

Technical Manual

NTP Time Server Module with LAN Interface

Model 8029NTS/M

ENGLISH

Version: 04.00 – 21.01.2014

SETIMAGE (8029)FIRMWARE (8029)Valid forVersion: 04.xxVersion: 01.xx





Version Numbers (Firmware / Description)

THE TERM **SET** DEFINES THE FIXED RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN THE IMAGE VERSION AND THE ASSOCIATED H8 FIRMWARE VERSION.

THE FIRST TWO DIGITS OF THE TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION VERSION NUMBER, THE **SET** VERSION AND THE IMAGE VERSION **MUST BE THE SAME**! THEY DESIGNATE THE SHARED FUNCTIONAL IDENTITY BETWEEN DEVICE, SOFTWARE AND TECHNICAL DESCRIPTION.

THE VERSION NUMBER OF THE IMAGE AND THE H8 SOFTWARE CAN BE READ IN THE WEBGUI OF TIME SERVER 8029NTS/M (SEE **CHAPTER 7.3.5.1 DEVICE INFORMATION** AND **CHAPTER 7.3.5.2 HARDWARE INFORMATION**).

THE TWO DIGITS AFTER THE DOT IN THE VERSION NUMBER DESIGNATES CORRECTIONS TO THE FIRMWARE AND/OR DESCRIPTION WHICH HAVE NO EFFECT ON FUNCTIONALITY.

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Symbols and Characters



Operational Reliability

Disregard may cause damages to persons or material.



Functionality

Disregard may impact function of system/device.



Information

Notes and Information.

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Safety regulations

The safety regulations and observance of the technical data serve to ensure trouble-free operation of the device and protection of persons and material. It is therefore of utmost importance to observe and compliance with these regulations.

If these are not complied with, then no claims may be made under the terms of the warranty. No liability will be assumed for any ensuing damage.



Safety of the device

This device has been manufactured in accordance with the latest technological standards and approved safety regulations

The device should only be put into operation by trained and qualified staff. Care must be taken that all cable connections are laid and fixed in position correctly. The device should only be operated with the voltage supply indicated on the identification label.

The device should only be operated by qualified staff or employees who have received specific instruction.

If a device must be opened for repair, this should only be carried out by employees with appropriate qualifications or by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.

Before a device is opened or a fuse is changed all power supplies must be disconnected.

If there are reasons to believe that the operational safety can no longer be guaranteed the device must be taken out of service and labelled accordingly.

The safety may be impaired when the device does not operate properly or if it is obviously damaged.

CE-Conformity



This device fulfils the requirements of the EU directive 2004/108/EC "Electromagnetic Compatibility" and 2006/95/EC "Low Voltage Equipment".

Therefore the device bears the CE identification marking (CE = Communautés Européennes = European communities)

The CE indicates to the controlling bodies that the product complies with the requirements of the EU directive - especially with regard to protection of health and safety for the operator and the user - and may be released for sale within the common markets.



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1 NTP Time Server Module 8029NTS/M

Module 8029NTS/M is a compact NTP Time Server for the integration in clock systems or rather in singal converters. Based on the fed time information the module turns into a high-accurate **NTP Stratum 1** Time Server for the worldwide used time protocol **NTP (Network Time Protocol).** This Time Server Module is usded for the synchronization of computes and industrial networks.

The NTP Time Server module supports the following network synchronization protocols:

- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- Daytime
- Time
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

Its operation is guaranteed by just supplying the Module 8029NTS/M with power and providing appropriate time information form the internal synchronization. Both are usually carried out in the basis system the Module 8029NTS/M is integrated in. However the module can also be used in an independent signal converter.



The Module 8029NTS/M requires approx. 2-3 minutes for a successful and module's internal time synchronization, depending on the fed synchronization signal. As the module has no internal back-up clock and in order to receive an internal time for the time generation, it is required to synchronize the module after a reset or a power failure again.

The respective NTP status of the module is indicated via three LEDs in the front panel. This allows an easy identification of the current operation status or any fault.

Due to its compact size, the Time Server 8029NTS/M is easy to integrateand characterized by its easy and simple operation, although it offers a **broad range of functions**. Some of the practice-oriented functionalities are:

• Complete parameterisation via protected WebGUI access

All required settings for operation can be executed via a password proteded WebGUI also giving an overview of the status of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

Automatic handling of the leap second

Insertion of a leap second in UTC time is automatically recognised and executed by the the Time Sever 8029NTS/M.



A superior security is guaranteed via available coding procedures such as symmetric keys, autokey and access restrictions and deactivation of non-used protocols.

Different **Managemenet and Monitoring Functions** are availabe <u>as options</u> (e.g. SNMP, SNMP-Traps, E-mail notification, Syslog-messages including MIB II and private Enterprise MIB).

Currently the Time Server 8029NTS/M offers following unlockable functions:

Alarming

After activation <u>SNMP (included SNMPv3), Syslog and E-mail notification</u> are available in order to monitor the system condition. Furthermore, a MIB II and private Enterprise MIB are provided allowing realization of management functions.

Routing

This function allows entering routes in the Time Server 8029NTS/M for spezial network requirements.

• SINEC H1 time datagram

This function allows paramerization of the SINEC H1 time datagram and output via the LAN interface.

A few other basic functions of the Time Server 8029NTS/M:

- The Time Server 8029NTS/M operates as NTP Server with Stratum 1
- Easy operation via WebGUI
- NTP Status LEDs on the front panel
- Completely maintance-free system

Software supplied:

- *hmc* Remote Software for the operating systems:
 - Microsoft® Windows® NT/2000/XP/VISTA/7 (32/64 Bit)
 - Microsoft® Windows® Server 2003/2008 (32/64 Bit)
 - o Linux® (32/64 Bit)
 - Oracle® Solaris SPARC/x86
 - o IBM AIX® (ab Version 5.2)
 - HP-UX 11i (RS232 support only for PA-RISC architecture)



Overview of the functions of the network Time Server 8029NTS/M:

Ethernet Interface

- Auto negotiate
- 10 Mbps half-/full duplex
- 100 Mbps half-/full duplex

Time Protocols

- NTPv4 Server
- NTP Broadcast Mode
- NTP Multicast Mode
- NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (redundancy)
- SNTP Server
- NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
- NTP Autokey Encryption
- NTP Access Restrictions
- PPS Time Source
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server

Network Protocols

- HTTP/ HTTPS
- DHCP
- Telnet
- SSH
- SNMPv3, SNMP Traps (MIB II, Private Enterprise MIB) (Activation Key necessary)
- NTP (including SNTP)
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

Configuration Channel

- HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI (browser-based)
- Telnet
- SSH
- External LAN configuration tool (*hmc* Network-Configuration-Assistant)

Additionally Freatures

- E-mail notification (Activation Key necessary)
- Syslog messages to external syslog server (Activation Key necessary)
- Routing (Activation Key necessary)
- Update via TCP/IP
- Failsafe
- Watchdog circuit
- System management
- Customized security banner



2 Module Description

The NTP Time Server Module 8029NTS/M is a complete multi-processor embedded-linux system.

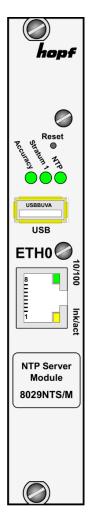
Usually the module is integrated as a NTP Time Server extension in *hopf* clock systems at the factory.

The module is supplied with power, the necessary time information for its synchronisation with the system time and with the system reset, if any, via an internal plug-in connection.

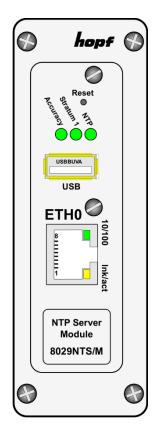
2.1 Installation Variants (Examples)

The module can be equipped with panels for the integration in different housings and system variants.

Module 8029NTS/M for the integration in 19" systems with 3U/4HP panels



Module 8029NTS/M with front panel for the integration in DIN Rail housings (example)





2.2 Installation and Removal of the Module

The module is supplied with power, the necessary time information for its synchronisation with the system time and with the system reset, if any, via an internal plug-in connection.

For service and reapir purposes the module can be removed from the device.



The module does not support HOT-PLUG

In case an installation or removal of the module should be necessary the device in which the moule is integrated in must be disconnected from power.

2.3 Functional Overview of the Front Panel Elements

This chapter describes the individual front panel elements and their functions.

2.3.1 Reset-(Default) Button



The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel next to the "Reset" inscription" (see *chapter 4.3 Reset-(Default) Button*).

2.3.2 NTP Status LEDs (NTP/Stratum/Accuracy)



NTP-LED (Green)	NTP sewrvice of the Time Server 8029NTS/M
On	Standard, running
Off	Not running
Stratum1-LED (Green)	The NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/M works with:
On	Stratum 1
Flashes	Stratum 2-15
Off	Stratum 16 (no synchronization of NTP Clients)
Accuracy-LED (Green)	The NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/M works with accuracy of:
On	high
Flashes	medium
Off	low

2.3.3 USB-Port



On specific problems the USB connection can be used for a system recovery after consulting the *hopf* Support.

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2.3.4 LAN Interface ETH0

USB		
ЕТ	H0	
		10/100
8		
1		Ink/act

	10/100-LED (Green)	Description			
2	Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected			
10/100	On	100 MBit Ethernet detected			
	Ink/act-LED (Yellow)	Description			
Ink/act	Off	No LAN connection to a network			
	On	LAN connection available			
	Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)			
		Assignment			
	Pin No.	Assignment			
	Pin No. 1	Assignment Tx+			
	1	Tx+			
	1 2	Tx+ Tx-			
	1 2 3	Tx+ Tx- Rx+			
	1 2 3 4	Tx+ Tx- Rx+ Not in use			
	1 2 3 4 5	Tx+ Tx- Rx+ Not in use Not in use			

2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0

Each LAN interface is clearly identifiable on the Ethermet via a unique MAC Address (hardware address).

The MAC address given for the LAN interface ETH0 can be read in WebGUI of the appropriate board or be determined via the *hmc* Network Configuration Assisant. The MAC address is uniquely assigned for each LAN interface by the company *hopf* Elektronik GmbH.



The factory set MAC address for the Time Server 8029NTS/M is stated on a sticker directly placed on the module.



hopf Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with **00:03:C7**:xx:xx:xx.



3 **Function Principle**

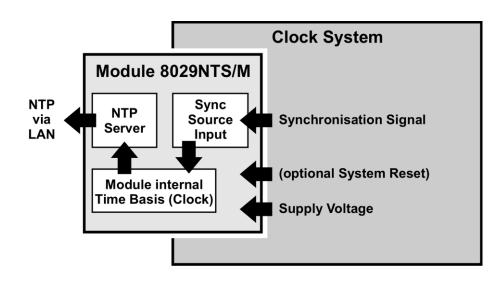
This chapter describes the functional principle of the Time Server 8029NTS/M and the internal relations between the individual function groups.

The Time Server Modul 8029NTS/M is a multi-processor system.

The structrue allows the following mode of operation:

The module receives evaluabe time information within the complete system (clock system). The time basis of the module is synchronized with high precision onto this time information.

Based on this internal time information standardized time information is supplied to the NTP service enabling the module to operate as a high-precises Stratum 1 – NTP Time Server.





In this module Sync Source describes the time information provided to the module as well as the module- internal evaluation up to the successful snychornization of its internal time basis.

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External Synchronization Signal (Sync Source Input)

Usually the status of the respective Sync Source is supplied in the synchronization signal as well.

Synchronisation of the Module (Clock)

Based on the system-internal provided synchronization signal and the status information contained therein the module is self-synchronized.

This synchronization status is indicated in in the Web-GUI

(GENERAL - SYNC SOURCE STATUS).

NTP Adjustment

Based on the time information synchronized in the module the NTP service is supplied and controlled with standardized time information.

The status of the NTP service (time, date, stratum and accuracy) is indicated in the WebGUI (**GENERAL – NTP TIME STATUS**).

Modul Status

All information of the module required for an optimum operating state are recorded and evaluated centrally (**GENERAL – MODULE OVERVIEW**).

This concept allows the use of different synchronization signals to provide the module with time information. The format supplied to the module needs to be parameterized in the WebGUI of the module.

Although the fed synchronization signal might fail the module can continuously and independently snychronize the NTP service based on the internal time information. A differential setting of this behaviour can be parameterized in the WebGUI.

The module offers a variety of further settings in order to adopt the behaviour of the Time Server to the respective requirements.



4 Module Behaviour

This chapter describes the behaviour of the module in special operational phases and conditions.

4.1 Boot Phase

The boot process of the Time Server 8029NTS/M starts after turning on the system or a reset.

During the boot process the Module 8029NTS/M boots its LINUX operation system and is therefore not available via LAN.

The end of the boot process is reached when the green NTP LED is shining and thereby indicates that the NTP service on Module 8029NTS/M has been started and enabled. The boot process lasts approx. 1-1.5 minutes.

4.2 NTP Adjustment Process (NTP/Stratum/Accuracy)

NTP is a regulation process. After start of the NTP services, automatically processed during booting, the Time Server 8029NTS/M requires approximately 5-10 minutes after synchronization of the Sync Source until NTP is set to the high accuracy of the Sync Source and reaches the optimized operation condition of **STRATUM = 1** and **ACCURACY = High**.

The decisive factors here are accuracy of the Sync Source (Accuracy) and the appropriate synchronization condition of the Sync Source.

4.3 Reset-(Default) Button

The Time Server 8029NTS/M can be reset by the Reset-(Default) Button behind the front panel of the board. The Reset-(Default) Button is accessible with a thin objective through the small drilling in the front panel.

Duration	Function
< 1 sec.	No action
1 - 9 sec.	After releasing a hardware reset is triggered in the module
10 - 19 sec.	After releasing a CUSTOM DEFAULT followd by a REBOOT is triggered after approx. 10 seconds.
>= 20 sec.	After releasing a FACTORY DEFAULT followd by a REBOOT is triggered after approx. 10 seconds

The button triggers different functions depending on how long it is pressed:



If the user saves **<u>no</u>** CUSTOM DEFAULT via the WebGUI, a FACTORY DEFAULT is triggered instead.



4.4 Firmware Update

The Time Server 8029NTS/M is a multi processor system. For this reason a firmware update always consists of a so called Software SET including up to two (2) program releases defined by the SET version needed to be loaded into the board.

Module 8029NTS/M:

1x Image Update

1x H8 Update



An update is a critical process. The device should not be turned off during the update and the network connection to the device not be interrupted.



All programs of a SET needed to be uploaded to ensure a defined operation condition.



The progam releases assigned to a SET version may be taken from the release notes of the software SETs of the Time Sever 8029NTS/M.

The general process of a software update of Module 8029NTS/M is described below:

H8 Update

- 1. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 2. Select in the **Device** tab the menu item **H8 Firmware Update**.
- 3. Select the file with the file extension .mot for Module 8029NTS/M via the selection window.
- 4. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 5. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 6. In WebGUI the successful file transfer to the Module is indicated.
- 7. Now the update of the board automatically starts after a few seconds.
- 8. After successful update the board automatically reboots.
- 9. After approx. 2 minutes the H8 update process is finished and the board is again accessible via WebGUI.



Image Update

- 10. Log in as Master in WebGUI of the board.
- 11. Select in **Device** tab the menu item **Image Update**.
- 12. Select the file with the file .img via the selection window.
- 13. The selected file is shown in the selection window.
- 14. The update process is started with the button **Upload now**.
- 15. In WebGUI the successful file transfer and writing to the Module is indicated.
- 16. In WebGUI the successful update is indicated after 2-3 minutes with the request to release a reboot of the board.
- 17. After activation and successful reboot of the board the image update process is finished.

4.5 Activation of Functions by Activation Keys

Currently the Time Server 8029NTS/M offers three functions that require an "Activation Key".

These functions are only available after entering a valid activation key related to the serial number of the Module 8029NTS/M (not the serial number of the overall system).

The activation of such function(s) can be done by default and also later by the user if required.



The input and display is done in the tab "Device" under the menu item "Product Activation".

These functions are:

Alarming

After activation the functions **SNMPv2, SNMPv3, Syslog and Email notification** are available in order to monitor the system condition. Furthermore a MIB II and private enterprise MIB are provided with which management functions can be realized.

Routing

This function allows entering routes in the the Time Server 8029NTS/M for spezial network requirements.

• SINEC H1 time datagram

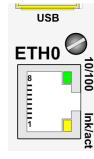
This function allows paramerization of the SINEC H1 datagram and output via the LAN interface.



The settins for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither modified nor influenced by the functions FACTORY DEFAULTS and CUSTOM DEFAULTS.



5 Connection LAN Interface ETH0



10/100-LED (Green)	Description
Off	10 MBit Ethernet detected
On	100 MBit Ethernet detected
Ink/act-LED (Yellow)	Description
Off	No LAN connection to a network
On	LAN connection available
Flashes	Network activity at ETH0 (transmission / reception)

Pin No.	Assignment
1	Tx+
2	Tx-
3	Rx+
4	Not in use
5	Not in use
6	Rx–
7	Not in use
8	Not in use

The network connection is made via a LAN cable and RJ45 plug (recommended cable type: CAT5 or better).



6 Commissioning

This chapter describes commissioning of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

6.1 General Procedure

Overview of the general commissioning procedure:

- Finish the installation process completely
- Switch on the device
- Wait until the booting phase is finsihed (Duration approx. 2 min. finished when the green NTP LED is lit on)
- Using the SEARCH Function of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant in order to access the Time Server 8029NTS/M and set the basis LAN parameters (e.g. DHCP). Afterwards connect to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8029NTS/M via Web browser OR

connect directly with the factory default IP-address (192.168.0.1) to the WebGUI of the Time Server 8029NTS/M via Web browser

- Log in as "master"
- Change default passwords for "master" and "device" In the DEVICE tab
- Set all required LAN parameters (e.g. entry of DNS server) in NETWORK tab if necessary
- Check current settings in **NTP tab** and modify according to individual needs as necessary
- Verify respectively Parametrize following values of the Sync Source in SYNC SOURCE tab:
 - Used Sync Source
 - Set the local difference time to UTC

For modules, integrated in clock systems in the factory, these settings were already performed by the *hopf* company.

- Check for Sync Source Error in tab SYNC SOURCE
- Parametrize optional functions e.g. SNMP or SINEC H1 time datagram
- If all base settings are carried out correctly and the set Sync Source supplies the time information with the appropriate accuracy, the **GENERAL** tab should look like this after approx. 30 min. (usually considerably faster):

<u></u>	ork NTP	Alarm De	vice Sync	Source	
NTP Time Status				Sync Sou	urce Status
DATE	TIME	STRATUM	ACCURACY	SYNC	HRONIZATIO
14.02.2013	09:03:04 UTC	1	HIGH	R	(SYNC)
Username Password		Annour	ource OK ncement leap secon ncement STD ⇔ DS1 running		
Login					



6.2 Switching on the Operating Voltage

The Time Server 8029NTS/M has no own switch for the power supply. The Time Server 8029NTS/M is activated by switching on the device in which it is integrated in.

6.3 Establish the Network Connection via Web Browser



Ensure that the network parameters of the Time Server 8029NTS/M are configured in accordance with the local network before connecting the device to the network.



Connecting a network to an incorrectly configured Time Server 8029NTS/M (e.g. duplicate IP address) may cause interference on the network.



The Time Server 8029NTS/M is supplied with a static IP-address (equivalent to the factory default setting).

IP-address: Network mask: Gateway:

192.168.0.1 255.255.255.0 not set



In case it is not known whether the Time Server 8029NTS/M with a Factory Default setting causes problems in the network, the basis network parameterization should be executed via a "Peer to Peer" network connection.



Request the required network parameters from your network administrator if those are unknown.

The network connection is made via a LAN cable and RJ45 plug (recommended cable type: CAT5 or better).

6.4 Network Configuration for ETH0 via LAN through *hmc*

After connecting the system to the power supply and creating the physical network connection to LAN interface of the Time Server 8029NTS/M, the device can be searched for on the network via the *hmc* (*hopf* Management Console). Then the base LAN parameters (IP address, netmask and gateway or DHCP) may be adjusted in order to allow accessibility of the Time Server 8029NTS/M for other systems on the network.



The SEACH Function of the *hmc* - Network Configuration Assistant <u>requires</u> for location and recognition of the wished Time Server 8029NTS/M the *hmc*-computer <u>in the same SUB Net</u>.



The base LAN parameters can be set via the *hmc* integrated **Network Configuration** Assistant.



After a successful start of the *hmc* Network Configuration Assistant and completed search of the *hopf* LAN devices, the configuration of the base LAN parameters can be done.

The Time Server 8029NTS/M is stated as 8029NTS/M in the Device List.

The determination of different Time Server 8029NTS/M (or other products variants) is made via **Hardware Address** (MAC Address).



The factory set MAC address for the Time Server 8029NTS/M is stated on a sticker laterally positioned on the exterior of the housing of the device.

•	HMC Network Configuration A	Assistant
Device List 8029NTS/M	Configuration Device Type 8029NTS/M Firmware Version 04.01 Hardware Address 00:03:C7:01:2C:0B	Host Name hopf8029nts-m Network Configuration Type Static IP Address IP Address 192.168.100.122
	Serial Number 8029011275	Netmask 255.255.255.0 Gateway 192.168.100.122 Apply
Rescan Network	Set Device Password Set Master Password	Reset To Factory Defaults
		Exit



For an extended configuration of the Time Server 8029NTS/M through a browser via WebGUI the following base parameters are required:

- Host Name
- Network Configuration Type
- IP Address
- Netmask
- Gateway

⇒ e.g. hopf8029nts-m

- ⇒ e.g. Static IP Address or DHCP
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.149
- ⇔ e.g. 255.255.255.0
- ⇔ e.g. 192.168.100.1

- The hostname must meet the following conditions:
 - The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.' . There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
 - The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
 - The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



The network parameters being assigned should be pre-determined with the network administrator in order to avoid problems on the network (e.g. duplicate IP address).

IP Address (IPv4)

An IP address is a 32 bit value divided into four 8 bit numbers. The standard presentation is 4 decimal numbers (in the range 0...255) separated from each other by dots (dotted quad notation).

Example: 192.002.001.123

The IP address consists of a leading network ID followed by the host ID. Four common network classes were defined in order to cover different requirements. Depending on the network class, the last one, two or three bytes define the host while the rest define the network (network ID) in each case.

In the following text the "x" stands for the host part of the IP address.

Class A Networks

IP addresses 001.xxx.xxx to 127.xxx.xxx

There is a maximum of 127 different networks in this class. This allows the possibility to connect a very high number of devices (max. 16.777.216)

Example: 100.000.000.001, (Network 100, Host 000.000.001)

Class B Networks

IP addresses 128.000.xxx.xxx to 191.255.xxx.xxx

Each of these networks can consist of up to 65534 devices.

Example: 172.001.003.002 (Network 172.001, Host 003.002)



Class C Networks

IP addresses 192.000.000.xx to 223.255.255.xxx

These network addresses are the most commonly used. Up to 254 devices can be connected.

Class D Networks

The addresses from 224.xxx.xxx - 239.xxx.xxx are used as multicast addresses.

Class E Networks

The addresses from 240.xxx.xxx.xxx - 254.xxx.xxx are designated as "Class E" and are reserved.

Gateway Address

The gateway or router address is required in order to be able to communicate with other network segments. The standard gateway must be set to the router address which connects these segments. This address must be within the local network.

After entering the above mentioned LAN parameters, they needed to be transferred to the Time Server 8029NTS/M via the Apply button. Afterwards the entry of the Device **Password** is requested:

Device Pa:	ssword	
ок	Cancel	

The Time Server 8029NTS/M is supplied with the default device password **<device>** on delivery. After entry click on the **ok** button to confirm.

The LAN parameters thus set are directly adopted (without reboot) by the Time Server 8029NTS/M and are immediately active.



7 HTTP/HTTPS WebGUI – Web Browser Configuration Interface



For the correct display and function of the WebGUI, JavaScript and Cookies must be enabled in the browser.

The correct function & display of the WebGUI were verified on Windows XP and Windows7 using the browsers MS InternetExplorer 8 and Mozilla Firefox, version 6.0.2 and 14.0.1

7.1 Quick Configuration

This chapter gives a brief description of the basic operation of the WebGUI installed on the module.

7.1.1 Requirements

- Ready-for-operation *hopf* NTP Time Server 8029NTS/M
- PC with installed web browser (e.g. Internet Explorer) in the sub-network of Time Server 8029NTS/M

7.1.2 Configuration Steps

- Create the connection to the Time Server with a web browser
- Login as a 'master' user (default password <master> is set by delivery)
- Switch to "Network" tab if available and enter the DNS Server (required for NTP and the alarm messages depending of network)
- Save the configuration
- Switch to "Device" tab and restart Network Time Server via "Reboot Device"
- NTP Service is now available with the standard settings
- NTP specified settings can be done in the "NTP" tab
- Alarm messages via Syslog/SNMP/Email can be configured in "Alarm" tab only if this function is enabled by an activation key



The following detailed explanatory information should be read if anything is unclear while executing the configuration steps.



7.2 General – Introduction

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The Time Server 8029NTS/M should be accessible to a web browser if it has been set up correctly. Enter the IP address - as set up in the Time Server 8029NTS/M earlier - or the DNS name on the address line <<u>http://xxx.xxx.xxx</u>> and the following screen should appear.

	The comp WebGUI!		guration o	an only b	e complete	ed via the n	nodules
		TIME SERV	ER MODULI		M	5-2012 rdcs.eu	
NTP Time Status					-	Sync Sour	ce Status
DATE 14.02.2013	тіме 3 09:0	3:04 UTC	STRAT		CCURACY HIGH	SYNCH	RONIZATION SYNC)
Login			Module	Overview			

Sync Source OK

NTP is running

NTP has stratum 1

NTP accuracy is HIGH

Announcement leap second inactive

Announcement STD ⇔ DST inactive



Username

Password

Login

User is not logged in.

The WebGUI was developed for multi-user read access but not for multiuser write access. It is the responsibility of the user to pay attention to this issue.



7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User

All of the modules data can be read without being logged on as a special user. However, the configuration and modification of settings and data can only be carried out by an authorised user! Two types of user are defined:

- "master" user (default password on delivery: <master>)
- "device" user (default password on delivery: <device>)



Differentiation is made between **upper and lower case** characters in the password. Alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used: []()*-_!\$% & / = ?



The password should be changed after the first login for security reasons.

The following screen should be visible after logging in as a "master" user:

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Sour	ce	
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Statu	15
DATE TIM 14.02.2013 09:	e 07:16 UTC	STRA	TUM	ACCURACY	SYNCHRONIZ	
Login User master is logged in since 09:06:40 UTC.				DK t leap second inacti t STD ⇔ DST inacti		
	_		ITP is running ITP has strati ITP accuracy	um 1		

Click on the Logout button to log out.



The WebGUI is equipped with a session management. If the user does not conduct a logout, the logout is automatically made after 10 minutes of inactivity (idle time).



After successful login, depending on the access level (device or master user), changes can be made to the configuration and saved.

Users logged in as "master" have all access rights to the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

Users logged in as "device" do not have access to:

- Trigger reboot •
- Trigger factory defaults
- Carry out image update
- Carry out H8 firmware update
- Upload certificate
- Change master password
- Download configuration files

7.2.2 Navigation via the Web Interface

The WebGUI is divided into functional tabs. Click on one of these tabs to navigate through the board. The selected tab is identified by a darker background colour, see the following image (General in this case).

Sma				E 8029NTS/		
ektronik GmbH	ITE I WORK	TIME JER		C OULSINI SH	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	T _z

JavaScript and Cookies should be enabled in the browser in order to

User login is not required in order to navigate through the board configuration options.

guarantee the correct operation of the web interface.

	24 23 22 21 20 NETWORK
General	Network
Host Settings	
Host/Nameservi	ce
Network Interfa	
ETH0	
Routing	
Protocols	
Management	
Time	

the links within the tabs on the left hand side lead corresponding detailed display or setting options.

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7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data

It is necessary to be logged on as one of the users described above in order to enter or change data.

All changeable data, are saved in Module 8029NTS/M. For these data the value saving is divided into two steps.

For a permanent saving the modified value MUST first be accepted with **Apply** from the module and then be stored with **Save**. Otherwise the modifications get lost after a reboot of the module or switching the system off.

Only in the tab Sync Source the values are failsafe stored or rather adopted with **Apply**.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
Host Settings	_	lanagement	Protocols		SNMP	
<u>Host/Nameservice</u> <u>Network Interface</u> <u>ETH0</u> Routing		HTTP enabled V HTTPS			System Location System Contact	
Protocols		disabled ∨ SSH enabled ∨			SNMPv2 Read Only Community	
<u>Management</u> <u>Time</u>		TELNET disabled ✓ SNMP disabled ✓			SNMPv2 Read Write Community SNMPv3 Security Name	
					SNMPv3 Access Rights Read/Write ✓ SNMPv3 Authentication Protocol	
					MD5 V SNMPv3 Authentication Passphrase	
					SNMPv3 Privacy Protocol	
					SNMPv3 Privacy Passphrase	

After an entry with **Apply** is made, the configured field is marked with a star ' * '. This means that a value has been entered or changed but not yet been stored in the flash memory.



Meaning of the symbols from left to right:

No.	Symbol	Description
1	Apply	Acceptance of changes and entered data
2	Reload	Restoring the saved data
3	Save	Fail-save storage of the data in the flash configuration

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If the data should only be tested it is sufficient to accept the changes with Apply.



Changing Network Parameters

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.



For adopting changes and entering values only the respective buttons in the WebGUI can be used.

7.2.4 Plausibility Check during Input

A plausibility check is generally carried out during input.

ktronik – GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Host Settings		Network Inte	rface ETH0			
Host/Nameservio	<u>e</u>	Link Status				
Network Interfac	ce ETHO	Up				
Routing			lware Address (MAC)		
		00:03:C7:0	1:2C:0A			
			Hardware Addre	ess (MAC)		
Protocols		disabled 👻				
Management		Custom Har	dware Address (MAC)		
Time						
		DHCP*				
		disabled 👻				
		IP-Address				
		192.168.23	8.311			
		Network Ma	sk			
		255.255.25	5.0			
		Operation m	ode			
		Auto negotia	te 🔻			

As illustrated in the above image, an invalid value (e.g. text where a number should be entered, IP address not within the range etc.) is identified by a red border when an attempt is made to accept these settings. It should be noted here that this is only a semantic check and not to test whether an entered IP address can be used on the own network or in the configuration! As long as an error message is displayed it is not possible to save the configuration in the flash memory.



The error check only verifies semantics and the validity of ranges. It is **NOT** a logic or network check for entered data.



7.3 Description of the Tabs

The WebGUI is divided into the following tabs:

- General
- Network
- NTP
- Alarm
- Device
- Sync Source

7.3.1 GENERAL Tab

This is the first tab displayed when using the web interface.

General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	e
NTP Time Status					Sync Source Status
DATE TIM 14.02.2013 09:	e 03:04 UTC	STRATUM		CURACY HIGH	SYNCHRONIZATIO
Login Username		Module Ove	c Source OK		
Password				eap second inact TD ⇔ DST inacti	
Login User is not logged in.		NTP	is running has stratum accuracy is	-	

NTP Time Status

This area shows basic information about the current time and date of the Time Server 8029NTS/M. The time **always** corresponds to UTC. The reason for this is that NTP always works with UTC and not with local time.

Stratum displays the actual NTP stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/M with the value range from 1-16.

The **ACCURACY** field (accuracy of NTP) can contain the values LOW - MEDIUM - HIGH. The meaning of these values is explained in *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles*.



Sync Source Status

Display of the actual internal synchronization status of the module's internal time basis achieved by the adjusted and fed Sync Source:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time

<u>Login</u>

The login box is described in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User*.

Module Overview

This table gives a direct overview of the Time Server's 8028NTS/M current operating states.

WebGUI	Description
Sync Source OK	When active (RED) there is a failure in the field of the Sync Souce or its evaluation. For details please go to SYNC SOURCE tab – Sync Source Errors.
Announcement leap second inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an announcement for a leap-second.
Announcement STD ⇔ DST inactive	When active (ORANGE) there is an announcement for a summer / winter time change-over.
NTP is running	The NTP process on Module 8029NTS/M is running
NTP has stratum 1	Shows the appropriate stratum the NTP process works with.
NTP Accuracy is High	Shows the appropriate accuracy the NTP process works with.

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corrosponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switchover of summer/winter time).



7.3.2 NETWORK Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

				e 8029NTS/		
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	2
Host Settings Host/Nameservi Network Interfa Routing Protocols Management Time		192.168.100	s-m way IP-Address			



Changing Network Paramaters

Modifications of the network parameters (e.g. IP address) are immediately effective clicking on **Apply** to confirm.

However, the modifications are not permanently saved yet. This requires to access the WebGUI with the new network paramters again and to save the data with **Save** permanently.

7.3.2.1 Host/Nameservice

Setting for the clear network detection.

7.3.2.1.1 Hostname

The standard setting for the Hostname is "hopf8029nts-m". This name should also be adapted to the respective network infrastructure.

If in doubt, simply leave the standard value in place or ask your network administrator.



The hostname must meet the following conditions:

- The hostname may only contain the characters 'A'-'Z', '0'-'9', '-' and '.' . There should be no distinction between upper-and lowercase letters.
- The character '.' may only appear as a separator between labels in domain names.
- The sign '-' must not appear as first or last character of a label.



For a correct operation a hostname is required. The field for the hostname **<u>must not</u>** be left blank.



7.3.2.1.2 Default Gateway

Contact your network administrator for details of the standard gateway if not known. If no standard gateway is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

7.3.2.1.3 DNS Server 1 & 2

The IP address of the DNS server should be entered if you wish to use complete hostnames (hostname.domainname) or work with reverse lookup.

Contact your network administrator for details of the DNS server if not known.

If no DNS server is available (special case), enter 0.0.0.0 in the input field or leave the field blank.

7.3.2.2 Network Interface ETH0

Configuration of the Ethernet interface ETH0 of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
]	`			11		
lost Settings		etwork Inte	rface ETH0			
Host/Nameservice		Link Status				
Network Interface		Up				
Routing			ware Address (MAC)		
		00:03:C7:01	:2C:0A			
rotocols			Hardware Addro	ess (MAC)		
rotocols		disabled 👻				
<u>Management</u>		Custom Hard	ware Address (MAC)		
<u>Time</u>						
			ssigned by DHC	P		
		192.168.100	.056			
			k assigned by I	ОНСР		
		255.255.255	.000			
		DHCP				
		enabled 🔻				
		IP-Address				
		192.168.0.1				
		Network Mas				
		255.255.255	.0			
		Operation m				

7.3.2.2.1 Default Hardware Address (MAC)

The factory default MAC address can only be read and cannot be changed by the user. It is assigned once only by *hopf* Elektronik GmbH for each Ethernet interface.

For further information about the MAC address refer to *chapter 2.3.4.1 MAC-Address for ETH0* for the Time Server 8029NTS/M.



hopf Elektronik GmbH MAC addresses begin with **00:03:C7**:xx:xx:xx.



7.3.2.2.2 Customer Hardware Address (MAC)

The MAC address assigned from *hopf* can be changed to any user-defined MAC address. The board identifies itself with the user-defined MAC address to the network. The default hardware address shown in WebGUI remains unchanged.



Double assignment of MAC addresses on the Ethernet referring to customers MAC addresses should be avoided. If the MAC address is not known, please contact your network administrator.

The use of customers MAC address needs to be activated by the function **Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC**) with **enable**.

The customers MAC address has to be entered in hexadecimal form with a colon to separateas described in the below example, e.g. **00:03:c7:55:55:02**



The MAC address assigned by *hopf* can be activated at any time by disabling this function.



There are no MAC multicast addresses allowed!

7.3.2.2.3 DHCP

If DHCP is to be used, activate this with **enabled**.

7.3.2.2.4 IP Address

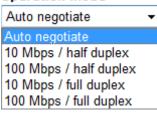
If DHCP is not used, the IP address needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used IP address if not known.

7.3.2.2.5 Network Mask

If DHCP is not used, the network mask needed to be entered here. Contact your network administrator for details of the used network mask if not known.

7.3.2.2.6 Operation Mode

Operation mode



The network device usually adjusts the data stream and duplex mode to the device to which it is connected (e.g. HUB, SWITCH) automatically. If the network device requires a certain speed or duplex mode, this can be configured via the web interface. The value should only be changed in special cases. The automatic setting is normally used.



In individual cases an enabled "Auto negotiate" might lead to problems between the network components and the adjustment process fails.

In such cases it is recommended to set the network speed of the Time Server 8029NTS/M and the connected network components manually to the same value.



7.3.2.3 Routing (Activation Key necessary)

A route must be configured if the module is not only be used in the local sub-network.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm Dev	vice Sync Source	
lost Settings		Current System I	Routing Table		
<u>Host/Nameservi</u> <u>Network Interfa</u> <u>Routing</u>	_	Network/Host 192.168.100.0 default	Network Mask 255.255.255.0 0.0.0.0	Gateway 0.0.0.0 asg-hopf.workgroup.de	Network Interface eth0 eth0
Protocols		User Defined Rou	· _]		

The gateway / gateway host need to be in the local sub-network range of the module in order to use the routes.



WebGUI with Routing activated

				© 2005-201	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm D	evice Sync Source	
Host Settings		Current System	Routing Table		
Host/Nameservic	e l	Network/Host	Network Mask	Gateway	Network Interface
Network Interfac	ce ETHO	192.168.100.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	eth0
<u>Routing</u>		default	0.0.0.0	asg-hopf.workgroup.de	eth0
Protocols		User Defined Ro	utes		
Management					
Time		Network Route	5		
		Add	emove		

The image above shows every configured route of the base system routing table as well as the user's defined routes.



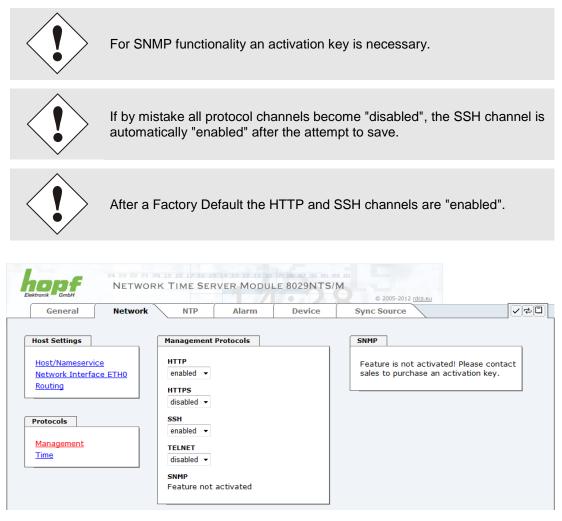
The module cannot be used as a router!



7.3.2.4 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP etc.)

Protocols that are not required should be disabled for security reasons. A correctly configured module is always accessible via the web interface.

Changes to the availability of a protocol (enable/disable) take effect immediately.





These service settings are valid globally! Services with "disabled" status are not externally accessible and are not made externally available by the module!



General Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu Sync Source	
General Network	NIP	Aldi III	Device	Sync Source	∨ !€
Host Settings	Management	Protocols		SNMP	
Host/Nameservice	нттр			System Location	
Network Interface	enabled 🗸				
ETH0	HTTPS			System Contact	
Routing	disabled V				
	SSH			SNMPv2 Read Only Community	
Protocols	enabled 🗸				
	TELNET			SNMPv2 Read Write Community	_
Management Time	disabled V				
	SNMP			SNMPv3 Security Name	
	enabled 🗸				
				SNMPv3 Access Rights	
				Read/Write V	
				SNMPv3 Authentication Protocol	
				MD5 V	
				SNMPv3 Authentication Passphrase	-
				SNMPv3 Privacy Protocol	
				DES 🗸	

WebGUI with Alarming activated

Using SNMP and SNMP- traps the protocol SNMP should be enabled.

All fields must be filled in for a correct operation of SNMP. Contact your network administrator for details of data not known.

7.3.2.4.1 SNMPv2 / SNMPv3 (Activation Key required)

Both protocols SNMPv2 and SNMPv3 are supported and can be configured and enabled independently from each other.

System Location and System Contact are global settings and are valid for both protocols (SNMPv2 / SNMPv3).

In order to disable SNMPv2 both fields **SNMP Read Only Community** and **SNMP Read Write Community** must remain empty.

SNMPv2	SNMPv2 enabled	SNMPv2 disabled
Read Only Community:	set (e.g. public)	empty
Read/Write Community:	set (e.g. secret)	empty

In order to enable SNMPv3 the following fields must be set:

SNMPv3	Description
Security Name:	SNMPv3 is enabled (identical to the username)
Access Rights:	Equivalent to the Read/Write Communities in SNMPv2
Authentication Protocol:	Authentication (MD5 or SHA Hash)
Privacy Protocol:	Encryption (DES or AES Algorithm)

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There are three security levels in SNMPv3 that can be adjusted by the removal of the passphrases:

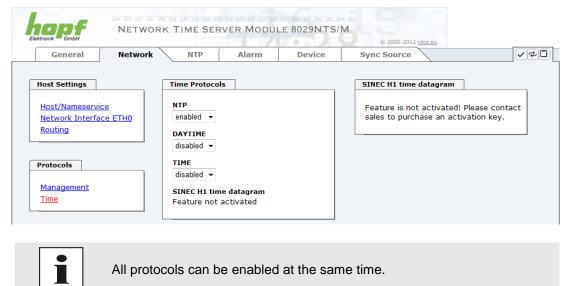
SNMPv3	noAuthNoPriv	authNoPriv	authPriv
Authentication Passphrase:	empty	set	set
Privacy Passphrase:	empty	empty	set



Right now only one user is supported.

7.3.2.5 Time

Activation and configuration of different synchronization protocols



7.3.2.5.1 Synchronization Protocols (Time Protocols – NTP, SNTP etc.)

Needed time protocols can be enabeld here.

- NTP (incl. SNTP) •
- DAYTIME
- TIME
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key necessary) •



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7.3.2.5.2 SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation Key necessary)

Configuration of the SINEC H1 time datagram

tronik 🧮 GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	~ 7
lost Settings		Time Protocols			SINEC H1 time datagram	
<u>Host/Nameservia</u> <u>Network Interfa</u> <u>Routing</u>		NTP enabled ▼ DAYTIME disabled ▼			Send Interval 1 second Timebase UTC	
Protocols		TIME disabled ▼			Destination MAC Address 09:00:06:03:FF:EF ▼	
<u>Management</u> <u>Time</u>		SINEC H1 time	datagram		Minimum Accuracy	

Broadcast transmission intervals of the SINEC H1 time datagram (Send Interval):

- every second
- every 10 second
- every 60 second

Timebase see also Chapter 13.2.1 Time-specific expressions:

- Local time
- UTC
- Standard time
- Standard time with daylight / standard time status

Destination MAC Address:

- 09:00:06:03:FF:EF
- 09:00:06:01:FF:EF
- FF:FF:FF:FF:FF:FF

Synchronization Status based on Starting Transmission (Minimum Accuracy)

This setting defines at which internal accuracy status the SINEC H1 time datagram should be transmitted (see *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles* and *Chapter 11 Technical Data*):

- LOW
- MEDIUM
- HIGH



The setting Minimum Accuracy = LOW may lead to the output of nonsynchronised (thus possibly wrong) time information.

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7.3.3 NTP Tab

This tab shows information and adjustment possiblities of the NTP services of the Time Server 8029NTS/M. The NTP service is the significant main service of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

If you are not familiar with the subject of NTP you can find a short description in the Glossary. More details are also available at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

NTP functionality is provided by an NTP-Demon running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

Depending on the receiving conditions and under unfavourable circumstances it may take several hours until long-term accuracy is obtained (normally 5-10 minutes). During this time the NTP algorithm adjusts the internal accuracy parameters.



The NTP time protocol must be enabled in order to use NTP (see *Chapter 7.3.2.5 Time*)



After all changes relating to NTP a restart of the NTP service must be performed (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 (Restart NTP)*).



Via the NTP protocol SNTP Clients can also be synchronized. In contrast to NTP in SNTP Clients delay times are not evaluated on the network. For this reason the accuracy reached in SNTP Clients is lower than in NTP Clients.

7.3.3.1 System Info

In the window "System Info" the current NTP values of the NTP service running on the embedded Linux of the Time Server 8029NTS/M are indicated. In addition to the NTP calculated values for root delay, root dispersion, jitter, and stability the stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/M, the status to the leap second, and the current system peer are also found here.

The NTP version used adjusts the leap second correctly.



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The Time Server 8029NTS/M works as NTP Server with stratum 1 and belongs to the best available class of NTP server, as it has a reference clock with direct access.

General	Network	NTP Alar	m Device	Sync Source	
NTP Info		System Info			
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u>		System Peer HOPF_S(0)			
Peers		RefID PPS			
Server Configura	tion	Leap Indicator no warning			
Server Configura		Stratum 1			
Extended Config Restart NTP	juration	Root Delay 0.000000 s			
Security		Root Dispersion 0.000351 s			
Access Restricti	ions	Jitter 0.000000 s			
Symmetric Keys Autokey		Stability 0.014755 ppm			

7.3.3.2 Kernel Info

The "Kernel Info" overview shows the current error values of the internal embedded Linux clock. Both values are internally updated every second.

General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
TP Info		Kernel Info			
<u>System Info</u>		Max. Error 0.000747 s			
<u>Kernel Info</u> Peers		Estimated Error 0.000007 s			
erver Configura	tion				
Server Configura Extended Config					
Restart NTP					
ecurity					
Access Restricti					
Symmetric Keys					

This screenshot shows a maximum kernel clock error of 0.747 msec (milliseconds). The estimated error value is 7 μ s (microseconds).

The values indicated here are based on the calculation of the NTP service and have no significance for the accuracy of the adjusted and fed Sync.

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7.3.3.3 Peers

The "Peers summary" is used to track the performance of the configured NTP server/driver and the NTP algorithm itself.

The information displayed is identical with the information available via NTPQ or NTPDC programes.

Each NTP server/driver that has been set up in the NTP server configuration is displayed in the peer information.

The connection status is displayed in the reachability column (not reachable, bad, medium, and reachable).

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync S	ource		
	Network		Alum	Device	- Sync S			
TP Info		Peers						
<u>System Info</u> Sernel Info		Peer * HOPF_S(0	Stratum) 0	Reachability reachable	Delay 0.000000	Offset 0.000012	Dispersion 0.000241	
<u>eers</u>								
erver Configuratio	n							
erver Configurati	on							
xtended Configur	ation							
lestart NTP								
ecurity								
	is l							
Access Restriction	-							
Access Restriction Symmetric Keys								

Three lines can be seen in the above image. The first line displays the **hopf** - refclock ntp driver that gets the time information directly from the Sync Source.

The second and third line display external NTP server that can be additionally added to the internal *hopf* – refclock ntp driver in the menu server configuration.

A short explanation and definition of the displayed values can be found in *Chapter 13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles*.

The character in the first column on the left presents the current status of the NTP association in the NTP selection algorithm. A list and description of possible characters can be found in the Glossary (see *Chapter 13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)*).



7.3.3.4 Server Configuration

The basic settings for NTP base functionality are displayed selecting the "Server Configuration" link.

		19 18 17 16 15 14 13 12 11 18 TIME SERVER MODUL			2
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	Sync Source	2
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers Server Configura Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	General Synchronization source GPS Cog NTP Messages to Syslog disabled	disabled	o specific stratum	Broadcast Broadcast address Authentication None Key ID
Security Access Restricti Symmetric Keys Autokey		Configured NTP servers Add Remove Server Name	Auth	entication	Key ID

The NTP-hopf-refclock driver is already configured as standard (127.127.38.0 in the "Peers Summary") and is not explicitly displayed here.

7.3.3.4.1 Synchronization Source (General / Synchronization source)

As "Synchronization source" either GPS or DCF77, depending on the appropriate Sync Source, has to be selected. This is reuiqred in order to align the NTP algorithm for the calculation of the accuracy with the synchronization source.



Based on the selection of GPS, even though GPS is not the source of the Sync Source (different product option) the value **HIGH** for **Accuracy** may never be reached.

7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)

This option enables or disables Syslog messages which are generated from the NTP service.

This value has no effect if Syslog is not configured in the ALARM tab (see *Chapter 7.3.4.1 Syslog Configuration*).



7.3.3.4.3 Crystal Operation

Crystal Operation / Switch to Specific Stratum

If the Sync Source connected to the module supplies an inadequate or no time information required for the time synchronization of the Module the NTP service of the Time Server 8029NTS/M usually behaves in the way that the receipt of time information is stopped from the Sync Source and the stratum value reset to 16 (defined as invalid in NTP).



NTP Clients do not accept time information from a NTP Time Server with stratum 16 (invalid). Briefly, as long as the Time Server 8029NTS/M indicates the stratum value 16, NTP Clients are not synchronized.

This behaviour of NTP during crystal operation of the Sync Source can be changed. Therefore the function "*Switch to specific stratum*" should be enabled by setting the value to "*enabled*" and the so-called downgrading stratum (= stratum value of the Time Server 8029NTS/M during crystal operation of the Sync Source).

For the sychronization of NTP Clients during crystal operation of the Sync Source or for testing the system without connected synchronization source, in the setting "*enabled*" any stratum value between 1 and 15 can be set.

Crystal Operation / Stratum in Crystal Operation

The value defined here (range 1-15) designates the transmitted fallback NTP stratum level of the module in "*Quartz*" synchronization status. Stratum 1 should be configured if downgrading is not desired in status "Quartz".



The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP.*



Using the option "*Switch to specific stratum*" the NTP Clients are synchronized with time information indicated in the general menu of the WebGUI of the Sync Source during crystal operating. Whether this time information (e.g. through drift) is imprecise or the time is manually set (wrong) cannot be detected by the NTP Client!



In case the value 1 is used for *"Stratum in crystal operation"*, the NTP Client cannot not verify whether the Time Server 8029NTS/M is synchronised or runs in crystal operation. Should a differentiation be wished between synchronized and crystal operation the downgrading stratum needs to be set to a value between 2 and 15.

The value is only adjustable if the "Switch to specific stratum" function is enabled.



7.3.3.4.4 Broadcast / Broadcast Address

This section is used to configure the Time Server 8029NTS/M as a broadcast or multicast server.

The broadcast mode in NTPv3 and NTPv4 is limited to clients on the same sub-network and Ethernets which support broadcast technology.

This technology does not generally extend beyond the first hop (network node - such as router or gateway).

The broadcast mode is provided for configurations which are designed to facilitate one or more servers and as many clients as possible in a sub-network. The server continuously generates broadcast messages at defined intervals, corresponding to 16 seconds (minpoll 4) for Time Server 8029NTS/M. Care should be taken to ensure that the correct broadcast address is used for the sub-network, usually xxx.xxx.255 (e.g. 192.168.1.255). If the broadcast address is not known, this can be requested from the network administrator.

This section can also be used to configure the Time Server 8029NTS/M as a multicast server. The configuration of a multicast server is similar to that of a broadcast server. However, a multicast group address (class D) is used instead of the broadcast address.

An explanation of multicast technology goes beyond the scope of this document.

In principle, a host or router sends a message to an IPv4 multicast group address and expects all hosts and routers to receive this message. In doing so, there is no limit to the number of senders and receivers and a sender may also be a receiver and vice-versa. The IANA has assigned the multicast group address IPv4 224.0.1.1 to the NTP, however this should only be used if the multicast range can be safely limited in order to protect neighbouring networks. As a basic principle, administratively manageable IPv4 group addresses should be used as described in RFC-2365 or GLOP group addresses as described in RFC-2770.

7.3.3.4.5 Broadcast / Authentication / Key ID

Broadcast packets can be protected by authentication for security reasons.

If a security method is selected here, this must be configured <u>additionally</u> in the security settings of the NTP tab. A key must be defined if the Symmetric Key is selected.

7.3.3.4.6 Additional NTP SERVERS

Adding further NTP servers provides the opportunity to implement a security system for the time service. However, this affects the accuracy and stability of the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

Detailed information on this subject can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



7.3.3.5 Extended NTP Configuration

NTP is a standard for synchronising clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. For special applications a NON standard setting can be configured.

		19 18 17 16 15 14 19 12 11 18 TIME SERVER MODUL			
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers Server Configura Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	ELEKTRONIK GMBH BE LIA INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EX WHATSOEVER RELATED TC SETTINGS OFFERED IN TH CONFIGURATION, INCLUD BUSINESS INTERRUPTION, DATA, EVEN IF RDCS INFC ELEKTRONIK GMBH IS/AR DAMAGES. THIS EXCLUSIO	BLE TO ANY PA EMPLARY OR C O OR ARISING F E CURRENT CON ING, WITHOUT LOST SAVINGS RMATIONSTEC E EXPRESSLY A DN AND WAIVEI	TIONSTECHNOLOGIE GMBH AND IRTY FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT ONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES OF AN ROM THE USE OF THE NON-STAN IFIGURATION SECTION EXTENDE LIMITATION, ANY LOST PROFITS OR LOSS OF PROGRAMS OR OTH HNOLOGIE GMBH AND/OR HOPF DVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF R OF LIABILITY APPLIES TO ALL ACT, WARRANTY, TORT, OR ANY (IY TYPE IDARD D HER SUCH CAUSES
			🔲 I ag	ree.	
Security Access Restricti Symmetric Keys		Non-Standard Settings Block Output when Stratum I	Inspecified (def	sult: disabled)	
Autokey		disabled V	JIISPECITIED (DETA	unt: uisabied)	

For activation of this special NTP setting, the customer's approval shown in the WebGUI needed to be declared by checking the field "I agree".

7.3.3.5.1 Suppression of unspecified NTP Outputs

Unspecified NTP outputs that e.g. are generated by NTP at a restart are suppressed when this function is enabled.

7.3.3.6 Restart NTP

The following screen appears after clicking on the Restart NTP option:

NTP Info	Restart NTP
<u>System Info</u> <u>Kernel Info</u> <u>Peers</u>	WARNING! Restarting NTP will decrease accuracy. It can take tens of minutes until NTP reaches high accuracy again. Do you really want to restart NTP?
Server Configuration	Restart now
Server Configuration Extended Configuration Restart NTP	

Restarting NTP services is the only possibility of making NTP changes effective without having to restart the entire Time Server 8029NTS/M. As can be seen from the warning message, the currently reachable stability and accuracy get lost caused by this restart.



After a restart of the NTP service it takes up to 10 minutes until the NTP service on the Time Server 8029NTS/M is completely adjusted.

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7.3.3.7 Configuring the NTP Access Restrictions

One of the extended configuration options for NTP is the "Access Restrictions" (NTP access restictions).

hone		20 19 18 17 16 15 14 13 ORK TIME SERVER 1							
Elektronik GmbH	NETWO	ARK TIME SERVER I	VIODULE 8	0291113/		© 2005-2012 rdcs.e	L.		
General	Network	NTP Alarr	n De	evice	Sync So	ource			✓⇄□
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers		Access Restrictions Default restriction ig default nomodify	jnore kod	noquery	nopeer	noserver	notrap	notrust	version
Server Configural Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	Restrictions Add Remove IP-Address Netma	ask ignore	kod noqu	Jery nope	er noserver	notrap	notrust	version
Security Access Restriction Symmetric Keys Autokey									

Restrictions are used in order to control access to the System's NTP service and these are regrettably the most misunderstood options of the NTP configuration.

If you are not familiar with these options, a detailed explanation can be found at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.



IP addresses should be used when configuring the restrictions – no Hostnames!

The following steps show how restrictions can be configured - should these not be required it is sufficient to retain the standard settings.

The standard restrictions tell the NTP service how to handle packets of hosts (including remote time servers) and sub-network which otherwise have no special restrictions.

The NTP configuration can simplify the selection of the correct standard restrictions while making the required security available.

Before beginning the configuration the points **7.3.3.7.1** to **7.3.3.7.4** must be checked by the user:

7.3.3.7.1 NAT or Firewall

	ning connections to the NTP Service blocked by NAT or a Stateful n Firewall?
No	Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access
Yes	No restrictions are required in this case. Proceed further to <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network</i> <i>Threat Level</i>

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7.3.3.7.2 Blocking Unauthorised Access

	necessary to block all connections from unauthorised hosts if the NTP openly accessible?
No	Proceed to Chapter 7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests
Naa	In this case the following restrictions are to be used: ignore in the default restrictions
Yes	If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exceptions can be declared in separate lines for each authorised server, client or sub-network. See <i>Chapter</i> 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard

7.3.3.7.3 Allowing Client Requests

time infor	s to be allowed to see the server status informatic mation from the NTP service (even if this is inforn system and NTPD version)?	-
	In this case select from the following standard restric See <i>Chapter</i> 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options	ctions:
Na	kod	\checkmark
No	notrap	\checkmark
	nopeer	\checkmark
	noquery.	\checkmark
	In this case select from the following standard restric	ctions:
	See Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options:	
	kod	\checkmark
N	notrap	\checkmark
Yes	nopeer	\checkmark
	If a standard restriction is selected in this area, exc separate lines for each authorised server, client of 7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard.	•

7.3.3.7.4 Internal Client Protection / Local Network Threat Level

How muc	h protection from internal network clien	ts is required?
	The following restrictions can be enabled installed authentication are required in or clients see <i>Chapter 7.3.3.7.6 Access Cont</i>	der to protect the NTP service from the
Yes	kod	\checkmark
	notrap	\checkmark
	nopeer	\checkmark



7.3.3.7.5 Addition of Exceptions to Standard Restrictions

After the standard restrictions have been set once, certain exceptions may be necessary for special hosts/sub-networks in order to allow remote time servers and client hosts/sub-networks to contact the NTP service.

These standard restrictions are to be added in the form of restriction lines.

Access Restrictions	
Default restriction ignore kod noquery nopeer noserver notrap notrust ve default nomodify V V V V V	rsion
Add Remove	
IP-Address Netmask ignore kod noquery nopeer noserver notrap notrust	version
□ 192.168.233.199 □ 255.255.224.0 □	



An unrestricted access of the Time Server 8029NTS/M to its own NTP service is always allowed, irrespective of whether standard restrictions are ignored or not. This is necessary in order to be able to display NTP data on the web interface.

Add restriction exception: (for each remote time server)

Restrictions:	Press ADD
	Enter the IP address of the remote time server.
	Enable restrictions: e.g.
	notrap / nopeer / noquery 🗹
Allow unrestricted acce	ss to a special host (e.g. System administrator's workstation):
Restrictions:	Press ADD
	IP address 192.168.1.101
	Do not enable any restrictions
Allow a sub-network to a	receive time server and query server statistics:
Restrictions:	Press ADD
	IP address 192.168.1.0
	Network mask 255.255.255.0
	notrap / nopeer 🗹



7.3.3.7.6 Access Control Options

The official documentation concerning the current implementation of the restriction instructions can be found on the "Access Control Options" page at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

Numerous access control options are used. The most important of these are described in detail here.

nomodify – "Do not allow this host/sub-network to modify the NTPD settings unless it has the correct key."



Default Settings:

Always active. Can't be modified by the user.

As standard, NTP requires authentication with a symmetric key in order to carry out modifications with NTPDC. If a symmetric key is not configured for the NTP service, or if this is kept in a safe place, it is not necessary to use the nomodify option unless the authentication procedure appears to be unsafe.

noserver – "Do not transmit time to this host/sub-network."

This option is used if a host/sub-network is only allowed access to the NTP service in order to monitor or remotely configure the service.

notrust - "Ignore all NTP packets which are not encrypted."

This option tells the NTP service that all NTP packets which are not encrypted should be ignored (it should be noted that this is a change from ntp-4.1.x). The notrust option MUST NOT be used unless NTP Crypto (e.g. symmetric key or Autokey) has been correctly configured on both sides of the NTP connection (e.g. NTP service and remote time server, NTP service and client).

noquery – "Do not allow this host/sub-network to request the NTP service status."

The ntpd status request function, provided by ntpd/ntpdc, declassifies certain information over the running ntpd Base System (e.g. operating system version, ntpd version) which under certain circumstances ought not to be made known to others. It must be decided whether it is more important to hide this information or to give clients the possibility of seeing synchronization information over ntpd.

ignore - "In this case ALL packets are refused, including ntpq and ntpdc requests".

kod – "A kiss-o'-death (KoD) packet is transmitted if this option is enabled in the case of an access error."

KoD packets are limited. They cannot be transmitted more frequently than once per second. Any KoD packet which occurs within one second from the last packet is removed.

notrap – "Denies support for the mode 6 control message trap service in order to synchronise hosts."

The trap service is a sub-system of the ntpq control message protocols. This service logs remote events in programmes.

version - "Denies packets which do not correspond to the current NTP version."



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter* **7.3.3.6** *Restart NTP*).

7.3.3.8 Symmetric Key

ektronik GmbH		TIME SERVER MODU		© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	Sync Source	✓
NTP Info System Info Kernel Info Peers		Symmetric Keys Request Key Control Key			
Server Configural Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	Symmetric Keys Add Remove Key ID	MD5 Key		
Security Access Restricti Symmetric Keys Autokey					

7.3.3.8.1 Why Authentication?

Most NTP users do not require authentication as the protocol contains several filters (for bad time).

Despite this, however, the use of authentication is common. There are certain reasons for this:

- Time should only be used from safe sources
- An attacker broadcasts false time signals
- An attacker poses as another time server

7.3.3.8.2 How is Authentication used in the NTP Service?

Client and server can execute an authentication whereby a code word is used on the client side and a restriction on the server side.

NTP uses keys to implement the authentication. These keys are used when data are exchanged between two machines.

In principle both sides must know this key. The key can generally be found in the "*.*/etc/ntp.keys" directory. It is unencrypted and hidden from public view. This means that the key has to be distributed on a safe route to all communication partners. The key can be downloaded for distribution under "Downloads / Configuration Files" on the DEVICE tab. It is necessary to be logged in as "Master" in order to access this.

The keyword key of a client's ntp.conf determines the key that is used to communicate with the designated server (e.g. the Time Server 8029NTS/M). The key must be reliable if time is to be synchronised. Authentication causes a delay. This delay is automatically taken into account and adjusted in the current versions.



7.3.3.8.3 How is a key created?

A key is a sequence of up to 31 ASCII characters. Some characters with special significance cannot be used (alphanumeric characters and the following symbols can be used:[]() * - _! $\$ % & / = ?).

A new line can be inserted by pressing the $\boxed{\text{ADD}}$ key. The key which is stored in the key file is entered on this line. The key ID is used to identify the key and is in the range from 1 – 65534. This means that 65534 different keys can be defined.

Duplicate key ID's are not allowed. Having now explained the principles of keys, it should be possible to use a key in practically the same way as a password.

The value of the request key field is used as the password for the ntpdc tool while the value of the control key field is used as the password for the ntpq tool.

More information is available at <u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>.

7.3.3.8.4 How does authentication work?

The basic authentication is a digital signature and no data encryption (if there are any differences between the two). The data packet and the key are used to create a non-reversible number which is attached to the packet.

The receiver (which has the same key) carries out the same calculation and compares the results. Authentication has been successful if the results agree.

7.3.3.9 Autokey

NTPv4 offers a new Autokey scheme based on public key cryptography.

As a basic principle, **public key cryptography** is safer than **symmetric key cryptography** as protection is based on a private value which is generated by each host and is never visible.

General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	0	rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP Alarm	Device	Sync Source		<
NTP Info		Autokey Configuration				
System Info		Autokey Enabled				
Kernel Info		disabled 👻				
Peers		Autokey Password				
		Autokey Password				
Server Configura	tion					
Server Configura	ation	Key Generation			7	
Server Configura Extended Config	ation]	
Server Configura	ation	Key Generation Generate Server Key Generate now]	
Server Configura Extended Config	ation	Generate Server Key Generate now				
Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	Generate Server Key		Durchauchan		
Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation	Generate Server Key Generate now		Durchsuchen		
Server Configura Extended Config	ation uration	Generate Server Key Generate now		Durchsuchen		
Server Configura Extended Config Restart NTP	ation uration	Generate Server Key Generate now Upload Group Key		Durchsuchen		

In order to enable Autokey v2 authentication, the "Autokey Enabled" option must be set to "enabled" and a password specified (may not be blank).



A new server key and certificate can be generated by pressing the "Generate now" button.



Generate now

This should be carried out regularly as these keys are only valid for one year.

If the Time Server 8029NTS/M is to form part of an NTP trust group, a group key can be defined and uploaded with the "Upload now" button.

Detailed information about the NTP Autokey scheme can be found in the NTP documentation (<u>http://www.ntp.org/</u>).



Changes in data do not take effect immediately after clicking on the "Apply" symbol. The NTP service MUST also be restarted (see *Chapter 7.3.3.6 Restart NTP*).

7.3.4 ALARM Tab (Activation Key necessary)

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

ktronik 🧮 GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
Alarm Configurati	on	Syslog Config	uration			
Syslog Configurati		Syslog Loggi enabled 🔻	ng Enabled			
SNMP Configurat	tion	Server Name	-	_		
Alarm Messages]]	Alarm Level				
Alarm Messages			Feature is not act diagnostic purpose			



7.3.4.1 Syslog Configuration

It is necessary to enter the name or IP address of a Syslog server in order to store every configured alarm situation which occurs on the module in a Linux/Unix Syslog. If everything is configured correctly and enabled (depending on the Syslog level), every message is transmitted to the Syslog server and stored in the Syslog file there.

Syslog uses Port 514.

Co-logging in the system itself is not possible as therefore the internal memory is not of sufficient size.

It should be noted that the standard Linux/Unix Syslog mechanism is used for this functionality. This is not the same as the Windows System Event mechanism!

			RVER MODULE			
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
Alarm Configurati	ation	Syslog Config Syslog Loggi enabled Server Name 192.168.100 Alarm Level	ing Enabled			
Alarm Messages		info -				

The alarm level designates the priority level of the messages to be transmitted and the level from which transmission should take place (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm

The NTP service implemented in the system can transmit its own Syslog messages (see *Chapter 7.3.3.4.2 NTP Syslog Messages (General / Log NTP Messages to Syslog)*).



7.3.4.2 E-mail Configuration

			© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP Alarm Device	e Sync Source	< ✓ Ż
Alarm Configura	tion	eMail Configuration]	
Syslog Configu	ation	eMail Notification Enabled		
eMail Configura	<u>tion</u>	disabled 👻		
SNMP Configura	ation	SMTP Server		
Alarm Messages		Sender Address		
Alarin Hessages				
Alarm Message	5			
		eMail Addresses		
		Add Remove		
		eMail Alarm Level		

E-mail notification is one of the important features of this device which offers technical personnel the opportunity to monitor and/or control the IT environment.

It is possible to configure various, independing E-mail addresses which each have different alarm levels.

Dependending on the configured level, an E-mail is sent after an error has occurred on the respective receiver.

A valid E-mail server (SMTP server) must be entered for the purpose of correct configuration.

Some E-mail servers only accept messages if the sender address entered is valid (spam protection). This can be inserted in the "Sender Address" field.

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm



7.3.4.3 SNMP Configuration / TRAP Configuration

It is possible to use an SNMP agent (with MIB) or to configure SNMP traps in order to monitor the module over SNMP.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
arm Configuratio	on [SNMP Configurat	ion			
yslog Configura Mail Configurat	tion	SNMP Traps Ena enabled V	bled			
NMP Configura	tion	Alarm Level				
arm Messages	1	SNMP Traps				
larm Messages		Add Remov	e			
		Host Name		Port Number	Community	
		192.168.1	00.129	162	public	
		192.168.1	00.83	162	public	

SNMP traps are sent to the configured hosts over the network. It should be noted that these are based on UDP and therefore it is not certain that they will reach the configured host!

Several hosts can be configured. However, all have the same alarm level.

The private *hopf* enterprise MIB is also available over the web (see *Chapter 7.3.5.12 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB*).

The Alarm Level designates the priority level of the messages to be sent and determines from which level the message should be sent (see *Chapter 7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages*).

Alarm Level	Transmitted Messages
none	no messages
info	info / warning / error / alarm
warning	warning / error / alarm
error	error / alarm
alarm	alarm



The SNMP protocol must be enabled in order to use SNMP (see *Chapter* 7.3.2.4 *Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP*).



7.3.4.4 Alarm Messages

Every message shown in the image can be configured with the displayed alarm levels. Selection of the level NONE means that this message is completely ignored.

General	Network	NTP Alarm Device	Sync Source		
larm Configurati	ion	Alarm Messages			
<u>Syslog Configura</u> eMail Configurat		Message		Alarm Level	
SNMP Configurat		Accuracy changed		info	•
		Synchronization status has changed		info	•
larm Messages		NTP System peer has changed		info	•
Alarm Messages		NTP Stratum has changed		info	•
Alarm Messages		Firmware update has been performed		info	•
		Leapsecond has been announced - will tak	ke place with the next hour change	info	•
		Reboot by User has been initiated		info	•
		Changes made in the configuration have b	een saved to flash disc	info	-
		Daylight saving time change has been ann hour change	ounced - will take place with the next	info	•
		Daylight saving time indicator has changed	d	none info	
		Sync Source Software Error has changed		warning error alarm)
		Sync Source Hardware Error has changed		info	

Depending on the messages, their configured levels and notifications levels of the E-mails, a corresponding action is carried out if an event occurs.



Modified settings are failsafe stored after Apply and Save only.



7.3.5 DEVICE Tab

All the links within the tab on the left hand side lead to corresponding detailed setting options.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	7
evice		Device Info				
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Image Update H8 Firmware Upi Upload Certificat Customized Sect Banner Product Activatic Diagnostics Master Passwords Device Password Downloads SNMP MIB Configuration Fill	late e nity n	Device Type 8029NTS/M (Device Uptime 55 days 19 h Serial Number 8029011275 Image Version 04.01 (P2) Image Program 25.11.2013	ours 31 minute	5		

This tab provides the basic information about the hardware of Module 8029NTS/M as well as software/firmware. Password administration and the update services for the module are also made accessible via this website. The complete download zone is also a component of this site.

7.3.5.1 Device Information

All information is available exclusively in write-protected and read-only form. Details on the board type, serial number and current software versions are provided to the user for service and enquiry purposes.



7.3.5.2 Hardware Information

Read-only access is provided here in the same way as for device information.

The user requires this information in the case of service requests, e.g. MACH version, hardware status etc.

General	Network	NTP	AI	arm	Device	: 5	Sync Sour	ce		
Device		Hardware Ir	ifo							
Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Image Update H8 Firmware Up Upload Certifica	date	Serial Numb 802901123 H8 Firmwar 01.01 (18. H8 status Normal op H8 uptime 59 days 13	75 e Version 02.2013) eration							
Customized Sec Banner Product Activati Diagnostics		MACH Firmv 41 Bridges 17 Card Layout B		on						
Master Password		Special Prog 0 Network Int 10/100 ME	terface 1	nsing						
Downloads		Product-Cor 02802901	-	00125123	3623A0119	917011400	00004130	00010118	302130041	
SNMP MIB		Current DIP	Switch Se	ttings						
Configuration Fi	les	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	

The display "Current DIP Switch Settings" is not applicable for this device.

7.3.5.3 Restoring the Factory Defaults Settings

In some cases it may be necessary or wished to reset all settings of module 8029NTS/M to factory settings (factory defaults).

evice	Factory Defaults	
<u>Device Info</u>	WARNING!	
<u>lardware Info</u>	RESET to factory defaults is a critical action, all	
actory Defaults	values will be set to default - the device will be	
Custom Defaults	rebootet immediately. Are you sure you want to	
Reboot Device	reset to factory defaults now?	
mage Update		
18 Firmware Update	Reset now	
Jpload Certificate	Reset now	
Customized Security		
anner		
Product Activation		
<u>Diagnostics</u>		

This function serves to reset all values in the flash memory to their factory default values. This also includes passwords (see *Chapter 12 Factory Defaults of Time Server 8029NTS/M*).



Please log in as a "Master" user in accordance with the description in *Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN* and LOGOUT as User

Pressing the "Reset now" button releases setting of the factory default values.

Once this procedure has been triggered there is NO possibility of restoring the deleted configuration.



A **Factory Default** requires a complete check and optionally a new configuration of the Module 8029NTS. In particulary the default MASTER and DEVICE passwords should be reset.

7.3.5.4 Restoring saved Customer Settings (Custom Defaults)

This function allows to save a current configuration as CUSTOM DEFAULTS.

The current configuration is saved. It is irrelevant whether the configuration has already been saved with "SAVE to FLASH" or just activated by "Apply".

Device	Reset to Custom Defaults
Device Info	WARNING!
Hardware Info	RESET to Custom Defaults is a critical action, all
Factory Defaults	values will be reset and the device will be rebootet
Custom Defaults	immediately. Are you sure you want to reset to
Reboot Device	Custom Defaults now?
Image Update	
H8 Firmware Update	Reset to Custom Defaults now
Upload Certificate	
Customized Security	
Banner	
Product Activation	Save Custom Defaults
Diagnostics	
	Save Custom Defaults now

In order to activate a CUSTOM DEFAULTS a configuration has to be saved initially.

Saving is only processed via the button "**Save Custom Defaults now**". A successful saving is confirmed with a text message underneath the button.



If the user saves **no** CUSTOM DEFAULT via the WebGUI, a FACTORY DEFAULT via dthe Reset-(Default) button is triggered instead.

With this function the saved configuration is written back into the flash memory.



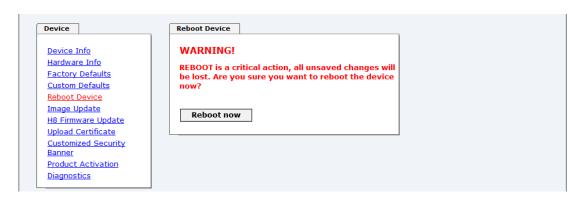
The settings for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither deleted nor restored by the CUSTOM DEFAULTS.



7.3.5.5 Restarting the Module (Reboot Device)



The restart concerns the Module 8029NTS/M only but not the Sync Source.





All settings not saved with "Save" are lost on reboot (see Chapter 7.2.3 Enter or Changing Data).

Moreover the NTP service implemented in the system is restarted. This leads to a renewed alignment phase with the loss of the stability and accuracy reached up to this point.

Log in is carried out as "Master" user in accordance with the description in Chapter 7.2.1 LOGIN and LOGOUT as User.

Press the "Reboot now" button and wait until the restart has been performed.



7.3.5.6 Image Update & H8 Firmware Update

Patches and error recovery are provided for the individual modules by means of updates.

Both the embedded image and the H8 firmware can only be downloaded to the Board via the web interface (login as "Master" user required). See also *Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update*.

The following points should be noted regarding updates:
Only experienced users or trained technical personnel should carry out an update after checking all necessary preconditions.

- Important: Faulty updates or update attempts may under certain circumstances require the Board to be returned to the factory for rectification at the owner's expense.
- Check that the update on hand is suitable for your Board. If in doubt please consult the support of the *hopf* company.
- In order to guarantee a correct update, the "New version of saved site" function must be set to "On each access to the site" in the Internet browser used.
- During the update procedure, the device **must not be switched off** and **settings must not be saved to the flash memory**!
- Updates are always executed as software set. I.e. H8 firmware update + image update. Unless specifically defined otherwise in the SET, it is absolutely essential to complete the H8 firmware update first, followed by the image update.
- For the Update please pay attention to the points in *Chapter 4.4 Firmware Update*.

In order to carry out an update, enter the name and the folder in which the update / firmware image is located in the text field or open the file selection dialogue by pressing the "Browse" button.

Correct firmware and image designations are (e.g.):

H8-8029NTS-M_v0100_128.mot	for the H8 firmware (update takes approx. 1-1.5 minutes)
upgrade_8029gen_v0300. img	for the embedded image (update takes approx. 2-3 minutes)

The update process is started by pressing the "**Update now**" button. The update is installed if the transfer and checksum test are successful. A success page is displayed and shows the number of bytes that have been transferred and installed.

Device	H8 Firmware Update
Device Info	WARNING!
<u>Hardware Info</u> Factory Defaults Custom Defaults	H8 FIRMWARE UPDATE is a critical action. Please ensure not to switch off power during upload! Device will be rebootet automatically after update!
<u>Reboot Device</u> <u>Image Update</u> <u>H8 Firmware Update</u>	Update file: Durchsuchen
Upload Certificate Customized Security Banner Draduct Activation	Upload now
Product Activation Diagnostics	



A restart of the Board with the new Firmware is done automatically after the H8-Firmware update.

The procedure for the **Image update** differs only in how the module is restarted.

Device	Image Update	
Device Info	WARNING!	
<u>Hardware Info</u> Factory Defaults	IMAGE UPDATE is a critical action. Please ensure not to switch off power during update!	
Custom Defaults Reboot Device	Update file: Durchsuchen	
Image Update H8 Firmware Update		
<u>Upload Certificate</u> <u>Customized Security</u> Banner	Update now	
Product Activation Diagnostics		

After the image-update the WebGUI displays a window to confirm the restart (reboot) of the board.

7.3.5.7 Upload of User SSL-Server-Certificate (Upload Certificate)

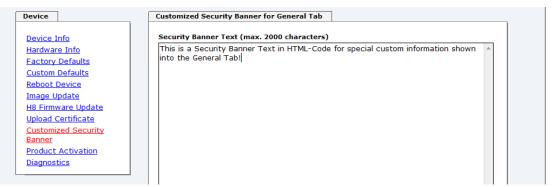
This offers the possibility to encrypt the https connections to the module with a user-provided SSL server certificate.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync S	ource	
evice		Upload Certi	ficate				
Device Info Hardware Info Eactory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Image Update			Certificate is a	a critical action. g upload and re		ipload!	
H8 Firmware Upd Upload Certificat Customized Secu Banner Product Activatio Diagnostics	<u>e</u> Irity	Upload	now				
asswords							
Master Password Device Password							
ownloads							
SNMP MIB							



7.3.5.8 Customized Security Banner

Special security information displayed in the General tab can be entered here by the user.



The security information can be written as 'unformatted' text as well as in HTML format. There are 2000 characters available to write failsafe into the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

GmbH					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
neral I	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
	Network	NIP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
stomized Secur	ity Banner	1				
tomized Secur	ity Banner					

After a successful storage the "Customized Security Banner" with the saved security information is displayed in the General-Tab.

To delete the "Customized Security Banner" the inserted text must be deleted and saved again.

7.3.5.9 Product Activation by means of Activation Keys

For the activation of optional functions, e.g "alarming" or "SINEC H1 time datagram", a special activation key is required for which an order with the *hopf* Elektronik GmbH can be placed. Each activation key is related to a special board with an appropriate serial number and cannot be used for several boards.



For a subsequent order of an activation key the serial number of the Module 8029NTS/M needs to be provided. The serial number can be found under the tab DEVICE – Device info (serial number 8029...).



The settings for activation keys (e.g. an entered activation key) are neither deleted nor restored via the functions FACTORY DEFAULTS and CUSTOM DEFAULTS.

NTP Time Server Module with LAN Interface 8029NTS/M - V04.00



General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	S	ync Source	✓ ₹
vice		Overview					
evice Info		Feature			Status	Activation Key	
ardware Info		SINEC H1 tin	ne datagram		Inactive	N/A	
actory Defaults Jstom Defaults	-	User defined	network routes		Inactive	N/A	
<u>istom Defaults</u> aboot Device		Alarming and	I management fea	atures	Inactive	N/A	
nage Update		Compound k	ey for all support	ed features	Active	XFULZ-RDKRA-RF2DB-A2AF1-TXCB5-R	ξ.
<u>B Firmware Upo</u>			,				
pload Certificat ustomized Seci	_						
anner		Activate Feat	ure				
roduct Activati	on	Insert Activa	tion Koy				
iagnostics		Insert Activa	luon key				
sswords							
actor Dagwor		Key Reset					
<u>aster Password</u> evice Password	-						
		WARNING	j]				
wnloads						nore after reset. If you want to the activation keys again.	

Overview

Full listening of all optional functions with the current activation status and stored activation key

Activate Feature

Input field to enter a new activation key. After entering the feature is activated by pressing the \square Apply button.

If the activation was successful the new feature is listed in the overview with status "Active" and can be used immediately.

Key Reset

Clears all activation keys and sets all optional features to status "Inactive". All other non-optinal features are still available after performing the key reset. If an optional feature is enabled again, the last stored configuration for this feature is restored.



7.3.5.10 Diagnostics Function

It "status messages" is enabled the output is processed as SYSLOG message. This function should only be used/enabled in case a problem arises and after consulting the *hopf* support.

General	Network	NTD		Device	© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	✓ 7
Device		Real Time Di	agnostics			
Device Info		Status Mess	ages			
<u>Hardware Info</u>		enabled 👻				
Factory Defaults						
Custom Defaults						
<u>Reboot Device</u> Image Update		Hardware Lo	g			
H8 Firmware Up	late	Download H				
Upload Certifica	te		here to downloa	ad		
Customized Sec	urity					
Banner Product Activati	on	Refre	sh Hardware L	og		
Diagnostics	-					
Passwords						
Master Passwor						
Device Password						
Downloads						
SNMP MIB						
Configuration Fil						

7.3.5.11 Passwords (Master/Device)

Differentiation is made between upper and lower case characters in passwords. In principle, all alphanumeric characters and the following symbols are allowed in passwords:

[]()*-_!\$%&/=?

Device	Change Device Password
Device Info Hardware Info Eactory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device Image Update	Current password Current password (min. 6 characters) Confirm new password
H8 Firmware Update Upload Certificate Customized Security Banner Product Activation	
<u>Diagnostics</u> Passwords	
Master Password Device Password	



7.3.5.12 Downloading Configuration Files / SNMP MIB

In order to be able to download certain configuration files via the web interface, it is necessary to be logged on as a **"master"** user.

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Sou	rce	
evice		Configuration	Files				
<u>Device Info</u> Hardware Info			P-Configuration ere to downloa				
Factory Defaults Custom Defaults Reboot Device		Download NT	P-Keyfile ere to downloa	<u>d</u>			
Image Update H8 Firmware Upd		Download NTP Group-Key (IFF) Image: Click here to download					
Jpload Certificat Customized Secu Banner	urity	System Confi	guration]		
Product Activati Diagnostics	on	Download Sy	stem Configura				
asswords			esh System C		_		



The loaded file **System Configuration** from the module is only used for support purposes and cannot be reloaded for adjusting the settings in the Time Server 8029NTS/M.



For the download of the file **System Configuration** the following process is mandatory:

- 1. Pressing the button SAVE
- 2. Pressing the button Refresch System Configuration
- 3. Perform the download of the file

The "private *hopf* enterprise MIB" is also available via the WebGUI in this area.

Eke	ktronik GmbH				09 08 07 06 05 04 LE 8029NTS/N		
	General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	20
	Device Info Hardware Info Factory Defaults Custom Defaults			pf8029NTS/M M ere to download			



7.3.6 SYNC SOURCE Tab

The complete display and parameterization of the synchronization of the module by the respectively fed Sync Source takes place in this tab.

The modified values in the tab SYNC SOURCE are directly adopted by pressing the button 1 and failsafe stored. This behaviour is indicated on the modified display of the Apply button. The buttons 2 and 3 are without function in the tab SYNC SOURCE and are not required.

123		
Apply ch source.	anges. Values are sent directly to the sync	



After the data transfer it can take up to 30 seconds until the modified data are modul-internally reapplied for the WebGUI indication.



Generally it is recommended to activate the function **Reset Time Evaluation** after peforming modifications of the Sync Source settings (e.g. using the module in a stand-alone converter). This ensures that the modul-internal time information is really provided by the reset Sync Source.



7.3.6.1 Time and Status

General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	
Time and Status		Current Syn	Source Time			
Time and Status		D	ATE	TIME		
				12:40:52	STD	
		UTC 14	4.02.2013	11:40:52		
Sync Source Para	meters					
Select Sync Sou	urce					
SyncON / SyncO		Announcem	ents			
Reset Time Eval	uation					
		LEAP SEC	COND	STD ⇔ DST		
Sync Source Erro	rs	📃 Inac	tive	Inactive		
Sync Source Err	rors					
					<u> </u>	
		Sync Source	Status			
			SYNC)			

Current Sync Source Time

This area indicates the curent time and date of the Sync Source. Both the local and UTC time are displayed.



In theory, depending on the synchronization status of the Sync Source, the time displayed here can differ from the NTP time since two independent time systems are involved.

Announcements

The display fields LEAP SECOND and STD ⇔ DST announce a corrosponding event to the next hour (insertion of a leap-second or rather switch-over of summer/winter time).

Sync Source Status

Display of the actual status of synchronization of the Sync Source with these possible values:

SYNC	Time synchronized + Quartz regulation started/running
SYOF	Time synchronized + SyncOFF running
SYSI	Time synchronized as simulation mode (without actual GPS reception)
QUON	Quartz/Crystal time + SyncON running
QUEX	Quartz/Crystal time (in freewheel after synchronization failure ⇔ Board was already synchronized)
QUSE	Quartz/Crystal time after reset or manual setting
INVA	Invalid time



7.3.6.2 Select Sync Source Time



The Module 8029NTS/M can be synchronized by different time information. Using these modules in *hopf* basis systems the necessary settings are performed by default.

Using the module in converter units the settings may be required by the customer.

This selection determines what kind of time information should be evaluated by the module.

Currently *hopf* specific time formats as well as the DCF77 pulse (1Hz) with local time are available for the synchronization.



There is no synchronization of the Module and also no generation of the signal for the output in case of an incorrect setting.



7.3.6.2.1 Difference Time (Time Zone Offset to UTC)

The input of the difference time (Time Zone Offset to UTC) by the user is only necessary for Sync Source time information that donot include the current difference time.

It is currently required for the synchronization by DCF77 pulse with local time.



The difference time to be entered <u>always</u> relates to **UTC** to **local time stadnard time (winter time)** although commissioning ort he input of difference time takes place during summer time.



If the respectively set Sync Source supplies the current difference time with its time information the user's entered values are automatically overwritten with the information of the Sync Source after a successful synchronization.

Select Sync Source SyncON / SyncOFE Reset Time Evaluation	Time Zone Offset to UTC Offset Hours
Sync Source Errors	1 Offset Minutes
Sync Source Errors	0 Direction east (+) •
	This values will be set automatically if the Sync Source Signal contains Information for the Time Zone Offset

Offset Hours Time Zone Offset input of the full h	our (0-13)
---	------------

• Offset Minutes Time Zone Offset input of minutes (0-59)

Example:

Time Offset for Germany	\Rightarrow East, 1 hour and 0 minutes (+ 01:00)
Time Offset for Peru	\Rightarrow West, 5 hours and 0 minutes (- 05:00)

Direction relating to Prime Meridian – Direction of the Difference Ttime

Entering the direction the local time deviates from world time:

'East' corresponds to east,

'West' corresponds to west of the Prime-Meridian (Greenwich)

7.3.6.3 SyncON / SyncOFF Timer

					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	Q
	_					
ime and Status		SyncON / Syr	cOFF Timer			
Time and Status	5	SyncON time	er (0-30 min)	Current	SyncON timer value	
		0		0		
		SyncOFF tim	ner (2-1440 min)	Current	SyncOFF timer value	
Sync Source Para	imeters	2		0		
Select Sync Sou						
SyncON / SyncO		Please note: 0	urrent Sync Timer	values are not refr	eshed automatically!	
<u>Reset Time Eval</u>	uation		-			
Sync Source Erro	rs					
Sync Source Err	rors					

SyncON Timer

The SyncON timer is used to delay the sync-status "SYNC" by the set time although the module is already synchronous.

This function is enabled when adjustment processes should be terminated as defined before the sync status is "SYNC".

This function is not required for this module and should always be set to 0.

SyncOFF Timer

This value is used to provide reception failure bypassing resulting from the Sync Source. This timer shall allow an error-message free operation even if there are temporary problems with the Sync Source.

In the event of a reception failure of the Sync Soure, the re-synchronization of the Sync Source to **quartz** status is delayed by the set value. The module continues to run in synchronization status on the internally regulated, highly accurate quartz base during this period.

This timer is of special significance when certain system outputs are linked to a specific system status.

The Timer can be set from 2min. to 1440min.

Current Timer values

In case of an active Timer the appropriate value of the timer is displayed here.



7.3.6.4 Reset Time Evaluation

					© 2005-2012 rdcs.eu	
General	Network	NTP	Alarm	Device	Sync Source	ب
	7					
Time and Status	L	Reset Time Ev	valuation			
Time and Status		WARNING	SI.			
Time and Status						
				ime evaluation	can lead to	
Sync Source Paran	neters	decreased	accuracy!			
Sync Source Paran	neters	decreased	accuracy!			
Sync Source Paran		decreased a				
-	r <u>ce</u>					
Select Sync Sour	r <u>ce</u> FE					
<u>Select Sync Sour</u> SyncON / SyncOl	r <u>ce</u> FE					
<u>Select Sync Sour</u> SyncON / SyncOl	r <u>ce</u> FE					

This function "Reset Time Evaluation" allows a setting back of the total internal evaluation of the module fed time information including any announcements for the summer/winter time switchover or rather insertion of a lump second.



The NTP service has its own and independent time. After processing this function, hence the NTP service receives time information unless the module-internal time basis has successfully been re-synchronized.



7.3.6.5 Sync Source Errors

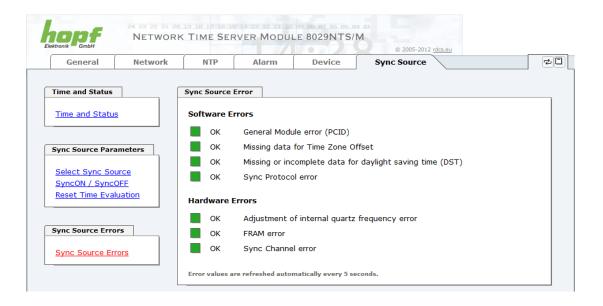
This tab indicates the current failure status of the Sync Source or rather the components involved in the evaluation of the signals of the Sync Source.

1	
---	--

Sync Source describes in this module the supplied time information to the module as well as the modul-internal evaluation up to the successful synchronization of the modul-internal time basis.

•

If collected error messages are displayed in the tab GENERAL (Sync Source Error) there is at least one error.



This page is updated automatically every 5 seconds.



Overview Software Errors

General Module error (PCID) •

If this error occurs even after a Power reset, the device is damaged.

Missing data for Time Zone Offset

Difference time (Time Zone Offset) shall be, where necessary, initially set by the user.

Missing or incomplete data for daylight saving time (DST) •

The switchover times for summer/winter time shall be, where necessary, initially set / disabled by the user.

Sync Protocol error •

The protocol being read or rather the time information of the Sync Source can neither be evaluated nor used.

Overview Hardware Errors

Adjustment of internal quartz frequency error •

Problems with the internal quartz regulation of the Module 8029NTS/M have been occured. So the specified accuracy of the Sync Source cannot be guaranteed anymore.

FRAM error .

If this error occurs even after a voltage reset, the support team of company hopf needs to be contacted for further actions.

Sync Channel error

No singal is detected on the module-internal inputs for the the time information.



7.3.6.5.1 Sync Protocol error

The protocol being read or rather the time information of the Sync Source can neither be evaluated nor used.

By default the "Sync Protocol error " is always set after a system reset. After start of the module the failure is set or rather be cancelled according to the received Sync Source protocol. This error is separately operated for each time format of the respective Sync Source. All used time protocols of the respective Sync Source may cause the setting of this failure.

Below the behaviour of the quality counter and the single formats of the Sync Source are described:



The respective quality counter evaluates the protocol of the time information received **every second** according to the following scheme:

Value range of the quality counter: 0-60

Quality counter +1 Quality counter -5 ⇔	all verifications are POSITIVE at least one verification is NEGATIVE			
After a system reset: Initial value of the quality Value of the quality coun	counter = 0 ter = 0-30 ⇔ Error "Sync Protocol error"			
If the quality counter has been >30 one time during operation: Quality counter = 0 Quality counter ≠ 0				

Sync Source with Output of SERIAL STRING and PPS

Serial String (Interval = every second or minute)

The internal string is controlled once per second or minute for:

- Plausibility of the strings structure
- Plausibility of the time information

If all the criteria of the string are met, the quality counter is raised; at least one not met criteria leads to a count down of the counter.



The protocols per minute **<u>do not use a quality counter</u>**. Here the error can be set or cancelled every minute depending on the result of the verification.

PPS (Interval = every second)

The PPS is controlled once per second for:

- The reception cycle is within 1000msec ±10msec
- Max. deviation of the pulse width ±40msec
- Pulse width max. 800msec

If all the criteria of the string are met, the quality counter is raised; at least one not met criteria leads to a count down of the counter.



Sync Source with Output of SERIAL STRING

Serial String (Interval = every second or minute)

The internalserial string is controlled once per second for:

- Plausibility of the strings structure
- Plausibility of the time information

If all the criteria of the string are met, the quality counter is raised; at least one not met criteria leads to a count down of the counter.



Protocols per minute <u>do not use a quality counter</u>. Here the error can be set or cancelled every minute depending on the result of the verification.

Sync Source with Output of DCF77 Pulse

DCF77 pulse (Interval = every minute)

The DCF77 time telegram is controlled once per minute for:

- Plausibility of the strings structure
- Plausibility of the time information
- Plausibility of pulse length
 - \circ DCF77 pulse low = 100msec. \pm 20msec.
 - \circ DCF77 pulse high = 200msec. \pm 20msec.



Protocols per minute <u>do not use a quality counter</u>. Here the error can be set or cancelled very minute depending on the result of the verification.

7.3.6.5.2 Sync Channel error

On the input of the adjusted Sync Source no signal nor activity is detected.

By default the error "Sync Channel" is <u>not</u> set after a System reset. After system start the error is set or rather be cancelled according to the activity on the signal input. This error is separately operated for each signal input. All used signal inputs of the respective Sync Source may cause the setting of a failure independently.

Based on no activity on a used signal input, the error "Sync Channel" is set at the end of the signal input - **Time OUT**. Each detected activity on this signal input sets the signal input! - TimeOUT and thus resets the error.

Sync Source	Signal Input	Signal Input - TimeOUT
Serial String with PPS	Serial String	181 seconds
	PPS	61 seconds
Serial String	Serial String	181 seconds
DCF77 pulse	DCF77 Pulse	25 seconds



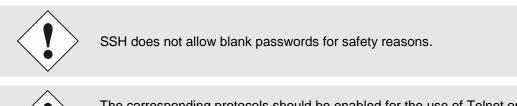
8 SSH and Telnet Basic Configuration



Only basic configuration is possible via SSH or Telnet. The complete configuration of the Time Server 8029NTS/M takes place exclusively via the WebGUI.

It is just as easy to use SSH (Port 22) or Telnet (Port 23) as the WebGUI. Both protocols use the same user interface and menu structure.

The user names and passwords are the same as on the WebGUI and are kept in alignment (see *Chapter 7.3.5.11 Passwords (Master/Device)*).





The corresponding protocols should be enabled for the use of Telnet or SSH (see *Chapter 7.3.2.4 Management (Management-Protocols – HTTP, SNMP)*).

```
- 0
🛃 192.168.100.51 - PuTTY
login as: master
master@192.168.100.51's password:
     Ν
        N TTTTTTT SSSSS
     NN N T S S
     N N N
               Т
                    S
     N N N
                     SSSSS
               Т
                  S S
     N
        NN
               Т
     N
        N
             т
                     SSSSS
     hopf 8029 NTS BOARD (c) 2006 - 2012
     Press Enter to continue
Main Menu
 1 ... General
 2 ... Network
 3 ... Alarm
  4 ... NTP
 5 ... Device Info
 0 ... Exit
 Choose a Number =>
```

The navigation through the menu takes place by entering the respective number associated with the menu option (as can be seen in the above image).

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9 Support from the *hopf* Company

Should the System show an undefined operating state or other error conditions arise, please contact the Support at *hopf* Elektronik GmbH with an exact description of the fault and the following information:

- If a WebGUI access is possible, download the according configuration files in the tab "DEVICE" and e-mail those to *hopf*
- If an access to the device is not possible please note the serial number of the system
- Occurrence of the error: During commissioning or operation
- Exact error description

Please write to the following E-mail address with the above information:

support@hopf.com



Providing a detailed description of the error and the information listed above avoids the need for additional clarification and leads to faster processing by our Support team.

10 Maintenance

The Time Server 8029NTS/M is generally maintenance-free.



11 Technical Data



The company *hopf* reserves the right to hardware and software alterations at any time.

General	
Operation	via WebGUI
Installation Position	any position
Protection Type of Module	IP00
Dimensions of Module	Multi-layer board 80mm x 60mm
Power Supply	5V DC ± 5% (via internal plug-in connectors)
Power Consumption	Type 230mA / max. 300mA
MTBF	> 1,250,000h
Weight	Approx. 0.1kg

Temperature Range	
Operation	0°C to +50°C
Storage	-20°C to +75°C
Humidity	max. 90%, non condensing

LAN	
Network Connection	Via a LAN cable with RJ45 connector, male (recommended cable type CAT5 or better)
Network Interface ETH0	10/100 Base-T
Ethernet Compatibility	Version 2.0 / IEEE 802.3
Osolation Voltage (Network- to system side)	1500 Vrms

CE compliant to EMC Directive 89/336/EC and Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EC		
Safety /	DIN EN 60950-1:2001	
Low Voltage Directive	+ A11 + Corrigendum	
EN 61000-6-4		
EMC (Electromagnetic Compatibility) / Interference Immunity	EN 610000-4-2 /-3/-4/-5/-6/-11	
EN 61000-6-2	EN 61000-3-2 /-3	
Radio Interference Voltage EN 55022	EN 55022 Klasse B	
Radio Interference Emission EN 55022	EN 55022 Klasse B	



GPS-System - Accuracy		
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.2ppm	HIGH
Lambda < 15ms	Stability >= 0.2ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 1ms	HIGH
Lambda < 15ms	Stability > 2ppm or Offset >= 1ms	MEDIUM
DCF77-System - Accuracy		
Lambda < 15ms	Stability < 0.6ppm	HIGH
Lambda < 15ms	Stability >= 0.6ppm and <= 2ppm, Offset < 2ms	HIGH
Lambda < 15ms	Stability > 2ppm or Offset >= 2ms	MEDIUM

Time Protocols

- NTPv4 Server
- NTP Broadcast Mode
- NTP Multicast Mode
- NTP Client for additional NTP Servers (Redundancy)
- SNTP Server
- NTP Symmetric Key Encryption
- NTP Autokey Encryption
- NTP Access Restrictions
- PPS Time Source
- RFC-867 DAYTIME Server
- RFC-868 TIME Server
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key required)

TCP/IP Network Protocols

- HTTP/ HTTPS
- DHCP
- Telnet
- SSH
- SNMP (Activation Key required)
- NTP (incl. SNTP)
- SINEC H1 time datagram (Activation key required)

Configuration Channels

- HTTP/HTTPS-WebGUI (Browser Based)
- Telnet
- SSH
- hmc Network Configuration Assistent



12 Factory Defaults of Time Server 8029NTS/M

This chapter lists the factory default values of the individual components integrated in the Time Server 8029NTS/M.

The default delivery status of the Time Server 8029NTS/M meets the factory default values when using GPS synchronization sources. In case of synchronization of the module by DCF77 based time information the function "NTP / General / Sync Source" is factrory-set to "DCF77" on delivery.



Using the board in DCF77 sytems (different product variant) the setting for **NTP / General / Sync Source**" needs to be re-configured to "**DCF77**" after a factory default.

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	DCF77	DCF77

12.1.1 Network

Host/Name Service	Setting	WebGUI
Hostname	hopf8029nts-m	hopf8029nts-m
Default Gateway	Blank	
DNS 1	Blank	
DNS 2	Blank	
Network Interface ETH0	Setting	WebGUI
Use Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Disabled	Disabled
Custom Hardware Address (MAC)	Blank	
DHCP	Disbabled	Disabled
IP	192.168.0.1	192.168.0.1
Netmask	255.255.255.0	255.255.255.0
Operation mode	Auto negotiate	Auto negotiate
Routing	Setting	WebGUI
User Defined Routes	Blank	
Management	Setting	WebGUI
HTTP	Enabled	Enabled
HTTPS	Disabled	Disabled
SSH	Enabled	Enabled
TELNET	Disabled	Disabled
SNMP	Disabled	Disabled
System Location	Blank	
System Contact	Blank	
Read Only Community	Blank	
Read/Write Community	Blank	
Security Name	Blank	
Access Rights	Read/Write	Read/Write
Authentication Protocol	MD5	MD5
Authentication Passphrase	Blank	
Privacy Protocol	DES	DES
Privacy Passphrase	Blank	
Read/Write Community	Blank	

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 Nottebohmstr. 41 • D-58511 Lüdenscheid • Tel.: +49 (0)2351 9386-83 • Internet: http://www.hopf.com • E-Mail: info@hopf.com



Time	Setting	WebGUI
NTP	Enabled	Enabled
DAYTIME	Disabled	Disabled
TIME	Disabled	Disabled
SINEC H1 time datagram	Setting	WebGUI
Send Interval	Every second	1 second
Timebase	UTC	UTC
Destination MAC Address	09:00:06:03:FF:EF	09:00:06:03:FF:EF
Minimum Accuracy	LOW	LOW

12.1.2 NTP

NTP Server Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Sync Source	GPS	GPS
NTP to Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Switch to specific stratum	Disabled	Disabled
Stratum in crystal operation	Blank	
Broadcast address	Blank	
Authentication	Disabled	None
Key ID	Blank	
Additional NTP Servers	Blank	
NTP Extended Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Limitation of Liability	Blank	
Block Output when Stratum Unspecified	Disabled	Disabled
NTP Access Restrictions	Setting	WebGUI
Access Restrictions		Default nomodify
NTP Symmetric Keys	Setting	WebGUI
Request Key	Blank	
Control Key	Blank	
Symmetric Keys	Blank	
NTP Autokey	Setting	WebGUI
Autokey	Disabled	Disabled
Password	Blank	

12.1.3 ALARM

Syslog Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
Syslog	Disabled	Disabled
Server Name	Blank	
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
E-mail Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
E-mail Notifications	Disabled	Disabled
SMTP Server	Blank	
Sender Address	Blank	
E-mail Addresses	Blank	
SNMP Traps Configuration	Setting	WebGUI
SNMP Traps	Disabled	Disabled
Alarm Level	Disabled	None
SNMP Trap Receivers	Blank	
Alarm Messages	Setting	WebGUI
Alarms	All disabled	All none

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12.1.4 DEVICE

User Passwords	Settings	WebGUI
Master Password	master	
Device Password	device	
Diagnostic	Settings	WebGUI
Real Time Diagnostics	Disabled	Disabled
Product Activation	Settings	WebGUI
Activate Feature	No changes	No changes

12.1.5 Sync Source

All Sync Source settings shall not be affected by a factory- and custom-default.

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13 Glossary and Abbreviations

13.1 NTP-specific Terminology

Stability	The average frequency stability of the clock system.
Accuracy	Specifies the accuracy in comparison to other clocks.
Precision of a clock	Specifies how precisely the stability and accuracy of a clock system can be maintained.
Offset	This value represents the time difference between two clocks. It is the offset by which the local time would have to be adjusted in order to keep it congruent with the reference clock.
Clock skew	The frequency difference between two clocks (first derivative of offset over time).
Drift	Real clocks vary in frequency difference (second derivative of offset over time). This variation is known as drift.
Roundtrip delay	Roundtrip delay of an NTP message to the reference and back.
Dispersion	Represents the maximum error of the local clock relative to the reference clock.
Jitter	The estimated time error of the system clock measured as the average exponential value of the time offset.

13.2 Tally Codes (NTP-specific)

space	reject	Rejected peer – either the peer is not reachable or its synchronization distance is too great.
x	falsetick	The peer was picked out by the NTP intersection algorithm as a false time supplier.
	excess	The peer was picked out by the NTP sort algorithm as a weak time supplier on the basis of synchronization distance (concerns the first 10 peers).
-	outlyer	The peer was picked out by the NTP clustering algorithm as an outlyer.
+	candidate	The peer was selected as a candidate for the NTP combining algorithm.
#	selected	The peer is of good quality but not among the first six peers selected by the sort algorithm on the basis of synchronization distance.
*	sys.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System.
0	pps.peer	The peer was selected as a system peer. Its characteristics are transferred to the Base System. The current synchronization is derived from a PPS (pulse-per-second) signal either indirectly via PPS reference clock driver or directly via kernel interface.

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13.2.1 Time-specific expressions

UTC	UTC Time (Universal Time Coordinated) was depending on the Greenwich Mean Time (GMT) definition of the zero meridian. While GMT follows astrological calculations, UTC is based on the stability and accuracy of the Caesium standard. The leap second was defined in order to cover this deviation.
Time Zone	The globe was originally divided into 24 longitudinal segments or time zones. Today, however, there are a number of time zones which in part apply specifically to certain individual countries only.
	In relation to the time zones, consideration was given to the fact that local daylight and sunlight coincide at different times in the individual time zones.
	The zero meridian runs through the British city of Greenwich.
Time Offset	This is the difference between UTC and the valid standard time of the current time zone. The Time Offset will be commit from the local time zone.
Local Standard Time	Standard Time = UTC + Time Offset
(winter time)	The time offset is defined by the local time zone and the local political regulations.
Daylight Saving Time	Offset of Daylight Saving Time = + 1h
(summer time)	Daylight Saving Time was introduced to reduce the energy requirement in some countries. In this case one hour is added to the standard time during the summer months.
Local Time	Local Time = Standard Time if exists with summer / winter time changeover
Leap Second	A leap second is a second which is added to the official time (UTC) in order to synchronise this with Greenwich Mean Time when required. Leap seconds are defined internationally by the International Earth Rotation and Reference Systems Service (IERS).

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13.3 Abbreviations

D, DST	Daylight Saving Time
ETH0	Ethernet Interface 0
ETH1	Ethernet Interface 1
FW	Firmware
GPS	Global Positioning System
HW	Hardware
IF	Interface
IP	Internet Protocol
LAN	Local Area Network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
NTP	Network Time Protocol
NE	Network Element
OEM	Original Equipment Manufacturer
OS	Operating System
RFC	Request for Comments
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol (handled by more than 60 RFCs)
SNTP	Simple Network Time Protocol
S, STD	Standard Time
ТСР	Transmission Control Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
ToD	Time of Day
UDP	User Datagram Protocol http://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/User_Datagram_Protocol
UTC	Universal Time Coordinated
WAN	Wide Area Network
msec	millisecond (10 ⁻³ seconds)
µsec	microsecond (10 ⁻⁶ seconds)
ppm	parts per million (10 ⁻⁶)



13.4 Definitions

An explanation of the terms used in this document.

13.4.1 DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

DHCP makes it possible to integrate a new computer into an existing network with no additional configuration. It is only necessary to set the automatic reference of the IP address on the client. Without DHCP, relatively complex settings need to be made. Beside the IP address, further parameters such as network mask, gateway and DNS server have to be entered. A DHCP server can assign these parameters automatically by DHCP when starting a new computer (DHCP client).

DHCP is an extension of the BOOTP protocol. A valid IP address is allocated automatically if a DHCP server is available on the network and DHCP is enabled.



See RFC 2131 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for further information.

13.4.2 NTP (Network Time Protocol)

Network Time Protocol (NTP) is a standard for the synchronization of clocks in computer systems via packet-based communication networks. Although it is processed mainly over UDP, it can also be transported by other layer 4 protocols such as TCP. It was specially developed to facilitate reliable timing via networks with variable packet runtime.

NTP uses the Marzullo algorithm (devised by Keith Marzullo of the San Diego University in his dissertation) with a UTC timescale and supports leap seconds from Version 4.0. NTP. It is one of the oldest TCP/IP protocols still in use. It was developed by David Mills of the University of Delaware and published in 1985. The protocol and UNIX implementation continue to be developed under his direction. Version 4 is the up to date version of the protocol. This uses UDP Port 123.

NTPv4 can maintain the local time of a system to an accuracy of some 10 milliseconds via the public Internet. Accuracies of 500 microseconds and better are possible under ideal conditions on local networks.

With a sufficiently stable, local clock generator (oven-stabilised quartz, rubidium oscillator, etc.) and using the kernel PLL (see above), the phase error between reference clock generator and local clock can be reduced to something of the order of a few hundred microseconds. NTP automatically compensates for the drift of the local clock.

NTP can be installed over firewalls and offers a range of security functions.



See RFC 5905 for further information.



13.4.3 SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol)

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) is a network protocol which was developed by the IETF in order to be able to monitor and control network elements from a central station. This protocol regulates the communication between the monitored devices and the monitoring station. SNMP describes the composition of the data packets which can be transmitted and the communication procedure. SNMP was designed in such a way that can be provided by SNMP include:

- Monitoring of network components
- Remote control and configuration of network components
- Fault detection and notification

Due to its simplicity, SNMP has become the standard which is supported by most management programmes. SNMP Versions 1 and 2c hardly offer any safety mechanisms. The safety mechanisms have been significantly expanded in the current Version 3.

Using description files, so-called MIB's (Management Information Base), the management programmes are able to represent the hierarchical structure of the data of any SNMP agent and to request data from them. In addition to the MIB's defined in the RFC's, every software and hardware manufacturer can define his own so-called private MIB's which reflect the special characteristics of his product.

13.4.4 TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol)

TCP and IP are generally used concurrently and thus the term TCP/IP has become established as the standard for both protocols.

IP is based on network layer 3 (layer 3) in the OSI Layer Model whereas TCP is based on layer 4, the transport layer. In other words, the expression TCP/IP signifies network communication in which the TCP transport mechanism is used to distribute or deliver data over IP networks. As a simple example: Web browsers use TCP/IP to communicate with web servers.

13.5 Accuracy & NTP Basic Principles



NTP is based on the Internet protocol. Transmission delays and errors as well as the loss of data packets can lead to unpredictable accuracy data and time synchronization effects.



NTP protocol neither defines nor guarantees the accuracy or correctness of the time server.

Thus the QoS (Quality of Service) used for direct synchronization with GPS or serial interface does not apply to synchronization via NTP.

In simplified terms, accuracies of between 1msec and 1sec can be expected, depending on the accuracies of the servers used.



The accuracy of IP-based time synchronization is depending on the following criteria:

- Characteristics and accuracy of the time server / time signal used
- Characteristics of the sub-network
- Characteristics and quality of the synchronization client
- The algorithm used

NTP has a variety of algorithms to equalise the possible characteristics of IP networks. Algorithms also exist to equalise the offset between reference time source and the local clock.

However, under some circumstances it is not possible to provide an algorithmic solution.

For example:

- Time servers which do not deliver <u>any</u> correct time cannot be detected at all. The only
 option available to NTP is to mark these time servers as FALSETICKERS in
 comparison to other time servers and to disregard them. However, this means that if
 only 2 time servers are configured, NTP has no way of determining the correctness of
 the individual times and clearly identifying which time is incorrect.
- 2. Asymmetries in the transmission between NTP servers and NTP clients can neither be measured nor calculated by NTP. NTP works on the assumption that the transmission path to the NTP server is exactly as long as the return path. The NTP algorithm can only filter out changes on a statistical basis. The use of several servers makes it possible for the combining algorithm to pick up and filter out any such errors. However, there is no possibility of filtering if this asymmetry is present on all or most of the NTP servers (faulty routing etc).
- 3. It goes without saying that the accuracy of the synchronised time cannot be better than the accuracy resolution of the local clock on the NTP server and NTP client.

With reference to the above mentioned error circumstances, the delivered **time offset** of the NTP should be considered to be at best the most favourable case and in no way to be a value that takes account of all possible errors.

In order to resolve this problem, NTP delivers the maximum possible error in relation to the offset. This value is designated as the synchronization distance ("LAMBDA") and is the sum of the **Root Dispersion** and half of the **Root Delay** of all NTP servers used. This value describes the worst possible case and thus the maximum error that can be expected.

Finally, please note that the user of the Time Server is responsible for the network conditions between the Time Server and the NTP clients.

As an example, we mention the case where a network has a delay of 500msec and an accuracy shift (asynchronization.) of 50msec occurs. The synchronised clients will therefore NEVER achieve accuracy values of one millisecond or even microseconds!

The accuracy value in the GENERAL tab of the WebGUI is designed to help the user to estimate the accuracy.



List of RFCs 14

- NTPv4 Protocol and Algorithms Specification (RFC 5905) .
- NTPv4 Autokey Specification (RFC 5906)
- **PPS API (RFC 2783)**
- DHCP (RFC 2131) .
- Time Protocol (RFC 868) •
- Daytime Protocol (RFC 867)
- HTTP (RFC 2616) .
- HTTPS (RFC 2818)
- SSH-2 (RFC 4250-4256, 4335, 4344, 4345, 4419, 4432, 4716, 5656) •
- TELNET (RFC 854-861)
- SNMPv2 (RFC 1213, RFC1901-1908)
- SNMPv3 (RFC 3410-3418)
- SYSLOG (RFC 5424) •
- SMTP (RFC 5321)



15 List of Open Source Packages Used

Third Party Software

The *hopf* Time Server 8029NTS/M includes a numerous of software packages subject to other license conditions. In case the use of such a software package might violate the licence conditions immediately after written notice it is ensured that the underlying licence conditions are met again.

If the underlying licence conditions relating to a specific software package require availability of the source code the package is provided electronically (email, download etc.) on requested.

The following table includes all used software packages with the applicable underlying software license conditions:

Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
boa	0.94.14rc21	GPL	v1+	No
busybox	1.18.5	GPL	v2	No
eeprog	0.7.6	GPL	v2+	No
ethtool	2.6.39	GPL	v2	No
i2c-tools	3.0.3	GPL	v2	No
libatomic_ops	1.2	GPL	v2	No
libdaemon	0.14	LGPL	v2.1	No
libelf	0.8.12	LGPL	v2	No
libevent	1.4.12	3-clause BSD	http://libevent.org/LICENSE.txt	No
libgcrypt	1.5.0	GPL	v2	No
libgpg-error	1.8	GPL	v2	No
libsysfs	2.1.0	LGPL	v2.1	No
libupnp	1.6.6	BSD	http://pupnp.sourceforge.net/LICENSE	No
libusb	1.0.8	LGPL	v2	No
linux	2.6.38.8	GPL	v2	No
Itrace	0.5.3	GPL	v2	No
Izo	2.05	GPL	v2	No
mii-diag	2.11	GPL		No
mini_httpd	1.19		<pre>Copyright © 1999,2000 by Jef Poskanzer <jef@mail.acme.com>. All rights reserved. Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met: 1. Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer. 2. Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution. THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE AUTHOR AND CONTRIBUTORS ``AS IS'' AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES,</jef@mail.acme.com></pre>	No

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Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
			INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE AUTHOR OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.	
mtd	1.4.6	GPL	v2	No
ncurses	5.7	Permissive free software licence	Copyright (c) 1998-2004,2006 Free Software Foundation, Inc. Permission is hereby granted, free of charge, to any person obtaining a copy of this software and associated documentation files (the "Software"), to deal in the Software without restriction, including without limitation the rights to use, copy, modify, merge, publish, distribute, distribute with modifications, sublicense, and/or sell copies of the Software, and to permit persons to whom the Software is furnished to do so, subject to the following conditions: The above copyright notice and this permission notice shall be included in all copies or substantial portions of the Software. THE SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED "AS IS", WITHOUT WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE ABOVE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY CLAIM, DAMAGES OR OTHER LIABILITY, WHETHER IN AN ACTION OF CONTRACT, TORT OR OTHERWISE, ARISING FROM, OUT OF OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SOFTWARE OR THE USE OR OTHER DEALINGS IN THE SOFTWARE. Except as contained in this notice, the name(s) of the above copyright holders shall not be used in advertising or otherwise to promote the sale, use or other dealings in this Software without prior written authorization.	No
netsnmp	5.6.1	BSD (more)	http://net-snmp.sourceforge.net/about/license.html	No
ntp	4.2.6p3	NTP	Copyright (c) University of Delaware 1992-2011 Permission to use, copy, modify, and distribute this software and its documentation for any purpose with or without fee is hereby granted, provided that the above copyright notice appears in all copies and that both the	Yes (6)

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Package name	Version	License	License details	Patches
			copyright notice and this permission notice appear in supporting documentation, and that the name University of Delaware not be used in advertising or Publicity pertaining to distribution of the software without specific, written prior permission. The University of Delaware makes no representations about the suitability this software for any purpose. It is provided "as is" without express or implied warranty.	
openssh	5.8p2	BSD		No
openssl	1.0.0d	Dual	http://www.openssl.org/source/license.html	No
readline	6.2	GPL	v3	No
setserial	2.17	GPL		No
strace	4.5.20	BSD		No
sudo	1.7.6p2	ISC-style	http://www.sudo.ws/sudo/license.html	No
uboot	2010.06	GPL	v2	No
uboot-tools	2011.03	GPL	v2	Yes (1)
uClibc	0.9.32	LGPL	v2.1	No
usbutils	003	GPL	v2	No
util-linux	2.19.1	GPL	v2	No
which	2.20	GPL	v3	No
zlib	1.2.5	Permissive free software licence	http://www.gzip.org/zlib/zlib_license.html	No