runtime to several satellites is determined from the calculated position and the precise second mark is generated from their mean value.

#### Position-fix - Evaluation

In position-fix mode the system can be synchronized using the data from only one received satellite. The system accuracy is depending on the exactness of the entered position of the installation site. The second mark is calculated for the set position. If four or more satellites are received in the position-of mode, the evaluation switches automatically into 3D mode and calculates the exact position. In this case, the accuracy of the position-fix evaluation increases to the same accuracy as in 3D evaluation.



### 7.3.6.7 Receiver Position

In this tab the current postion is adjusted and displayed.

tronik — GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	<b>Q</b>
ime and Status		Longitude				
Time and Statu		Degrees	Minutes	Milliseconds	Direction	
	2	7	39	49218	east 🔻	
ime Settings						
Set Sync Sourc	e Time	Latitude				
Time Zone Offse						
Daylight Saving	Time	Degrees	Minutes	Milliseconds		
		51	12	41238	north 👻	
100						
SPS						
Reception Quali	ty					
Reception Mode						
Receiver Positio						
SyncON / Synco	DFF					
Sync Source Mod	ule					
<u>Module Info</u> Module Reset						
Factory Default						
H8 Firmware Up						
Module Errors						
Sync Status OC	1					
ryne Status UC						
Sync Status OC						

### Longitude / Latitude – Current Position with Longitude and Latitude

Hereby the geographical position of the system is entered. This is a helpful function referring to the initial commissioning of the system and reduces the first synchronization time of the GPS receiver.

For an acceleration of the synchronization of the GPS receiver it is only required to adjust the position exactly to 1-2 degrees (without minutes and decimal expansions).



If the position is unknown, enter **0** for all numbers and **North** and **Eas**t for the direction.

Relating to a manual input the last numbers (milliseconds) of the position are always 00000. After a succesful synchronization of the Clock System there should at least in one of the two lines the numbers 00000 be replaced by the complete position calculated by the GPS receiver.

## 7.3.6.8 SyncON / SyncOFF

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Time and Status	<b>_</b> (	SyncON / Syr	cOFF Timer		
Time and Status	2	SyncON time	er (0-30 min)	Current 0	SyncON timer value
Time Settings		SyncOFF tim	ner (2-1440 min)	Current 0	SyncOFF timer value
Set Sync Source Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving	<u>et</u>	Please note: 0	urrent Sync Timer	values are not refr	eshed automatically!
GPS					
Reception Qualit	¥				
Reception Mode Receiver Positio					
SyncON / SyncO	<u>DFF</u>				

### SyncON Timer

The SyncON timer is used to delay the sync-status "SYNC" by the set time although the GPS receiver is synchronous.

This function is enabled when adjustment processes should be terminated as defined before the sync status is "SYNC".

This function is not required for this device and should always be set to 0.

### SyncOFF Timer

This value is used to provide reception failure bypassing for an error-message free operation even under poor reception conditions.

In the event of a reception failure of the Sync Soure (here Module 8021GPS), the resynchronization of the Sync Source to **quartz** status is delayed by the set value. The system continues to run in synchronization status on the internally regulated, highly accurate quartz base during this period.

This timer is of special significance when certain system outputs are linked to a specific system status.

The Timer can be set from 2min. to 1440min.

### Current Timer values

In case of an active Timer the appropriate value of the timer is displayed here.



## 7.3.6.9 Module Info

/					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	_
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	
me and Status		Module Info				
ime and Status	<u> </u>	Device Type 8021				
		Device Versi	on			
ne Settings		Card Layout				
et Sync Sourc	e Time	B				
ime Zone Offse aylight Saving	_	Serial Numbe 8021010128	er			
		Com. No.				
S		9999999999A				
		H8 Firmware 04.00 (11.07				
eception Qualit eception Mode	-	MACH Firmwa				
eceiver Positio		10	are version			
yncON / SyncO		Special Prog	ram			
		0				
nc Source Mod	ule	Unlocked Fea 0003	atures			
lodule Info		Product-Con	ig-ID			
odule Reset		0180210101	28B0000199999	9999A040011071	120000010000304001107120010	
actory Default						
8 Firmware Up	date					
Iodule Errors						
nc Status OC	]					

This tab indicates information about the hardware and software of the Module 8021GPS (Sync Source) implemented in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.



These details might be provided for serive and support puposes.



## 7.3.6.10 Module Reset

		19 18 17 16 15 WORK TIME		09 08 07 06 05 0- 029NTS		
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu GPS Sync Source	20
Time and Status	<b></b>	Module Reset				
Time and Status	2		SET is a critica Are you sure	l action, synchi you want to res		
Set Sync Source Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving	et	Perform	n Reset now			
GPS						
Reception Qualit Reception Mode Receiver Position	-					
SyncON / SyncO	-					
Sync Source Mode	ule					
Module Info Module Reset Factory Default						
H8 Firmware Upo Module Errors						
	1					
Sync Status OC						

This function triggers a hardware reset of (just) the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).



This function has no effect on the failsafe stored data.

## 7.3.6.11 Factory Default

,					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	9
ime and Status		Factory Defa	ılt			
Time and Status		WARNING	<b>3</b> 1			
				is a critical acti	ion all	
		synchroniza	ation settings	will be lost. Are	you sure	
ime Settings		you want to now?	reset the sys	tem to factory	defaults	
Set Sync Source	e Time					
Time Zone Offse		Perfor	n Reset now			
Daylight Saving	Time					
GPS						
Reception Qualit	v I					
Reception Mode	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Receiver Position						
SyncON / SyncO	DFF					
Sync Source Mod	ule					
Module Info						
Module Reset Factory Default						
H8 Firmware Up	late					
Module Errors						
Module Errors						
Module Errors						
Module Errors Sync Status OC						



After setting the Sync Source to factory default values the GPS receiver needs up to 13 minutes of satellite reception in order to generate the correct information on the leap second from the GPS data. Only then the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) can be synchronized.

During this time (however only when the GPS receiver really receives satellites) the following message is displayed in the tab **Module Errors**:

GPS Receiver in raw data mode - no sychronisation



If the changeover times for summer/winter time and the difference time are not initial set after a factory default of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) the following message is displayed in the tab **Module Errors**:

Missing data for Time Zone Offset

and/or

Missing or incomplete data for daylight saving time (DST)



## 7.3.6.12 H8 Firmware Update (Sync Source)

Patches and Bug Fixes are provided for the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS by means of updates.

The H8 update of the Sync Source is loaded only via the web interface in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS (log in as "master" user required). See also *Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update*.

The following points should be considered regarding updates:
<ul> <li>Only experienced users or trained technical personnel should carry out a board update after checking all necessary preconditions.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Important: Faulty updates or update attempts may, under certain circumstances, require the module to be returned to the factory for repair at customer's expense.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Is the the update on hand suitable for the module? If there are any doubts please consult the support of the <i>hopf</i> company.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>In order to guarantee a correct update, the "New version of saved site" function must be set to "On each access to the site" on the Internet browser used.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>During the update procedure, the device must not be switched off not settings be saved to the flash memory!</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Updates are <u>always</u> carried out as Software SETs. That means that all programmes included in the SET must be downloaded to the system.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>For the update pay attention to point described in <i>Chapter 4.4</i></li> <li><i>Firmware</i> Update</li> </ul>

In order to carry out an update, enter the name and the folder in which the update / firmware image is located in the text field or open the file selection dialogue by pressing the "Browse" button.

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A correct image designation is (	e.g.):
8021b_128_v0400. <b>mot</b>	for <b>H8 firmware</b> (Update takes approx. 1-1.5 minutes)

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	-
Time and Status		H8 Firmware	Update			
Time and Statu	<u>s</u>	WARNIN	G!			
		H8 FIRMW	ARE UPDATE is	a critical action	. Please ensure	
Time Callings		not to swit		iring upload! De		
Time Settings			utomatically al	ter update:		
Set Sync Source		Update file:			Durchsuchen	
Time Zone Offs	_					
Daylight Saving	Time	Unload				
		Upload	now			
GPS						
Reception Quali	-					
Reception Mode						
SyncON / Sync	_					
<u> </u>						
Sync Source Mod						
Module Info						
Module Reset						
Factory Default						
H8 Firmware Up Module Errors	date					
Sync Status OC						

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## 7.3.6.13 Module Errors

This tab displays the currrent failure status of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS):

•

If a collected error message is displayed in the GENERAL tab, there is at least one error (Sync Source Error).

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source
Time and Status	]	Module Errors			
Time and Status		Software Erre	ors		
		ок	General Modu	e error (PCID)	
ime Settings		📕 ок	GPS receiver i	nitialization activ	ve
		📕 ок	Missing data f	or Time Zone Of	fset
Set Sync Source Time Zone Offse		📕 ок	Missing or inc	omplete data for	daylight saving time (DST)
Daylight Saving	_	ок	SPIO setting (	error	
		Hardware Er	rors		
SPS .		ок	Adjustment of	f internal quartz	frequency error
Reception Qualit	~	ок	Antenna circu	it shorted	
Reception Mode	-	ок	Antenna circu	it open	
Receiver Positio	-	📕 ок	FRAM error		
SyncON / SyncO	DFF	📕 ок	RTC error		
		📕 ок	GPS receiver	communication e	rror
Sync Source Mod	ule	ок	GPS receiver i	n raw data mode	e – no synchronization
<u>Module Info</u> <u>Module Reset</u>		Error values are	refreshed auton	natically every 5 se	conds.
Factory Default					
H8 Firmware Up Module Errors	Jace				
Sync Status OC					

i

This page is updated automatically every 5 seconds.

### **Overview Software Errors**

• General Module error (PCID)

If this error occurs even after a Power down, the device is damaged.

• GPS receiver initialization active

This condition might last for max. 1 minute after particular actions.

Missing data for Time Zone Offset
 Difference time (Time Zone Offset) must be an inital entry by the user.
 Otherwise there is no synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).

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### • Missing or incomplete data for daylight saving time (DST)

The switchover times for summer/winter time must be initially set / disabled by the user.

Otherwise there is no synchronization of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS).

#### • SPIO setting error

If this error occurs even after a voltage reset, the support team of company *hopf* needs to be contacted for further actions.

#### **Overview Hardware Errors**

#### • Adjustment of internal quartz frequency error

Problems with the internal quartz regulation of the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) have occured. So the specified accuracy of the Sync Source cannot be guaranteed anymore.

#### • Antenna circuit shorted

The Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) has detected a short circuit in the antenna system. The antenna system should be checked.

#### • Antenna circuit open

The Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) has detected an open antenna input. The antenna system should be checked.

#### • FRAM error

If this error occurs even after a voltage reset, the support team of company **hopf** needs to be contacted for further actions.

#### RTC error

If this error occurs even after a Power down, the internal backup clock is damaged. So there is no valid time information available after switching on the device or after a reset of the Sync Source.

#### • GPS receiver communication error

If this error occurs even after a Power down, the support team of company *hopf* needs to be contacted for further actions.

#### • GPS receiver in raw data mode – no synchronization

If this condition is indicated, the GPS receiver requires special data from the GPS signal for which it needs up to 13 minutes signal receiption of satellites. Only then the Sync Source (here Module 8021GPS) can be synchronized.

This happens e.g. after resetting the Sync Source paramaters to factory default values.



## 7.3.6.14 Sync Status OC

Liektronik GmbH			E SERVER 80	09 08 07 06 05 04 29NTS	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	GPS Sync Source	©,≈□
Elektronik Combri General Time and Status Time and Status Time and Status Set Sync Source Time Zone Offse Daylight Saving GPS Reception Qualit Reception Qualit Reception Qualit SyncON / Syncov	Network	NTP Sync Status Q Opto coupler QUEX - Time SYOF - Time SYOF - Time SYSI - Times QUEX - Time QUEX - Time	Alarm c switches off if a crystal (after sync synchronized + S ynchronized (sim crystal + SyncO crystal (after sync crystal after reset	Device Device status is lower th chronization break / nystal frequency is yncOFF timer is ru ulation mode) 1 timer is running hronization break /	GPS Sync Source	970
Sync Source Mod Module Info Module Reset Factory Default H8 Firmware Up Module Errors Sync Status OC Sync Status OC	date					

The output of the status optical coupler (on the front panel of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS) can be configured by the use of this function.

The time states are listed in this selection window in rising quality from the bottom to the top (**SYNC** = optimal condition).

Behaviour of Optical Coupler:

- Selected status achieved or better
- r Optical coupler switched through
  - Selected status not achieved
- Optical coupler blocked

#### Value range

•

Optical Coupler Status	SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
	SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
	SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
	QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
	QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
	QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
	INVA	Invalid time



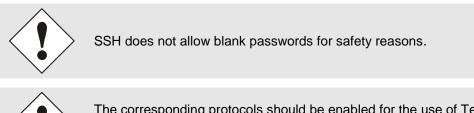
## 8 SSH and Telnet Basic Configuration



Only basic configuration is possible via SSH or Telnet. The complete configuration of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS takes place exclusively via the WebGUI.

It is just as easy to use SSH (Port 22) or Telnet (Port 23) as the WebGUI. Both protocols use the same user interface and menu structure.

The user names and passwords are the same as on the WebGUI and are kept in alignment (see *Chapter 7.3.5.10 Passwords (Master/Device)*).





The corresponding protocols should be enabled for the use of Telnet or SSH (see *Chapter 7.3.2.4 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)*).

```
- 0
                                                                              X
🛃 192.168.100.51 - PuTTY
login as: master
master@192.168.100.51's password:
     N
          N TTTTTTT SSSSS
     NN N
              T S
                            S
     NNN I
NNN T SSSSS
T S S
SSSSS
     hopf 8029 NTS BOARD (c) 2006 - 2012
     Press Enter to continue
Main Menu
 1 ... General
 2 ... Network
 3 ... Alarm
  4 ... NTP
 5 ... Device Info
 0 ... Exit
 Choose a Number =>
```

The navigation through the menu takes place by entering the respective number associated with the menu option (as can be seen in the above image).



# 9 Fault Analysis / Troubleshooting

This chapter explains different error patterns and the process to contact the *hopf* support team.

## 9.1 Error Patterns

This chapter describes various error patterns which enable the customer to make a preliminary problem analysis. In addition they also provide assistance in describing the error when contacting the *hopf* support.



If possible, for each problem the entire status in the tabs **GENERAL** and **GPS SYNC SOURCE** page "**Module Errors**" via WebGUI should always be checked.

## 9.1.1 Complete Failure

### **Description**

• The Status LEDs on the front panel are off

### Cause / Problem Solution

- Device is switched off
- Voltage supply failure
- Power supply defective

## 9.1.2 No GPS Reception / No Synchronization

### **Description**

- In WebGUI the status of the SYNC SOURCE is **not** displayed with **SYNC** or **SYOF**
- The Status LEDs of Module 8021GPS on the front panel do not indicate SYNC or SYOF status

### Cause / Problem Solution

• System was not correctly/completely initialized

The following describes various effects and their possible causes on a non-synchronizing system:



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### <u>Case 1:</u>

<u>Effect:</u> After the first installation, no satellite appears on the display after several hours and **00** is displayed under **Satellites in View**.

### Possible Errors:

- The antenna cable is too long
- An incorrect cable type was used for the length of the antenna equipment
- The antenna cable is faulty
- The antenna cable is not connected
- The antenna is defective
- The indirect lightning protection is defective

### Case 2:

<u>Effect:</u> There are 7 satellites in the visibility range (**V=07**) but a maximum of 2 appear on the display frame. However, the value of these satellites is 70 or above.

### Possible Errors:

• The visibility range of the antenna to the sky is limited and the Module 8021GPS set to 3D reception mode.

### Case 3:

<u>Effect:</u> There are 9 satellites in the visibility range (**V=09**) and 6 appear on the display frame. The signal/noise ratios are all below 30. The equipment is not synchronized.

### Possible Errors:

- The cable is too long
- An incorrect cable type was used for the length of the antenna equipment
- The BNC connectors are poorly mounted
- The cable is bent or crimped
- Indirect lightning protection was irreversibly damaged by overvoltage
- The antenna is defective

### Case 4:

<u>Effect:</u> The equipment was working perfectly but has not been receiving for several days. 7 satellites appear in the visibility range (**V=07**) but no satellite is displayed.

### Possible Errors:

- The cable has been damaged
- There was excess voltage on the antenna equipment and the indirect lightning protector is defective
- The antenna is defective
- The GPS receiver of Module 8021GPS is defective
- A building change has had an effect on the antenna equipment (e.g. shading of the antenna caused by subsequent building installation, or the laying of cables with a high electrical alternating field in the immediate vicinity of the GPS antenna cable)
- Electronic equipment with an interference effect on the GPS signal has been put into operation in the vicinity of the GPS antenna equipment / GPS receiver (e.g. transmitter for pagers)

Further information on the subject of the GPS antenna system can be consulted in the manual "Antenna Equipment GPS".

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## 9.1.3 No Daylight Saving Time / Summer Time Switchover

### **Description**

- There is no "DST" for "daylight saving time" (summer time) displayed in the Sync Source time in WebGUI
- Summer time is not considered in outputs working with it and even in case of availibility.

### Cause / Problem Solution

- Changeover times are not set
- Parameterization failure

## 9.2 Support by Company *hopf*

Should the system show any other failure description than listed in *Chapter 9.1 Error Patterns*, please contact the support of company *hopf* Elektronik GmbH by providing an exact failure description and the following information:



If possible, for each problem the **Configuration File** in the tab **DEVICE** should be downloaded from the device and be sent to the *hopf* support (see *Chapter 7.3.5.10 Download of Configurations / SNMP MIB*).

- With the file **System Configuration** or if not possible with the serial number of the System
- When does the error occur: During commissioning or operation
- Exact error description
- In the case of GPS reception/synchronization problems 
   ⇒ description of the antenna equipment used:
  - o Components used (antenna, indirect lightning protection, etc.)
  - Cable type used
  - Total length of the antenna system
  - Sequence of components and cable lengths between the components
  - Antenna installation site (e.g. signal shading by building)

Please write to the following E-mail address with the above information:

## support@hopf.com



Providing a detailed error description and above listed information avoid the need for additional clarification and leads to a faster processing by the support team.

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#### 10 Maintenance

The Time Server 8029NTS/GPS is generally maintenance-free. The following points should be observed if a cleaning of the system might be necessary.

#### **General Guidelines for Cleaning** 10.1

The following must not be used to clean the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS:

- Fluids
- Cleaning agents containing solvents
- Cleaning agents containing acids
- Abrasive media

The use of such cleaning agents or media could damage the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.



Do not use a wet cloth to clean the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

There is the danger of an electric shock.

To clean the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS use a cloth that is:

- Antistatic •
- Soft
- Non-fabric
- Damp

#### **Cleaning the Housing** 10.2



Make sure that connections or cables are not loosened while cleaning the housing of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS. There is the danger of damage and functionality loss.



# 11 Technical Data



The company *hopf* reserves the right to hardware and software alterations at any time.

## 11.1 General – 8029NTS/GPS

General Data	
Installation position:	On horizontal 35mm rail in accordance with DIN EN 60715 TH35
Protection type of the housing:	IP30
Protection class:	I, with PE connection
Housing design:	Aluminium, closed
Housing dimensions:	See Chapter 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail Housing
Weight:	Approx. 0.8kg

Ambient Conditions		
Temperature range:	Operation:	0°C to +50°C
	Storage:	-20°C to +75°C
Humidtiy:		max. 95%, non condensing

### **CE Conformity**

EMV Directive 2004/108/EC
EN 55022 : 2006 + A1 : 2007
EN 61000-3-2 : 2006 + A2 : 2009, EN 61000-3-3 : 2008
EN 55024 : 1998+A1 : 2001+A2 : 2003
Low Voltage Directive 2006/95/EC
EN 60950-1:2006

MTBF	
MTBF	> 250,000h

Power Consumption - internal	
Normal operation	Typical: 550mA (max. 600mA) at 5V DC
Boot phase	Typical: 550mA (max. 600mA) at 5V DC



## 11.2 Module 8029NTS

LAN - ETH0		
Network connection	Via a LAN cable with RJ45 connector, male (recommended cable type CAT5 or better)	
Request per second	Max. 1000 requests	
Number of connectable Clients	Theoretically unlimited	
Network interface ETH0	10/100 Base-T	
Ethernet compatibility	Version 2.0 / IEEE 802.3	
Isolation voltage (Network- to system side)	1500 Vrms	

GPS-System - Accuracy					
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.2ppm HIGH				
Lambda < 15ms	Stability >= 0.2ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 1ms HIGH				
Lambda < 15ms	a < 15ms Stability > 2ppm or Offset >= 1ms MEDIUM				
DCF77-System - Accuracy					
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.6ppm	HIGH			
Lambda < 15ms Stability >= 0.6ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 2ms HIGH		HIGH			
Lambda < 15msStability > 2ppm or Offset >= 2msMEDIUM					

### **Time Protocols**

- NTPv4 Server
- NTP Broadcast Mode
- NTP Multicast Mode
- NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (Redundancy)
- SNTP Server
- NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
- NTP Autokey Encryption
- NTP Access Restrictions
- PPS Time Source
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key required)

### **TCP/IP Network Protocols**

- HTTP/ HTTPS
- DHCP
- Telnet
- SSH
- SNMP (Activation Key required)
- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key required)
- **Configuration Channels** 
  - HTTP/HTTPS-WebGUI (Browser Based)
  - Telnet
  - SSH
  - hmc Remote Access
  - hmc Network Configuration Assistent



## 11.3 Module 8021GPS

Accuracy	
Internal PPS pulse on GPS reception (after 30min. GPS reception):	< ± 100ns
VCO control of the internal quartz base:	±0.1ppm after 30min. GPS reception
Freewheel accuracy:	<ul> <li>± 0.1ppm after at least 1 hour GPS reception / T = +20° C</li> <li>Drift for T = +20° C (constant):</li> <li>after 1h: 0.36msec.</li> <li>after 24h: 8.64msec.</li> </ul>
Internal back-up clock (RTC):	±25ppm / for T = +10° C to +50° C

GPS Data	
Receiver type:	12 channel phase tracking receiver, C/A code
Evaluation:	L1 frequency (1575.42MHz)
Sensitivity:	-143dB
Synchronization time:	<ul> <li>Cold start: 5min - 30min (first installation without position input)</li> <li>Warm start: &lt; 1min. (voltage failure &lt; 3 days)</li> </ul>
Antenna connection:	<ul> <li>Via BNC connector, female</li> <li>For active antennas, Ub = 5V DC</li> <li>Antenna power feed via BNC connector, female of Module 8021GPS</li> </ul>

Signal Outputs	
Status optical coupler:	Via 3pole pluggable screw terminal Resistive circuit-breaking capacity: max. 50mA / 80V DC



## **11.4 Power Supplies**

## AC Wide-Range Power Supplies

Internal Power Supply (Only wide input range)	hopf Type: AC-M05-D	hopf Type: AC-M10-D
Input Data		
Nominal input voltage	100-240V AC 110-250V DC (wide input range)	100-240V AC 110-250V DC (wide input range)
Input voltage range	85-264V AC 110-370V DC	85-264V AC 110-370V DC
Frequency	47-440Hz 0 Hz	47-440Hz 0 Hz
Current consumption (at nominal values)	approx. 0.15A (120V AC) 0.10A (230V AC)	approx. 0.30A (120V AC) 0.20A (230V AC)
Inrush current	typ. 15A (I <sub>O</sub> = 100%) 120V AC typ. 30A (I <sub>O</sub> = 100%) 230V AC	typ. 15A (I <sub>O</sub> = 100%) 120V AC typ. 30A (I <sub>O</sub> = 100%) 230V AC
Hold-up time at nominal laod	> 20msec. (> 100V AC)	> 20msec. (> 100V AC)
Start-up time after connected mains voltage	< 1 sec.	< 1 sec.
Transient overvoltage protection	Overvoltage protection III (EN 60664-1)	Overvoltage protection III (EN 60664-1)
Protection supply, internal	400 mA slow blow (device protection)	400 mA slow blow (device protection)
Recommended back-up fuse (AC)	Circuit breaker 6A, 10A charakteristics B (EN 60898)	Circuit breaker 6A, 10A charakteristics B (EN 60898)
Leakage current against PE	< 0.5mA (60Hz, according to EN 60950)	< 0.5mA (60Hz, according to EN 60950)
Input isolation voltage / PE	2000V AC, 1 minute, leakage current = 10mA, 500V DC, 50MOhm min. (at room temperature)	2000V AC, 1 minute, leakage current = 10mA, 500V DC, 50MOhm min. (at room temperature)

Output Data (only internal)		
Internal nominal output voltage	5V DC	5V DC
Nominl output current I <sub>N</sub> 0° C +55° C	1A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)	2A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)
Efficiency	> 77% (at 230V AC and nominal values)	> 74% (ati 230V AC and nominal values)
Function Display (Power LED)	LED green	LED green



## **DC Power Supplies**

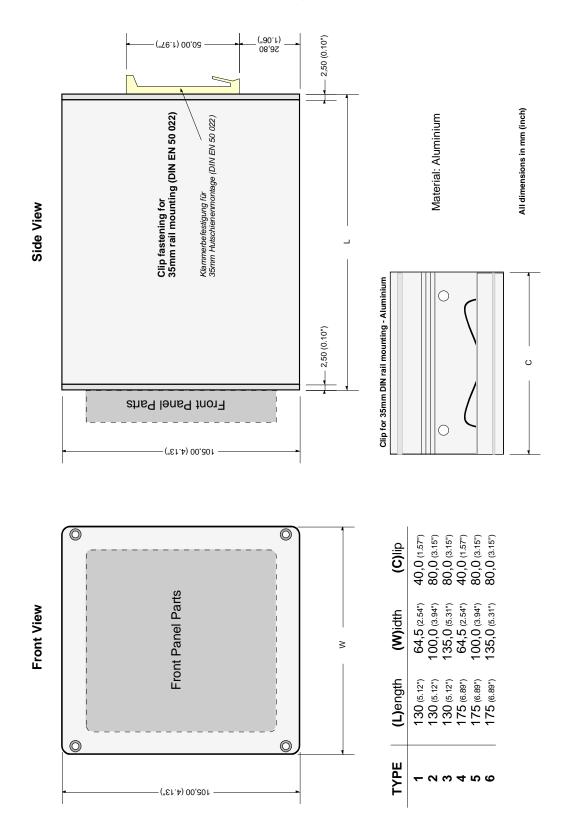
Internal Power Supply	hopf Type: DC24-M15-D	hopf Type: DC48-M15-D
Input Data		
Nominal input voltage	24V DC	48V DC
Input voltage range	18-36V DC	36-76V DC
Current consumption (at nominal values)	approx. 0.69A	Approx. 0.35A
Start-up time after connected mains voltage	< 200msec.	< 200msec.
Protection supply internal (Device protection)	2A fast blow	1A fast blow
Input isolation voltage Input / Output	1,500V DC 1 minute, 500V DC 50MΩ min. (20°C ±15°C)	1,500V DC 1 minute, 500V DC 50MΩ min. (20°C ±15°C)

Output Data (only internal)		
Internal nominal output voltage	5V DC	5V DC
Nominl output current I <sub>N</sub> 0° C +55° C	3A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)	3A (U <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V DC)
Efficiency	> 90%	> 90%
Function Display (Power LED)	LED green	LED green

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## 11.5 Dimensions – DIN Rail Housing



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## 12 Factory Defaults of Time Server 8029NTS/GPS

This chapter lists the factory default values of the individual components integrated in the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS.

## 12.1 Factory Default Values of Module 8029NTS (Device)

The default delivery status of the Time Server 8029NTS/GPS meets the factory default values when using GPS synchronization sources. In case of DCF77 synchronization (different product variant) the function "**NTP / General / Sync Source**" is factrory-set to "**DCF77**" on delivery.



Using the board in DCF77 sytems (different product variant) the setting for **NTP / General / Sync Source**" needs to be re-configured to "**DCF77**" after a factory default.

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	DCF77	DCF77

## 12.1.1 Network

Host/Name Service	Setting	WebGUI
Hostname	hopf8029nts	hopf8029nts
Default Gateway	Blank	
DNS 1	Blank	
DNS 2	Blank	
Network Interface ETH0	Setting	WebGUI
Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Disabled	Disabled
Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Blank	
DHCP	Disbabled	Disabled
IP	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Operation mode	Auto negotiate	Auto negotiate
Routing	Setting	WebGUI
User Defined Routes	Blank	
Management	Setting	WebGUI
HTTP	Enabled	Enabled
HTTPS	Disabled	Disabled
SSH	Enabled	Enabled
TELNET	Disabled	Disabled
SNMP	Disabled	Disabled
System Location	Blank	
System Contact	Blank	
Read Only Community	Blank	
Read/Write Community	Blank	
Security Name	Blank	
Access Rights	Readonly	Readonly
Authentication Protocol	MD5	MD5
Authentication Passphrase	Blank	
Privacy Protocol	DES	DES
Privacy Passphrase	Blank	



Time	Setting	WebGUI
NTP	Enabled	Enabled
DAYTIME	Disabled	Disabled
TIME	Disabled	Disabled
SINEC H1 time datagram	Setting	WebGUI
Send Interval	Every second	1 second
Timebase	UTC	UTC
Destination MAC Address	09:00:06:03:FF:EF	09:00:06:03:FF:EF
Minimum Accuracy	LOW	LOW

## 12.1.2 NTP

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	GPS	GPS
NTP to Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Switch to specific stratum	Disabled	Disabled
Stratum in crystal operation	Blank	
Broadcast address	Blank	
Authentication	Disabled	None
Key ID	Blank	
Additional NTP Servers	Blank	
NTP Extended Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Limitation of Liability	Blank	
Block Output when Stratum Unspecified	Disabled	Disabled
NTP Access Restrictions	Setting	WebGUI
Access Restrictions		Default nomodify
NTP Symmetric Keys	Setting	WebGUI
Request Key	Blank	
Control Key	Blank	
Symmetric Keys	Blank	
NTP Autokey	Setting	WebGUI
Autokey	Disabled	Disabled
Password	Blank	

## 12.1.3 ALARM

Syslog Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Server Name	Blank	
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
E-mail Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
E-mail Notifications	Disabled	Disabled
SMTP Server	Blank	
Sender Address	Blank	
E-mail Addresses	Blank	
SNMP Traps Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
SNMP Traps	Disabled	Disabled
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
SNMP Trap Receivers	Blank	
Alarm Messages	Setting	WebGUI
Alarms	All disabled	All none

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## 12.1.4 DEVICE

User Passwords	Settings	WebGUI
Master Password	master	
Device Password	device	
Diagnostic	Settings	WebGUI
Real Time Diagnostics	Disabled	Disabled
Product Activation	Settings	WebGUI
Activate Feature	No changes	No changes

## 12.2 Factory Default Values of Module 8021GPS (Sync Source)

After triggering a factory default of Module 8021GPS two steps are carried out.

### 1. Deleting the current leap second information in the GPS receiver

### 2. Following parameters are set to default values:

Difference time	00h 00n	nin east
Changeover times:	disabled	
Begin of Daylight Saving	Week	⇔ first
Time:	Day	⇔ Monday
	Month	⇒ January
	Hour	⇒ 0
End of Daylight Saving	Week	⇔ first
Time:	Day	⇔ Monday
	Month	⇒ January
	Hour	⇒ 0
SyncON / SyncOFF Timeout:	0000 / 0	055 (minutes)
GPS Position:		
Longitude:	E 000° (	0000 '0000
Latitude:	N 00° 00' 0000	
GPS reception mode:	Position Fixed	
Sync Status OC:	SYNC	

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# **13 Glossary and Abbreviations**

## 13.1 NTP-specific Terminology

Stability	The average frequency stability of the clock system.
Accuracy	Specifies the accuracy in comparison to other clocks.
Precision of a clock	Specifies how precisely the stability and accuracy of a clock system can be maintained.
Offset	This value represents the time difference between two clocks. It is the offset by which the local time would have to be adjusted in order to keep it congruent with the reference clock.
Clock skew	The frequency difference between two clocks (first derivative of offset over time).
Drift	Real clocks vary in frequency difference (second derivative of offset over time). This variation is known as drift.
Roundtrip delay	Roundtrip delay of an NTP message to the reference and back.
Dispersion	Represents the maximum error of the local clock relative to the reference clock.
Jitter	The estimated time error of the system clock measured as the average exponential value of the time offset.

## 13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)

	-	
space	reject	Rejected peer – either the peer is not reachable or its synchronization distance is too great.
x	falsetick	The peer was picked out by the NTP intersection algorithm as a false time supplier.
	excess	The peer was picked out by the NTP sort algorithm as a weak time supplier on the basis of synchronization distance (concerns the first 10 peers).
-	outlyer	The peer was picked out by the NTP clustering algorithm as an outlyer.
+	candidate	The peer was selected as a candidate for the NTP combining algorithm.
#	selected	The peer is of good quality but not among the first six peers selected by the sort algorithm on the basis of synchronization distance.
*	sys.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System.
0	pps.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System. The current synchronization is derived from a PPS (pulse-per-second) signal either indirectly via PPS reference clock driver or directly via kernel interface.



## 13.2.1 Time-specific expressions

UTC	<b>UTC Time</b> (Universal Time Coordinated) was depending on the Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) definition of the zero meridian. While GMT follows astrological calculations, UTC is based on the stability and accuracy of the Caesium standard. The leap second was defined in order to cover this deviation.
Time Zone	The globe was originally divided into 24 longitudinal segments or time zones. Today, however, there are a number of time zones which in part apply specifically to certain individual countries only. In relation to the time zones, consideration was given to the
	fact that local daylight and sunlight coincide at different times in the individual time zones.
	The zero meridian runs through the British city of Greenwich.
Time Offset	This is the difference between UTC and the valid standard time of the current time zone. The Time Offset will be commit from the local time zone.
Local Standard Time	Standard Time = UTC + Time Offset
(winter time)	The time offset is defined by the local time zone and the local political regulations.
Daylight Saving Time	Offset of Daylight Saving Time = + 1h
(summer time)	Daylight Saving Time was introduced to reduce the energy requirement in some countries. In this case one hour is added to the standard time during the summer months.
Local Time	Local Time = Standard Time if exists with summer / winter time changeover
Leap Second	A leap second is a second which is added to the official time (UTC) in order to synchronise this with Greenwich Mean Time when required. Leap seconds are defined internationally by the International Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS).



## 13.3 Abbreviations

D, DST	Daylight Saving Time
ETH0	Ethernet Interface 0
ETH1	Ethernet Interface 1
FW	Firmware
GPS	Global Positioning System
нพ	Hardware
IF	Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
NTP	Network Time Protocol
NE	Network Element
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OS	Operating System
RFC	Request for Comments
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol (handled by more than 60 RFCs)
SNTP	Simple Network Time Protocol
S, STD	Standard Time
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
ToD	Time of Day
UDP	User Datagram Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
UTC	Universal Time Coordinated
WAN	Wide Area Network
msec	millisecond (10 <sup>-3</sup> seconds)
µsec	microsecond (10 <sup>-6</sup> seconds)
ppm	parts per million (10 <sup>-6</sup> )

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## 13.4 Definitions

An explanation of the terms used in this document.

## 13.4.1 DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

DHCP makes it possible to integrate a new computer into an existing network with no additional configuration. It is only necessary to set the automatic reference of the IP address on the client. Without DHCP, relatively complex settings need to be made. Beside the IP address, further parameters such as network mask, gateway and DNS server have to be entered. A DHCP server can assign these parameters automatically by DHCP when starting a new computer (DHCP client).

DHCP is an extension of the BOOTP protocol. A valid IP address is allocated automatically if a DHCP server is available on the network and DHCP is enabled.



See RFC 2131 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for further information.

## 13.4.2 NTP (Network Time Protocol)

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a standard for the synchronization of clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. Although it is processed mainly over UDP, it can also be transported by other layer 4 protocols such as TCP. It was specially developed to facilitate reliable timing via networks with variable packet runtime.

NTP uses the Marzullo algorithm (devised by Keith Marzullo of the San Diego University in his dissertation) with a UTC timescale and supports leap seconds from Version 4.0. NTP. It is one of the oldest TCP/IP protocols still in use. It was developed by David Mills of the University of Delaware and published in 1985. The protocol and UNIX implementation continue to be developed under his direction. Version 4 is the up to date version of the protocol. This uses UDP Port 123.

NTPv4 can maintain the local time of a system to an accuracy of some 10 milliseconds via the public Internet. Accuracies of 500 microseconds and better are possible under ideal conditions on local networks.

With a sufficiently stable, local clock generator (oven-stabilised quartz, rubidium oscillator, etc.) and using the kernel PLL (see above), the phase error between reference clock generator and local clock can be reduced to something of the order of a few hundred microseconds. NTP automatically compensates for the drift of the local clock.

NTP can be installed over firewalls and offers a range of security functions.



See RFC 5905 for further information.



## 13.4.3 SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a network protocol which was developed by the IETF in order to be able to monitor and control network elements from a central station. This protocol regulates the communication between the monitored devices and the monitoring station. SNMP describes the composition of the data packets which can be transmitted and the communication procedure. SNMP was designed in such a way that can be provided by SNMP include:

- Monitoring of network components
- Remote control and configuration of network components
- Fault detection and notification

Due to its simplicity, SNMP has become the standard which is supported by most management programmes. SNMP Versions 1 and 2c hardly offer any safety mechanisms. The safety mechanisms have been significantly expanded in the current Version 3.

Using description files, so-called MIB's (Management Information Base), the management programmes are able to represent the hierarchical structure of the data of any SNMP agent and to request data from them. In addition to the MIB's defined in the RFC's, every software and hardware manufacturer can define his own so-called private MIB's which reflect the special characteristics of his product.

## 13.4.4 TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

TCP and IP are generally used concurrently and thus the term TCP/IP has become established as the standard for both protocols.

IP is based on network layer 3 (layer 3) in the OSI Layer Model whereas TCP is based on layer 4, the transport layer. In other words, the expression TCP/IP signifies network communication in which the TCP transport mechanism is used to distribute or deliver data over IP networks. As a simple example: Web browsers use TCP/IP to communicate with web servers.

## 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles



NTP is based on the Internet protocol. Transmission delays and errors as well as the loss of data packets can lead to unpredictable accuracy data and time synchronization effects.



NTP protocol neither defines nor guarantees the accuracy or correctness of the time server.

Thus the QoS (Quality of Service) used for direct synchronization with GPS or serial interface does not apply to synchronization via NTP.

In simplified terms, accuracies of between 1msec and 1sec can be expected, depending on the accuracies of the servers used.



The accuracy of IP-based time synchronization is depending on the following criteria:

- Characteristics and accuracy of the time server / time signal used
- Characteristics of the sub-network
- Characteristics and quality of the synchronization client
- The algorithm used

NTP has a variety of algorithms to equalise the possible characteristics of IP networks. Algorithms also exist to equalise the offset between reference time source and the local clock.

However, under some circumstances it is not possible to provide an algorithmic solution.

#### For example:

- Time servers which do not deliver <u>any</u> correct time cannot be detected at all. The only
  option available to NTP is to mark these time servers as FALSETICKERS in
  comparison to other time servers and to disregard them. However, this means that if
  only 2 time servers are configured, NTP has no way of determining the correctness of
  the individual times and clearly identifying which time is incorrect.
- 2. Asymmetries in the transmission between NTP servers and NTP clients can neither be measured nor calculated by NTP. NTP works on the assumption that the transmission path to the NTP server is exactly as long as the return path. The NTP algorithm can only filter out changes on a statistical basis. The use of several servers makes it possible for the combining algorithm to pick up and filter out any such errors. However, there is no possibility of filtering if this asymmetry is present on all or most of the NTP servers (faulty routing etc).
- 3. It goes without saying that the accuracy of the synchronised time cannot be better than the accuracy resolution of the local clock on the NTP server and NTP client.

With reference to the above mentioned error circumstances, the delivered **time offset** of the NTP should be considered to be at best the most favourable case and in no way to be a value that takes account of all possible errors.

In order to resolve this problem, NTP delivers the maximum possible error in relation to the offset. This value is designated as the synchronization distance ("LAMBDA") and is the sum of the **Root Dispersion** and half of the **Root Delay** of all NTP servers used. This value describes the worst possible case and thus the maximum error that can be expected.

Finally, please note that the user of the Time Server is responsible for the network conditions between the Time Server and the NTP clients.

As an example, we mention the case where a network has a delay of 500msec and an accuracy shift (asynchronization.) of 50msec occurs. The synchronised clients will therefore NEVER achieve accuracy values of one millisecond or even microseconds!

The accuracy value in the GENERAL tab of the WebGUI is designed to help the user to estimate the accuracy.



## 14 List of RFCs

- NTPv4 Protocol and Algorithms Specification (RFC 5905)
- NTPv4 Autokey Specification (RFC 5906)
- PPS API (RFC 2783)
- DHCP (RFC 2131)
- Time Protocol (RFC 868)
- Daytime Protocol (RFC 867)
- HTTP (RFC 2616)
- HTTPS (RFC 2818)
- SSH-2 (RFC 4250-4256, 4335, 4344, 4345, 4419, 4432, 4716, 5656)
- TELNET (RFC 854-861)
- SNMPv2 (RFC 1213, RFC1901-1908)
- SNMPv3 (RFC 3410-3418)
- SYSLOG (RFC 5424)
- SMTP (RFC 5321)



# 15 List of Open Source Packages Used

Third Party Software

The *hopf* Time Server 8029NTS/GPS includes a numerous of software packages subject to other license conditions. In case the use of such a software package might violate the licence conditions immediately after written notice it is ensured that the underlying licence conditions are met again.

If the underlying licence conditions relating to a specific software package require availability of the source code the package is provided electronically (email, download etc.) on requested.

The following table includes all used software packages with the applicable underlying software license conditions:

Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
boa	0.94.14rc21	GPL	v1+	No
busybox	1.18.5	GPL	v2	No
eeprog	0.7.6	GPL	v2+	No
ethtool	2.6.39	GPL	v2	No
i2c-tools	3.0.3	GPL	v2	No
libatomic_ops	1.2	GPL	v2	No
libdaemon	0.14	LGPL	v2.1	No
libelf	0.8.12	LGPL	v2	No
libevent	1.4.12	3-clause BSD	http://libevent.org/LICENSE.txt	No
libgcrypt	1.5.0	GPL	v2	No
libgpg-error	1.8	GPL	v2	No
libsysfs	2.1.0	LGPL	v2.1	No
libupnp	1.6.6	BSD	http://pupnp.sourceforge.net/LICENSE	No
libusb	1.0.8	LGPL	v2	No
linux	2.6.38.8	GPL	v2	No
Itrace	0.5.3	GPL	v2	No
Izo	2.05	GPL	v2	No
mii-diag	2.11	GPL		No
mini_httpd	1.19		<pre>Copyright © 1999,2000 by Jef Poskanzer <jef@mail.acme.com>. All rights reserved. Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met: 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer. 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution. THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR AND CONTRIBUTORS ``AS IS'' AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES,</jef@mail.acme.com></pre>	No

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Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
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mtd	1.4.6	GPL	v2	No
ncurses	5.7	Permissive free software licence	<pre>Copyright (c) 1998-2004,2006 Free Software Foundation, Inc. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, distribute with modifications, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software. THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE. Except as contained in this notice, the name(s) of the above copyright holders shall not be used in advertising or otherwise to promote the sale, use or other dealings in this Software without prior written authorization.</pre>	No
netsnmp	5.6.1	BSD (more)	http://net-snmp.sourceforge.net/about/license.html	No
ntp	V4.2.8p2	NTP	Copyright (c) University of Delaware 1992-2011 Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software and its documentation for any purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and that both the	Yes (6)

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Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
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openssh	5.8p2	BSD		No
openssl	1.0.0d	Dual	http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html	No
readline	6.2	GPL	v3	No
setserial	2.17	GPL		No
strace	4.5.20	BSD		No
sudo	1.7.6p2	ISC-style	http://www.sudo.ws/sudo/license.html	No
uboot	2010.06	GPL	v2	No
uboot-tools	2011.03	GPL	v2	Yes (1)
uClibc	0.9.32	LGPL	v2.1	No
usbutils	003	GPL	v2	No
util-linux	2.19.1	GPL	v2	No
which	2.20	GPL	v3	No
zlib	1.2.5	Permissive free software licence	http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html	No