Technical Description

Large Scale Display 4980



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hopf Elektronik

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CONTENTS	<u>Page</u>
1 Specifications	5
2 Functions	5
2.1 General	5
2.2 Set-up	5
3 Large Display as Radio Controlled Clock	6
3.1 Antenna Installation	6
3.1.1 Alignment of the Antenna	6
3.1.2 Antenna Alignment Programme	7
3.1.3 Indirect Lightning Protection	7
3.1.4 DCF77-Pulse-Synchronization	7
3.2 Time/Date Display	8
4 Serial Interface	9
4.1 Choice of Hardware	9
4.2 Choice of Transmission Parameter	9
4.2.1 Word Length	9
4.2.2 Parity-Bit	9
4.2.3 Stop-Bit	9
4.2.4 Baud Rate Settings	10
4.3 Operation as Radio Controlled Clock	10
4.3.1 Time Base (UTC /Local)	10
4.3.2 Moment of Output	10
4.3.3 Output on Request	10
4.3.4 The Put Out Time Data String	11
4.3.5 hopf Standard Data String	11
4.3.6 hopf Standard Data String 2000	13
4.4 Operation as Matrix Display	15
4.4.1 Height of Digits during Matrix Operation	15
4.4.2 F0 = System Time	16
4.4.3 F1 = Time Synchronized by Power Line	17
4.4.4 F2 = Difference Time	18
4.4.5 F3 = Mains Frequency and Difference Frequency	19
4.4.6 F4 = Temperature and Humidity	21
4.4.7 F5 / F6 = Power 1 and 2	22
4.4.8 F7 = Master/Slave data string	23
4.4.9 F8 = special strings	25
5 Tochnical Data Padio Controlled Clock Large Display 4080	27

1 Specifications

- fully automatic setting of the clock by reception of the time signal transmitter DCF77
- elimination of reception interferences by micro-processor controlled checking of the received time data string
- transmission failure bridging by integrated crystal clock which runs the time and date in case of failures
- in case of power failures internally running back-up clock, due to modern components buffered completely maintenance free
- built-in watchdog circuit (automatic restart in case of programme execution error)
- · time/ date output via serial interface
- display of different time information selectable via DIP-Switch
- change to different display outputs like frequency, megawatt etc. by DIP-Switch

2 Functions

2.1 General

The basic version of the large display 4980 consists of a LED matrix of 16x64 LEDs. It is possible to display 2 lines of eight 42mm or 1 line of six 84mm alphanumeric characters on this matrix

The display can be used for the display of time/date but also as a general large display for other values, like time synchronized by power line, difference time and mains frequency, which can be transferred from the *hopf* system 7001.

Various display and decoding programmes, selectable by DIP-Switch, are integrated in the large display 4980.

2.2 Set-up

The large display 4980 is delivered ready for operation in its casing. Only some connections necessary for running must be made.

To install the display the right side of the housing has to be taken off and the red filter screen must be removed. Now the display can be connected to the voltage, antenna or data cable depending on the requirements. The cables must be fed through a hole in the back of the housing and connected to the according terminals. You will find the connection diagram at the end of the description.

There are holes in the back of the housing to fix the display to a wall by means of screws.



<u>Please note:</u> The installation is to be carried out by qualified personnel only. Please make sure that the cable is dead when connecting the voltage supply.

When the voltage supply is switched on the programme position and the date are displayed for 5 seconds.

e.g. **RevNr 03.00 vom 14.03.97**

3 Large Display as Radio Controlled Clock

The DIP-Switch 8 in switch block SW2 is used to select the display as either radio controlled clock or as general large display.

<u>S8</u>	SW2
on	display as radio clock
off	general large display

The control board for the large display contains a DCF77-receiver, which can serve to decode and display the time/date information. The DCF77-signal can be supplied either by an active *hopf* antenna, by a DCF77-simulation or by the DCF77-pulse.

A **hopf** antenna or the DCF77-simulation electrically behave the same. The DCF77-decoder programme in the display is activated by DIP-Switch 8 in switch block SW1 for this supply.

<u>S8</u>	<u>SW1</u>
on	decoding DCF77-antenna or DCF77-simulation
off	decoding of the DCF77-pulse input

3.1 Antenna Installation

Connect the *hopf* antenna included in the delivery or a DCF77-antenna signal to the BNC-female connector on the control board by means of a coax cable RG 59.

When using *hopf* antennas and DCF77-simulation the cable must not be longer than 500m.

Please note the following points when installing the antenna

- to achieve a high short term accuracy of ± 1 msec of the decoded DCF77-signal the antenna is of broad band design. Therefore do not place the antenna close (<5m) to electric and magnetic currents like monitors, engines or heavy current cases etc.
- In case of indoor antennas please consider also the shielding by buildings. Reinforced concrete and corrugated sheet metal walls are widely HF-proof. Install the hopf antenna at or near a window if possible.

3.1.1 Alignment of the Antenna

All the *hopf* antennas except the all-round antenna 4437 have a directional pattern. The antennas must therefore be directed to the DCF77-transmitter. The transmitter is situated in Mainflingen near Frankfurt on the Main. The indoor antenna must be installed at a right angle to the transmission direction of the transmitter, in case of outdoor antennas the black directional bar underneath the antenna housing must be directed to Frankfurt.



Please note : If the colon on the display between hours and minutes flashes, the clock isn't radio controlled anymore.

3.1.2 Antenna Alignment Programme

It is possible to check the setting to make sure that the antenna is aligned correctly. The push button next to the switch block SW3 starts the antenna alignment programme, if it is pressed for about 1 to 2 seconds. More than three seconds causes a programme reset.

Push button pressed

1-2 seconds starts antenna alignment programme

more than 3 sec. programme reset

When the push button is pressed the display counts the seconds from 0 up to 9 seconds.

The antenna alignment programme deletes the display matrix and sets the amplification for the DCF77-signal back. In the display a light bar is shown in the bottom LED line. The DCF77-decoder programme starts to set the amplification for the antenna position again.

As the amplification change progresses the light bar moves from the bottom line to the top display line. At the same time a dip to the bottom line every second must be recognizable. This indicates the amplitude dip of the DCF77-signal.

The informational content of the DCF77-signal lies within the carrier signal dipping every second to 25% of the amplitude. The time of the dipping for 100 or 200 msec corresponds with a logical **'naught'** or **'one'**.

The dip of the light bar to the bottom line is shorter or longer accordingly. Depending on the signal field strength the amplification is set in 20-25 seconds and is kept on this level different to normal operation. If the antenna is now turned from the set position the light bar must move back to the bottom line because the antenna receives a weaker field strength.

When the antenna is turned by exactly 90° from it's best position the signal field strength is 0. Here the light bar is in the bottom matrix line. From this minimum position the antenna is turned back by 90°. The antenna is thus aligned exactly to Frankfurt (Mainflingen).

The antenna alignment programme can be left prematurely by a reset. The programme is left automatically after 4 minutes. This programme is only an aid to align the antenna. It is not necessary to call up this programme after the installation.

3.1.3 Indirect Lightning Protection

To eliminate the chance of lightning striking the large display via the antenna, the antenna can be secured by an indirect lightning protection. In case of an operation with an outdoor antenna we recommend using a lightning protection.

3.1.4 DCF77-Pulse-Synchronization

All **hopf** clocks emit a decoded DCF77-pulse. This pulse can also be used for synchronization. To supply it the DCF77-pulse programme on the control board is activated by means of a DIP-Switch in the switch block 1.

<u>S8</u>	<u>SW1</u>
on	decoding DCF77-antenna or DCF77-simulation
off	decoding of the DCF77-pulse input

The DCF77-pulse signal is connected to the "DCF-T in" terminals. For connection use for the different levels like TTL-compatible, RS422 or optical coupler control see appendix.

3.2 Time/Date Display

The following displays for time and date can be set by dip switch SW1 in the matrix display at present.

<u>S7</u>	<u>SW1</u>
on	2 line display 42mm height of characters
off	1 line display 84 mm height of characters

<u>S7</u>	S6	S5	SW1
on	on	on	display time and date 42 mm height of digits
off	on	off	display date only 84 mm height of digits
off	on	on	display time only 84 mm height of digits
off	off	on	display time only 84 mm, seconds 42 mm height of digits

further switch combinations are not implemented yet.

<u>S4</u>	S3	SW1
on	on	European date layout
on	off	American date layout
off	on	not used
off	off	not used
S2	S1	SW1_
on	on	German abbreviations for the day of the week and month
on	off	English abbreviations for the day of the week and month
off	on	French abbreviations for the day of the week and month
off	off	Spanish abbreviations for the day of the week and month

4 Serial Interface

Depending on the mode of the board 4980 the serial interface can be used either for the time data output or the input of display data for the matrix. The function is selected by means of the DIP-Switch SW2 push button 8.

<u>S8</u>	SW2
on	operation as (radio controlled) clock
off	operation as matrix display

Depending on the mode the DIP-Switch SW3 has a different meaning.

4.1 Choice of Hardware

The display 4980 is equipped with a serial interface in the

RS232 (V.24) RS422 (V.11)

format. Physically only one interface can be used as an input. For the operation of the RS232 interface no handshake lines have been provided (3 wire operation).

4.2 Choice of Transmission Parameter

On the board 4980 the parameter baud rate, stopbits and parity bits can be configured by means of the DIP-Switch SW2. The settings are identical for both operating modes (clock/display).

After every alteration of the setting a RESET must be caused.

4.2.1 Word Length

Switch position at DIP-Switch SW2, push button 7 (see diagram in the appendix)

<u>S7</u>	SW2
on	8 Bit
off	7 Bit

4.2.2 Parity-Bit

Switch position at DIP-Switch SW2, push button 5 and 6 (see diagram in the appendix)

<u>S6</u>	<u>S5</u>	SW2
on	on	no parity
on	off	no parity
off	on	parity bit even
off	off	parity bit odd

4.2.3 Stop-Bit

Switch-position at DIP-Switch SW2, push button 4 (see diagram in the appendix)

<u>S4</u>	SW2
on	1 stop-bit
off	2 stop-bits

4.2.4 Baud Rate Settings

Switch position at DIP-Switch SW2, push button 1-3 (see diagram in the appendix)

<u>S3</u>	S2	S1	SW2
on	on	on	150 Bd
on	on	off	300 Bd
on	off	on	600 Bd
on	off	off	1200 Bd
off	on	on	2400 Bd
off	on	off	4800 Bd
off	off	on	9600 Bd
off	off	off	19200 Bd

4.3 Operation as Radio Controlled Clock

4.3.1 Time Base (UTC /Local)

The time base of the serial interface can be set by means of DIP-Switch SW3 push button 8

<u>S8</u>	SW3
on	UTC
off	Local Time

4.3.2 Moment of Output

The moment of the output of the serial data string is set at the DIP-Switch SW3. The push-button S3 to S6 are not used at present. They can be programmed according to customer specifications and described here.

<u>S2</u>	S1	SW3
on	on	every second
on	off	every minute
off	on	every hour
off	off	on request

4.3.3 Output on Request

In the setting output on request ASCII characters must be transmitted to the board

For the output of the complete data string ASCII "D" (44 HEX). For the output time only ASCII "U" (55 HEX).

But it is also possible to initiate the data string output in the following settings:

output every second output every minute output every hour

4.3.4 The Put Out Time Data String

The received time can be put out in different data strings, selected by means of the switches S3 and S4 in the DIP-switch bank SW3.

At present the following data strings are at hand:

<u>S4 S</u>	3	SW3
on	on	hopf standard data string
on	off	string 2000
off	on	free, for the time being <i>hopf</i> standard data string
off	off	free, for the time being <i>hopf</i> standard data string

4.3.5 hopf Standard Data String

All **hopf** radio controlled clocks with serial interface (DCF77 or GPS) have the **hopf** standard data string.

It is the same as the "standard data string 6021".

4.3.5.1 Data String hopf Standard Time/Date

character. no.:	<u>meaning</u>	
1	STX (start of text)	
2	Status H-Nibble	; see 4.3.5.3
3	Status L-Nibble	; see 4.3.5.3
4	hours tens	
5	hours unit	
6	minutes tens	
7	minutes unit	
8	seconds tens	
9	seconds unit	
10	day tens	
11	day unit	
12	month tens	
13	month unit	
14	year tens	
15	year unit	
16	LF (line feed)	; see 4.3.5.5
17	CR (Carriage Return)	; see 4.3.5.5
18	ETX (end of text)	

4.3.5.2 Data String hopf Standard Time only

The data string can be requested by ASCII "U" CET/CEST.

character no.:	<u>meaning</u>	
1	STX (start of text)	
2	hours tens	
3	hours unit	
4	minutes tens	
5	minutes unit	
6	seconds tens	
7	seconds unit	
8	LF (line feed)	; see 4.3.5.5
9	CR (carriage return)	; see 4.3.5.5
10	ETX (end of text)	

4.3.5.3 Status- and Day of the Week Nibble in the Data String hopf Standard

The second and the third ASCII characters contain the status and the day of the week. Structure of these characters.

В7	В6	В5	B4	В3	B2	B1	В0	meaning
х	Х	Х	Х	0/1	0	0	1	Monday
х	Х	Х	Х	0/1	0	1	0	Tuesday
х	X	Х	Х	0/1	0	1	1	Wednesday
х	Х	х	Х	0/1	1	0	0	Thursday
х	Х	х	Х	0/1	1	0	1	Friday
х	Х	х	Х	0/1	1	1	0	Saturday
х	Х	Х	Х	0/1	1	1	1	Sunday
х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	no announcement
х	Х	Х	1	х	х	Х	Х	announcement
х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	standard time
х	Х	1	Х	х	х	Х	Х	daylight saving time
0	0	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	time invalid
0	1	х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	crystal operation
1	0	Х	Х	х	х	Х	Х	radio operation
1	1	Χ	Х	Х	Χ	Х	х	radio operation adjusted

Bit3 determines the time zone:

Bit3 time zone

- 0 output local time CET or CEST
- 1 output UTC

4.3.5.4 Example of a Transmitted Data String hopf Standard

(STX)E2132958270499(LF)(CR)(ETX)

ASCII-characters: 02,45,32,31,33,32,39,35,38,32,37,30,34,39,39,0A,0D,03

radio operation (high accuracy)
daylight saving time
no announcement
It is Tuesday 27.04.99 - 13:29:58 h
() - ASCII control characters e.g. (STX)

or

(STX)EA112958270499(LF)(CR)(ETX)

ASCII-characters: 02,45,41,31,31,32,39,35,38,32,37,30,34,39,39,0A,0D,03

radio operation (high accuracy)
UTC
no announcement

It is Tuesday 27.04.99 - 11:29:58 h

4.3.5.5 Output Order of the Control Characters "CR" and "LF"

The output order of the control characters "CR" and "LF" can be exchanged by means of switch 5 in Dip-Switch SW3:

S5 SW3

on order "LF" - "CR" off order "CR" - "LF"

4.3.6 hopf Standard Data String 2000

This data string is like the *hopf* standard data string except that the year is transmitted in 4 digits. As DCF77 transmits the year in two digits the century is calculated.

The output of data is correct between 1st Jan. 1970 and 31st Dec. 2069.

4.3.6.1 Data String 2000 Time / Date

character no.:	meaning	
1	STX (start of text)	
2	Status H-Nibble	; see 4.3.5.3
3	Status L-Nibble	; see 4.3.5.3
4	hours tens	
5	hours unit	
6	minutes tens	
7	minutes unit	
8	seconds tens	
9	seconds unit	
10	day tens	
11	day unit	
12	month tens	
13	month unit	
14	year 1000s	
15	year 100s	
16	year tens	
17	year unit	
18	LF (line feed)	; see 4.3.5.5
19	CR (Carriage Return)	; see 4.3.5.5
20	ETX (end of text)	

4.3.6.2 Data String 2000Time only

Like the time data string under 4.3.5.2

4.3.6.3 Structure of the Status Byte in the Data String 2000

Like status under 4.3.5.3

4.3.6.4 example of a transmitted data string 2000

(STX)E213295827041999(LF)(CR)(ETX)

ASCII-characters: 02,45,32,31,33,32,39,35,38,32,37,30,34,31,39,39,39,0A,0D,03

radio operation (high accuracy)
daylight saving time
no announcement
It is Tuesday 27.04.1999 - 13:29:58 h
() - ASCII control characters e.g. (STX)

4.4 Operation as Matrix Display

When connected to the system 7001 the large display is connected to the board 7515 in partyline operation via the RS422 (V.11) (see drawing in the appendix). Depending on the DIP-Switch SW3 the display can filter the following data strings from the serial interface boards 7515/7245 or 7201/7221 and display them. The data of the serial interface are checked for the transmitted identification (F0-F8) and when a valid data string for this display arrives the data are shown in the display. Dip switch SW3, push button 1-5 can be used to select the string to be shown in the matrix display.

S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	ident.	Display
off	on	on	on	on	F0	system time
off	on	on	on	off	F1	power line time
off	on	on	off	on	F2	difference time
off	on	on	off	off	F3	frequency and difference frequency
off	on	off	on	on	F4	temperature and humidity
off	on	off	on	off	F5	power 1
off	on	off	off	on	F6	power 2
off	on	off	off	off	F7	synchronisation by string
off	off	on	on	on	F8	user specified string

4.4.1 Height of Digits during Matrix Operation

The display can be set by means of the DIP-Switch 3 push button 8 to either 42 or 84 mm height of digits.

<u>S8</u>	SW3	
on	42 mm	
off	84 mm	

Depending on the set identification the data are written into the display.

4.4.2 F0 = System Time

In case of the setting system time the board 4980 filters the following string from the serial input.

String structure

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"O"	30
4	"S"	53
5	"у"	79
6	space	20
7	tens digit hour	30-32
8	unit digit hour	30-39
9	colon	3A
10	tens digit minute	30-35
11	unit digit minute	30-39
12	colon	3A
13	tens digit seconds	30-36
14	unit digit seconds	30-39
15	ETB (End of Block)	17
16	ETX (End of Text)	03

When the above data string is received hours, minutes and seconds are displayed as follows.

12:34:56

If the DIP-Switch SW3 push button 8 is set to **ON** (42mm height of digits) a second string (power line time) is filtered from the serial input and displayed in the bottom line of the display, as follows:

Sy 12:34:56

N1 12:34:57

4.4.3 F1 = Time Synchronized by Power Line

If set to time synchronized by power line the board 4980 filters the following string from the serial input.

String structure:

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"1"	31
4	"N"	4E
5	"1"	31
6	space	20
7	tens digit hour	30-32
8	unit digit hour	30-39
9	colon	3A
10	tens digit minute	30-35
11	unit digit minute	30-39
12	colon	3A
13	tens digit second	30-36
14	unit digit second	30-39
15	ETB (End of Block)	17
16	ETX (End of Text)	03

When the above described data string is received hours, minutes and seconds are displayed as follows:

12:34:56

If the DIP-Switch SW3 push button 8 is set to \mathbf{ON} (height of digits 42mm) a second string (system time) is filtered from the serial input and displayed in the bottom line, as follows:

N1 12:34:56

Sy 12:34:57

4.4.4 F2 = Difference Time

When set to difference time the board 4980 filters the following string from the serial input.

String structure

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"2"	30
4	"t"	53
5	column	7F
6	column	7F
7	sign (+/-)	2B-2D
8	row	7F
9	row	7F
10	tens digit hour	30-32
11	unit digit hour	30-39
12	colon	3A
13	tens digit minute	30-35
14	unit digit minute	30-39
15	colon	3A
16	tens digit second	30-36
17	unit digit second	30-39
18-22	5 * Space	20
23	CR (Carriage Return)	0D
24	hundredth millisecond	30-39
25	tens digit millisecond	30-39
26	unit digit millisecond	30-39
27	ETB (End of Block)	17
28	ETX (End of Text)	03

When the above described data string is received seconds and milliseconds are displayed as follows

if the DIP-Switch SW3 push-button 8 is set to **ON** (42mm height of digits) the difference time is displayed as follows:

4.4.5 F3 = Mains Frequency and Difference Frequency

When set to mains frequency the board 4980 filters the following string from the serial input.

String structure:

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"3"	33
4	"f"	66
5	"1"	30
6	space	20
7	tens digit frequency	30-39
8	unit digit frequency	30-39
9	comma	2C
10	frequency 1/10	30-39
11	frequency 1/100	30-39
12	frequency 1/1000	30-39
13	Space	20
14	"H"	48
15	"z"	7A
16	CR (Carriage Return)	0D
15	column	7F
16-19	4 * Space	20
20-31	like no. 4-15	
32	ETB (End of Block)	17
33	ETX (End of Text)	03

This string generates the following displays

<u>S6</u>	SW3
on	display mains frequency f1
off	display difference frequency

In setting "difference frequency" the basic frequency of the net must be set correctly by push button 7 in DIP-Switch SW3.

<u>S7</u>	SW3
on	50 Hz basic frequency
off	60 Hz basic frequency

The height of the digit is dependent of DIP-Switch SW3 push button 8.

<u>S8</u>	SW3
on	42 mm digit
off	84 mm digit

The mains frequency display e.g. shows at follow:

49,998 84 mm digit

f1 49,998 Hz 42 mm digit

The difference frequency display e.g. shows at follow:

+00,002 84 mm digit

df +00,002 Hz 42 mm digit

4.4.6 F4 = Temperature and Humidity

When setting temperature and humidity the board 4980 filters the following string out of the serial input

String structure

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"4"	31
6	tens digit temperature	30-39
7	unit digit temperature	30-39
8	поп	30-39
9	"C"	30-39
10	tens digit humidity	30-39
11	unit digit humidity	30-39
12	"%"	30-39
13	"H"	30-36
14	ETB (End of Block)	17
15	ETX (End of Text)	03

Once the above described data string is received temperature and humidity are displayed as follows:

32° C 56%H

This data string is displayed in 84mm height only .

4.4.7 F5 / F6 = Power 1 and 2

In case of the setting power the board 4980 filters the following strings from the serial input.

String structure

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"5"/"6"	35/36
6	thousand digit power	30-39
7	hundred digit power	30-39
8	tens digit power	30-39
9	unit digit power	30-39
10	ETB (End of Block)	17
11	ETX (End of Text)	03

Once the above described data string is received either power 1 or 2 is displayed as follows. .

1235 MW

This data string is displayed in 84mm height only.

4.4.8 F7 = Master/Slave data string

This data string serves to supply the large display with the time information via the board 7515. The data string includes the difference time of the base system so that UTC can be displayed with the correct difference. The string is transmitted in the 59th second with the data of the next full minute. The character ETX (end of text) is transmitted on the second change and switches the data on the large display valid.

The status is structured as follows:

	b3	b2	b1	b0	meaning
status nibble:	Х	Х	Х	0	no announcement hour
	х	Х	Х	1	announcement (ST-WT-ST)
	х	Х	0	Х	standard time (WT)
	х	Х	1	Χ	daylight saving time (ST)
	х	0	Χ	Χ	no announcement leap second
	х	1	Х	Χ	announcement leap second
	0	Χ	Χ	Χ	crystal operation
	1	Χ	Х	Χ	radio operation
day of the week nibble:	0	0	0	1	Monday
	0	0	1	0	Tuesday
	0	0	1	1	Wednesday
	0	1	0	0	Thursday
	0	1	0	1	Friday
	0	1	1	0	Saturday
	0	1	1	1	Sunday

The difference time is transmitted in hours and minutes. The transmission is done in BCD. The difference time may be up to. \pm 11.59 h.

The sign is shown in the hours as the highest bit.

logical "1" = local time before UTC logical "0" = local time after UTC

example :

90.00 difference time + 10.00 h. 01.30 difference time - 01.30 h.

string structure:

character no:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (Start of Text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"7"	37
4	status high-nibble	30-39,41-46
5	status low-nibble	30-39,41-46
6	tens hour	30-32
7	unit hour	30-39
8	tens minute	30-35
9	unit minute	30-39
10	tens second	30
11	unit second	30
12	tens day	30-33
13	unit day	30-39
14	tens month	30-31
15	unit month	30-39
17	tens year	30-39
18	unit year	30-39
19	tens difference-hours	30,38,39
20	unit difference-hours	30-39
21	tens difference-minutes	30-35
22	unit difference-minutes	30-39
23	CR	0D
24	LF	0A
25	ETX	03

4.4.9 F8 = special strings

This setting can be used to show some data on the large display. The display looks as follows:

1 line

height of digit: 84 mm max. number of digits: 16 ¹

ASCII-characters: HEX 20 - HEX 5A

special characters, digits and capital letters

2 lines

height of digit : 84 mm
max. number of digits : 10 digits/line
ASCII-characters : HEX 20 - HEX 7A

special characters, digits, small and capital letters

Control characters are:

STX = Start of Text HEX02 ETX = End of Text HEX03

LF = Line feed HEX0A to change line
DEL = Delete HEX7F to insert a free line

It is possible to use less than the maximum number of digits. LF or ETX are the outer borders.

_

For the clearance of the display there are 16 characters available. There fit 6 big characters in there full sizes on the display.

The strings must have the following structure:

1st line:

character no.:	meaning	value range in Hex
1	STX (start of text)	02
2	"F"	46
3	"8"	37
4	"1" for 1 line	31
5	1 st character	
:		
:		
20	last character	
21	ETX	03

2nd line:

meaning	value range in Hex
STX (start of text)	02
"F"	46
"8"	37
"2" for 2 lines	32
1 st character - 1 st line	
last character - 1st line	
LF line feed	0A
1 st character - 2 nd line	
last character - 2 nd line	
ETX	03
	STX (start of text) "F" "8" "2" for 2 lines 1st character - 1st line last character - 1st line LF line feed 1st character - 2nd line last character - 2nd line

5 Technical Data Radio Controlled Clock Large Display 4980

voltage supply 220V AC / 50-60 Hz

operating voltage 4980: $+ 5V DC \pm 5\%$ display: $+ 5V DC \pm 5\%$

power consumption: without display about 590 mA

with display about 2,5 A

crystal clock deviation: ± 2 ppm at 25°C after control by the DCF77-Signal

back-up clock deviation ± 25 ppm at 25°C

buffering time (back-up clock): 3 days (maintenance free)

antenna: active ferrite antenna (max. cable length 500 m with-

out antenna amplifier) weather proof outdoor anten-

nas available

lightning protection an indirect lightning protection for the antenna is

available

serial interface: RS232 and RS422 without handshake

DCF77-pulse input: RS422 hardware DCF77-pulse output: RS422 hardware

temperature range : 0-70° C

special orders hard and software designs according to customer

needs and specifications are possible

Please note: The hopf company withhold the right to technical alterations in hard

and software at any time.





